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# Company Profile

#### **Board Of Directors**

#### Chairman:

Mr. Mohammad Abdullah

#### **Chief Executive:**

Mr. Nadeem Abdullah

#### Director:

Mr. Shahid Abdullah

Mr. Amer Abdullah

Mr. Yousuf Abdullah

Mr. Nabeel Abdullah

Mr. Shayan Abdullah

#### **Independent Director:**

Mr. Nadeem Karamat

#### **Audit Committee**

#### Chairman:

Mr. Nadeem Karamat

#### Member:

Mr. Amer Abdullah

Mr. Yousuf Abdullah

Mr. Shayan Abdullah

#### **Human Resource**

#### & Remuneration Committee:

#### Chairman:

Mr. Nadeem Karamat

#### Member:

Mr. Amer Abdullah

Mr. Yousuf Abdullah

#### **Chief Financial Officer:**

Mr. Abdul Sattar

#### **Secretary:**

Mr. Zeeshan

#### **Auditors:**

E. Y Ford Rhodes,

Chartered Accountants

#### **Tax Consultants:**

Deloitte Yousuf Adil,

**Chartered Accountants** 

#### Legal Advisor:

A. K. Brohi & Company

#### Bankers:

Allied Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd.

United Bank Limited

Bank Alfalah Limited

Bank Al Habib Limited

Meezan Bank Limited

#### **Share Registrar:**

Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.

#### **Registered Office:**

212, Cotton Exchange Building,

I. I. Chundrigar Road,

Karachi.

#### Mills:

S. I. T. E. Kotri,

S. I. T. E. Nooriabad,

Chunian, District Kasur

Feroze Wattoan,

Bhubtian, Lahore.



#### Vision

To be one of the premier textile company recognized for leadership in technology, flexibility, responsiveness and quality.

Our customers will share in our success through innovative manufacturing, certifiable quality, exceptional services and creative alliances. Structured to maintain in depth competence and knowledge about our business, our customers and worldwide markets.

Our workforce will be the most efficient in industry through multiple skill learning, the fostering of learning and the fostering of teamwork and the security of the safest work environment possible recognised as excellent citizen in the local and regional community through our financial and human resources support and our sensitivity to the environment.

#### Mission

Our mission is to be recognised as premier supplier to the markets we serve by providing quality yarns, fabrics and other textile products to satisfy the needs of our customers.

Our mission will be accomplished through excellence in customer service, sales and manufacturing supported by teamwork of all associates.

We will continue our tradition of honesty, fairness and integrity in relationship with our customers, associates, shareholders, community and stakeholders.



### Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that 51st Annual General Meeting of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited will be held on Friday, October 25, 2019 at the Trading Hall, Cotton Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi at **03:45 p.m.** to transact the following business:

#### **Ordinary Business:**

- To confirm the minutes of last General Meeting.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts together with Chairman's, Directors' and Auditors' Reports for the year ended 30th June, 2019.
- 3. To approve and declare the final dividend.
- 4. To appoint auditors for the year ending 30th June 2020 and fix their remuneration. The present Auditors, M/s EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

#### **Special Business**

- 5. To approve by way of special resolution with or without modification the following resolutions in respect of related party transaction in terms of Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017:
  - A. "RESOLVED THAT the pursuant to section 208 of the Companies Act 2017, the shareholders' consent be and is hereby accorded to authorize Mr Nadeem Abdullah son of Mr Mohammad Abdullah holding CNIC No 42201-2771651-1, CEO of the company to enter into purchase agreement with Sapphire Retail Limited the 100% subsidiary of the company for the purchase of property located at 21, Block H Gulberg-II Lahore measuring 04-Kanal ,07 Marlas and 50- square Feet, including all benefits, rights, shares, privileges, deposits, easements, utilities, connections, appurtenant, enjoyed or attached to the said property and is authorized to pay purchase consideration and to apply to Competent Authority for the permission to assign/NOC/ transfer the said Property."
    - **"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** Mr Nadeem Abdullah holding CNIC No 42201-2771651-1, is hereby authorized to execute, admit and register the Conveyance Deed of the said Property and appear before competent Registration Authorities to complete all formalities for the purchase and transfer of the property in favour of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited, including receiving of original title documents and vacant peaceful physical possession of the said property."
  - **B.** (i) "RESOLVED THAT the related Parties transactions conducted during the year in which the majority of Directors are interested as disclosed in the note 42 of the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed."
    - (ii) "RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to approve the transactions to be conducted with Related Parties on case to case basis during the financial year ending June 30, 2020.
    - "FURTHER RESOLVED that transactions approved by Board shall be deemed to have been approved by the shareholders and shall be placed before the shareholders in the next Annual General Meeting for their formal ratification/approval."

#### **Any other Business**

6. To transact any other business with the permission of the chair.

(Attached to this Notice is a Statement of Material Facts covering the above-mentioned Special Business, as required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017).

By Order of the Board

Karachi Zeeshan
Dated: September 26, 2019 Company Secretary



#### **NOTE**

#### 1) Closure of share transfer books:

Share Transfer Books will remain closed and no transfer of shares will be accepted for registration from 19th October, 2019 to 25th October, 2019 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order, by the Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, 4th Floor, Karachi Chambers, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi, up to 18th October, 2019, will be considered in time for the payment of dividend.

#### 2) Participation in the Annual General Meeting:

A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint another member/any other person as his/her proxy to attend and vote.

- 3) Duly completed instrument of proxy, and the other authority under which it is signed, thereof, must be lodged with the secretary of the company at the company's registered office 212, Cotton Exchange Building, I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 4) Any change of address of members should be immediately notified to the company's share registrars, Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, 4th Floor, Karachi Chambers, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.
- 5) The CDC account holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

#### a) For attending the meeting:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his original computerized national identity card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.

#### b) For appointing proxies:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form accordingly.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC number shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of meeting.
- v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the company.
- 6) In compliance with regulatory directives issued from time to time, members who have not yet submitted copy of their valid CNIC/NTN are requested to submit the same to the Company, with members' folio number mentioned thereon for updating record.

#### 7) Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (Mandatory Requirement)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act and Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulation 2017, a listed company, is required to pay cash dividend to the shareholders ONLY through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. In this regard, Sapphire Textiles Mills Limited has already sent letters and Electronic Credit Mandate Forms to the shareholders.

Those shareholders who have still not provided their IBAN are once again requested to fill in "Electronic Credit Mandate Form" as reproduced below and send it duly signed along with a copy of valid CNIC to their respective CDC participant / CDC Investor account services (in case of shareholding in Book Entry Form) or to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, 4th Floor, Karachi Chambers, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi (in case of shareholding in Physical Form).



1.	Shareh olders' Detail	
	Name	
	Folio# / CDS Account No.	
	CNIC No. (Copy attached)	
	Mobile/ Landline No.	
2.	Shareholders' Bank Detail	
	Title of Bank Account	
	International Bank Account No.	
	(IBAN)	
	Bank's Name	
	Branch Name and Address	

In case of non-provision of IBAN, the Company will have to withhold the cash dividend according to SECP directives.

- 8) (i) The Government of Pakistan through Finance Act, 2019 effective July 01, 2019 had made certain amendments in section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 whereby, different rates are prescribed for deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the Companies. These tax rates are as under:
  - a) For filers of income tax returns: 15%
  - b) For non-filers of income tax returns: 30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 30%, all the shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Tax Payer List (ATL) provided on the website of Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL, otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 30% instead of 15%.

(ii) Further, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), with-holding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer'Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint-holder (s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts. In this regard all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar, in writing as follows:

			Principal	Share Holder	Joint	Holder(s)
Company Name	Folio / CDS Account #	Total Shares	Name and CNIC #	Share Holding Proportions (No of Shares)	Name and CNIC #	Share Holding Proportions (No of Shares)

The required information must reach our Share Registrar within 10 days of this notice, otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal shareholder and Joint Holder(s).

- (iii) The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or, Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective folio numbers.
- The Company shall provide video conference facility to its members for attending the Annual General Meeting at places other than the town in which general meeting is taking place, provided that if members, collectively holding 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, provide their consent to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 07 days prior to date of the meeting, the Company shall arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

In this regard, please fill the following form and submit to registered address of the Company 07 days before holding of the Annual General Meeting:

"I/We,	of	being a member of Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd, holder of	Ordinar
Shares as pe	r registered folio#	hereby opt for video conference facility at	
Signature of	Member		



#### Status of Investment under Clause 4(2) of the Companies (Investment in Associated Undertakings) Regulations, 2017

Company / Date of Resolution	Amount of Investment approved	Amount of Investment made to date	Reason
Sapphire Wind Power Company (SWPCL) Limited 17th February, 2014 & subsequently amended on 26th Oct, 2015	Collateral/security as may be required by the issuing bank to issue a Stand by Letter of Credit(SBLC) in PKR equivalent upto approximately USD 10 Million in order to secure certain obligations of SWPCL	Nil	This amount was amended in AGM held on 26th Oct, 2015 in order to secure the obligation of SWPCL in relation to the required balance of the Debt Service Reserve
Triconboston Consultancy Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCCPL), 27 <sup>th</sup> March 2017	By way of subscription in ordinary shares of PKR 10 (Pakistani Rupees Ten) each of TBCCPL in the PKR equivalent of up-to USD 46.5 Million from time to time over a period of two years.	Investment = USD 45.243 Million	STML has fully subscribed its share in accordance with the Sponsor Support Agreement signed between the Sponsors.
Triconboston Consultancy Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCCPL), 27 <sup>th</sup> March 2017	Security / collateral as may be required by the issuing banks in order for the same to issue standby letters of credit together with any replacement standby letters of credit in order to secure the equity amount up-to USD 16.3 Million (United States Dollars Sixteen Million Three Hundred Thousand);	Nil	STML has fully subscribed its share of equity (57.125%) upfront before Financial Close.
Triconboston Consultancy Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCCPL), 27 <sup>th</sup> March 2017	Security / collateral as may be required by the issuing banks in order for the same to issue debt service reserve standby letters of credit together with any replacement standby letters of credit in order to secure the amount up-to USD 24 Million (United States Dollars Twenty Four Million);	Nil	This amount was approved in the EOGM Dated 27 <sup>th</sup> March, 2017and is in the process of implementation as and when required.
Triconboston Consultancy Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCCPL), 27 <sup>th</sup> March 2017	Security / collateral as may be required by the issuing banks in order for the same to issue excess debt standby letters of credit together with any replacement standby letters of credit in order to secure the amount up-to USD 15 Million (United States Dollars Fifteen Million); and	Nil	This amount was approved in the EOGM Dated 27 <sup>th</sup> March, 2017and is in the process of implementation as and when required
Triconboston Consultancy Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCCPL), 27 <sup>th</sup> March 2017	To invest by way of loans and advances in the PKR equivalent upto USD 11.3 Million (United States Dollars Eleven Million Three Hundred Thousand) for a period of up-to five (5) years from the commercial operations date of the last of the three (approximately) 150MW wind power Pproject, and to arrange and deliver: (i) standby letters of credit together with any replacement standby letters of credit in order to secure the Available Contingency Commitment Amount, in favour of the agent/security trustee	SBLC = USD 11.3 Million	This amount of loan was approved in the EOGM Dated 27 <sup>th</sup> March, 2017and is in the process of implementation as and when required



#### Material Changes in Financial Statements of Associated Company

#### Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited

The Company is 70% owned by Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd and 30% by Bank Alfalah Limited. The Company has set up a wind farm with capacity of 52.80 MW at Jhimpir which started Commercial operations in Nov 2015 – the project is operating following best industry practices and is yielding satisfactory results.

#### **Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited**

Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited was incorporated under the laws of Pakistan and operating 3 projects having capacity of 50 MW each in Jhimpir Sindh. All the three projects have successfully commenced commercial operation in September, 2018. The project is operating following best industry practice and is yielding satisfactory results.

#### STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS UNDER SECTION 134 (3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

#### 1. Relating to Item Number 5 (A) of the notice – Purchased of Commercial property from Subsidiary

#### A. Details of Property to be Purchased

The commercial property located at 21, Block H, Gulberg-II Lahore measuring 04-Kanal, 07 Marlas and 50-square Feet comprising building along with fittings fixtures and utilities installed therein.

#### B. Proposed Manner of Purchase of Said Property

The Current Market Value as determined by the property appraiser.

#### C. Reasons for the purchase and Benefits Expected to Accrue to the Shareholders.

The main purpose of purchase of said property is for office use.

#### D. Relation with the seller

The Seller "Sapphire Retail Limited" is the 100% subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited.

#### E. Interest of Director or concerned persons

The directors are interested to the extent of common directorship and shareholding in the related party.

#### F. Time frame or duration of the transactions or contracts or arrangements

Mr. Nadeem Abdullah is to be authorized to complete all regulatory requirements for completion of transaction in the best interest of Company.

#### 2. Relating to Item Number 5 (B)(I) of the notice – Ratification and approval of the related party transactions

The Company carries out transactions with its associates and related parties in accordance with its policies, applicable laws, regulations and with approval of board of directors of the company. However, during the year since majority of the Company's Directors are interested in certain transactions (by virtue of being the shareholder or common directorship), therefore due to absent of requisite quorum for approval in Board of Directors meeting, these transactions are being placed for the approval by shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

All transactions with related parties to be ratified have been disclosed in the note 42 to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The company carries out transactions with its related parties on an arm's length basis as per the approved policy with respect to 'transactions with related parties' in the normal course of business and periodically reviewed by the Board Audit Committee. Upon the recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, such transactions are placed before the board of directors for approval.

Transactions entered into with the related parties include, but are not limited to, sale & purchase of goods, dividends paid and received, investments made (in accordance with the approval of shareholders and board where applicable) and sharing of common expenses.

The nature of relationship with these related parties has also been indicated in the note 42 to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.



3. Relating to Item Number 5 (B)(ii) of the notice Authorization for the Board of Directors to approve the related party transactions during the year ending June 30, 2020

The Company shall be conducting transactions with its related parties during the year ending June 30, 2020 on an arm's length basis as per the approved policy with respect to 'transactions with related parties' in the normal course of business. The majority of Directors are interested in these transactions due to their common directorship in the subsidiary / associated companies. In order to promote transparent business practices, the Board of Directors seeks authorization from the shareholders to approve transactions with the related parties from time-to-time on case to case basis for the year ending June 30, 2020 and such transactions shall be deemed to be approved by the Shareholders. The nature and scope of such related party transactions is explained above. These transactions shall be placed before the shareholders in the next AGM for their formal approval/ratification.



### Review Report by the Chairman

The Board of Directors is performing its duties in accordance with law and in the best interest of company and its shareholders. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors of **Sapphire Textile Mills Limited** is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company.

For the financial year ended June 30, 2019, the Board's overall performance and effectiveness has been assessed as Satisfactory. Which is based on an evaluation of integral components, including vision, mission and values; engagement in strategic planning; formulation of policies; monitoring the organization's business activities; monitor financial resource management; effective fiscal oversight; equitable treatment of all employees and efficiency in carrying out the Board's business.

Sapphire Textile Mills Limited Complies with all the requirements set out in the Law with respect to the composition, procedures and meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees. Necessary Board agenda and related supporting documents were duly made available to the board in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. The Board has exercised all its powers in accordance with relevant laws and regulation and the non- executive and independent directors are equally involved in important decisions of the board.

Lahore: Mohammad Abdullah
Dated: September 26, 2019 Chairman



# چیر مین کی جائز ہر پورٹ

کمپنی کے ڈائر بیٹران اپنے فرائض قانون کے مطابق اور حص یافتگان کے بہترین مفادات میں ادا کررہے ہیں۔سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملز لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بیٹرز کا سالانہ جائزہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ کے تحت کیا جاتا ہے۔اس جائزے کا مقصداس کوفیتنی بنانا ہے کہ بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اورافادیت کومپنی کے خص کردہ مقاصد کے تناظر میں پر کھا جاسکے۔

مالی سال برائے ۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۹ء کے لیے بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اورافادیت اطمینان بخش قرار پائی ہے۔ مجموعی جائزے کا اطمینان بخش ہونا ضروری اجزاء کے انفرادی جائزے پر منحصر ہے جن میں دوراندیشی، نصب العین اوراقد ار، حکمت عملی کے بنانے میں کردار، پالیسیز کی تشکیل، مشروری اجزاء کے انفرادی جائزے پر منحصر ہے جن میں ملازمین میں جاری کا در باری سرگرمیوں کی نگرانی ، مالیاتی وسائل کے انتظام کی نگرانی ، موثر مالی نگرانی ، بورڈ کے کاروبار کو پورا کرنے میں ملازمین کے ساتھ منصفانہ سلوک اور بورڈ کی سرگرمیوں کو انداز سے پورا کرنا شامل ہیں۔

سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملز بورڈ کی تشکیل، طریقہ کاراور بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹن کی میٹنگز کے سلسلے میں تمام قوانین کی پاس داری کرتا ہے۔ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز اوراس کی کمیٹی کی ملا قاتوں میں ایجنڈامع دیگر ضروری دستاویزات قبل از وقت فراہم کئے گئے۔ بورڈ ضروری سر گرمیوں اور ذمہ داریوں کوموثر طریقے سے انجام دینے کے لئے با قاعد گی سے ملاقات کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ نے اپنے تمام اختیارات کا استمال قانونی اور ریگولیشن کے مطابق کیا ہیاورنان ایگزیکٹواور آزادڈ ائر کیٹرز بھی اہم فیصلوں میں برابری کی بنیاد پر شامل ہوتے ہیں۔

لا ہور۔ 26ستمبر <u>2019ء</u> 25ستمبر <u>2019ء</u>



# Directors' Report to the Shareholders

The Directors of the Company have pleasure in submitting their Report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Financial Review**

The Company's financial results have been quite encouraging. The Summery of key financial numbers are presented below:

	(Rupees in	(Rupees in Thousand)	
	2019	2018	
Net turnover	34,252,752	28,896,327	
Gross Profit	5,405,733	3,536,240	
Profit from Operations	5,031,346	3,340,232	
Other Income	1,485,021	1,348,444	
Finance cost	(2,085,427)	(1,391,491)	
Profit before taxation	2,946,009	1,948,742	
Profit after taxation	2,559,440	1,595,059	

The Company's net turnover increased from Rs.28.896 billion in year ended 2018 to Rs.34.252 billion. Profit from operation crossed Rs.5 billion mark compared to Rs.3 billion in the previous year. The gross profit as a percentage of sales increased to 15.78% from 12.24% in the previous year. The increased profitability of the Company can be attributed to rationalization of energy prices for the export-oriented industry, currency adjustment, Company's continued emphasis on vertical integration and growth in sale of value-added products. The increase in interest rates is a challenge due to high cost of borrowing for working capital. The finance cost during the year increased to Rs.2.085 billion representing 6.09% of sales from Rs.1.391 billion representing 4.82% of sales in the previous year. Other income during the year was Rs.1.485 billion.

#### **Appropriation of Profit**

	Rupess In Thousand
Profit Before Taxation	2,946,009
Less: Taxation For the year Prior year Deferred	(402,681) 834 15,278 (386,569)
Profit after taxation	2,559,440
Loss on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits - net of tax	(7,971)
Add: Unappropriated profit brought forward	13,664,652 16,216,121
Appopriations Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2018 (160% i.e Rs.16 per share)	(321,330)
Unappropriated Profit Carried Forward	15,894,791
Subsequent Effects Proposed Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2019	(522,162)
	15,372,629



#### **Earnings per Share**

The earnings per share for the year ended June 30, 2019 is Rs. 127.44 as compared to Rs. 79.42 for last year ended June 30, 2018.

#### Dividend

The Board of Directors of the company is pleased to recommend a cash dividend of 260% i.e. Rs. 26 per share for the year ended June 30, 2019. (2018: 160%).

#### **Right Shares**

The Board of Directors approved 8% right shares at Rs.400 (including premium of Rs.390) per share in proportion of 8 shares for every 100 shares held by the shareholder.

#### **Future Prospects**

Management is optimistic about future performance of the Company. The Company is continuing to invest in value addition and more vertical integration. The Company has also worked on energy efficiency which is helping in optimization of energy cost. Pakistan is becoming very competitive in textile sector. In addition, due to improved perception of Pakistan in the international market, rationalization of energy cost and support from the Government in the form of availability of working capital / CAPEX loans on reduced markup cost and fair duty drawbacks; the industry competitiveness has been enhanced. The biggest challenge which needs to be addressed is the need to increase the size of cotton crop.

The Company's investment in energy business is expected to yield healthy return. Investments in stock market is also expected to yield good return as in coming years' market is expected to recover from its lowest level.

#### **Subsidiaries of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited**

There are six (6) subsidiaries out of which four (4) are 100% equity owned by Sapphire Textile Mills Limited. The brief of each subsidiary is as follows:

#### 1. Sapphire Retail Limited

Sapphire Retail Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited. The principal business of subsidiary is to operate "Sapphire brand" retail outlets for sale of textile and other products.

#### 2. Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited

The Company is 70% owned by Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd and 30% by Bank Alfalah Limited. The Company has set up a wind farm with capacity of 52.80 MW at Jhimpir Sindh which started Commercial operations in November 2015 – the project is operating following best industry practices and is yielding satisfactory results.

#### 3. Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited

Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited is incorporated under the laws of Pakistan and operating 3 projects having capacity of 50 MW each in Jhimpir Sindh. All the three projects have successfully commenced commercial operation in September, 2018.

#### 4. Sapphire Renewables Limited

Sapphire Renewables Limited, is wholly owned subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited, incorporated on May 30, 2016. The main business of the company is to make investment in Renewable Energy Projects.

#### 5. Sapphire Tech (Pvt.) Limited

The subsidiary is established to setup electric power generation project and sell electric power. It is 100% equity owned. The shareholders of the holding company have approved to liquidate or sell the company in annual general meeting held on October 26, 2015. The management is in the process of evaluating best option in light of above resolution.



#### 6. Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited

Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited is wholly owned subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited. The shareholders of the holding company have approved to liquidate or sell the company in annual general meeting held on October 26, 2015. The management is in the process of evaluating best option in light of above resolution.

#### **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors comprises of eight (8) Directors, all male.

During the Year Four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The number of meetings attended by each Director is given hereunder:

Name Category		No of Meetings
Mr. Nadeem Abdullah	Executive Director	4
Mr. Nabeel Abdullah	Executive Director	4
Mr. Mohammad Abdullah	Non-Executive Director	4
Mr. Shahid Abdullah	Non-Executive Director	4
Mr. Amer Abdullah	Non-Executive Director	2
Mr. Yousuf Abdullah	Non-Executive Director	4
Mr. Shayan Abdullah	Non-Executive Director	4
Mr. Nadeem Karamat	Independent Director	3

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee held Four (4) meetings during the year. Attendance by each member were as follows:

Name	No of Meetings
Mr. Amer Abdullah	2
Mr. Yousuf Abdullah	4
Mr. Nadeem Karamat	3
Mr. Shayan Abdullah *	1

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Shayan Abdullah has been appointed as member of Audit Committee in half yearly Board Meeting.

#### **Human Resource & Remuneration Committee**

The Board of Directors of the Company in compliance to the Code of Corporate Governance has formed a Human Resource & Remuneration Committee comprise of Mr. Nadeem Karamat as Chairman, Mr. Amer Abdullah and Mr. Yousuf Abdullah as members. During the year one (1) meeting was held.

#### **Directors Remuneration**

The remuneration of the Board members is approved by the Board itself. However, in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance, it is ensured that no Director takes part in deciding his own remuneration. The Company does not pay remuneration to non-executive directors except fee for attending the meetings to independent director.

#### Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Frame Work

The Board of Directors periodically reviews the Company's strategic direction. Business plans and targets are set by the Chief



Executive and reviewed by the Board. The Board is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The Board has reviewed the Code of Corporate Governance and confirms that:

- a) The financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017. These present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, its cash flows and its changes in equity.
- b) The company has maintained proper books of accounts.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- e) The system of internal control, which was in place, is being continuously reviewed by the internal audit and has been effectively implemented. The process of review and monitoring continues with the object to improve it further.
- f) All liabilities in regard to the payment on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges have been fully provided and will be paid in due course or where claim was not acknowledged as debt the same are disclosed as contingent liabilities in the notes to the accounts.
- g) There are no doubts about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- h) There has been no material departure from the best practice of Corporate Governance.
- i) The key operating and financial data and key ratios of six years are annexed.
- j) The Company is operating Employees' Provident Fund for its eligible employees. The value of investment of the fund as on June 30, 2019 is Rs.275.638 million.
- k) Following trade in the shares of the Company were carried out by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief financial Officer, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children.

		Gifted by Ms. Shireen Shahid to Mr. Hassan Abdullah
1,000	Shares	Share Purchased by Mrs.Shamshad Begum

#### **Code of Conduct**

The code of conduct has been developed and has been communicated and acknowledged by each Director and Employee of the company.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

The Company has fully complied with the best practices on transfer pricing as contained in the listing regulation of stock exchange in Pakistan. The transactions with related parties were carried out at arm's length prices determined in accordance with the comparable uncontrolled prices method.

During the year, the Company carried out transactions with its related parties. Details of these transactions are disclosed in note 42 to unconsolidated financial statements attached therein.

Details of pertinent related party transactions are placed before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, the same are placed before the Board of Directors for review and approval in accordance with regulatory requirements.



#### Corporate Environment, Health & Social Responsibility

The Company maintains working conditions which are safe and without risk to the health of all employees and public at large. Our focus remains on improving all aspects of safety especially with regards to the safe, production, delivery, storage and handling of the materials. Your company always ensures environment preservation and adopts all possible means for environment protection.

We maintain our commitment to raise the educational, health and environment standards of the community & made generous donations for health, education and social welfare projects as reported in Note no. 35.

#### **Auditors**

The present Auditors, M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants will retire in Annual General Meeting and being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment. The Board of Directors on recommendation of Audit Committee, proposes the appointment of M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2020.

#### Pattern of Shareholding

The Pattern of shareholding of the company as at June 30, 2019 is annexed. This statement is prepared in accordance with section 227 (2) (f) of the Companies Act, 2017.

#### **Subsequent Events**

Sapphire Textile Mills Limited has incorporated 100% subsidiary in Denmark on 27 August 2019. The main purpose of the subsidiary company is to trade in textiles and other related activities.

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and the date of this report.

#### Acknowledgment

The Management would like to place on record its appreciation for the support of Board of Directors, regulatory authorities, shareholders, customers, financial institutions, suppliers and dedication and hard work of the Staff and Workers.

On behalf of the Board

Lahore Dated: September 26, 2019 NADEEM ABDULLAH
CHIEF EXECUTIVE

MOHAMMAD ABDULLAH
DIRECTOR

#### بعد کے واقعات

سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ نے27 اگست 2019 کوڈنمارک میں100 فیصد ہولڈنگ سبسیڈ بیئری اندراج کرائی ہے۔ ماتحت نمپنی کا بنیا دی مقصد ٹیکسٹائل اور دیگر متعلقہ سرگرمیوں میں تجارت کرنا ہے۔

کمپنی کے مالی سال کے اختیام اور اس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے مابین ، کمپنی کی مالی حیثیت کومتاثر کرنے والی کوئی خاص تبدیلی یا وعد نے ہیں ہوئے ہیں۔

# شكرگزاري

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مینجمنٹ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزر یگولیٹری اتھارٹیز شیر ہولڈرز ٔ صارفین مالیاتی اداروں ٔ سیلائیرز کے تعاون اور عملہ اور ورکرز کی بےلوث خدمات کوسراہتے ہوئے ریکارڈ میں درج کرنا جا ہتی ہے۔

# منجانب بورد

لا ہور۔ محمد عبداللہ ندیم عبداللہ مرد ندیم عبداللہ مور خد 20 متبر 2019ء (چیف ایگزیکٹر) (چیف ایگزیکٹیو)



# كورًآ ف كندكث (ضابطه اخلاق)

کوڈ آف کنڈ کٹ عمل میں لایا گیااور کمپنی کے ہر ڈائز یکٹراور ملاز مین سے تسلیم کرایا گیا۔

# ريلييڈ يارٹی ٹرانز يكشنز

کمپنی نے اسٹاک ایکس چینج آف پاکتان کے لسٹنگ ریگولیشن میں درج منتقلی کے اخراجات پرعمدہ عملدرآ مد کے ساتھ تیمیل کی ہے۔ ریلیٹر پارٹیوں کے ساتھ ٹرانز بیشنز آرم لینتھ، بلاکنٹرول قیمتوں کے طریقہ کار کے مقابلہ میں طے شدہ قابل قبول نرخوں پر کئے گئے۔
رواں سال میں کمپنی نے ریلیٹ پارٹی کے ساتھ ٹرانز بیشنز کی ہیں جس کی تفصیل سنگل اکا ؤنٹ کے نوٹ نمبر 42 میں درج ہیں۔
معتبر ریلیٹ پارٹی کی لین دین کے بارے میں تفصیلات آڈٹ کمیٹی کے سامنے پیش کی جاتی ہے۔ ریگولیٹری ضروریات کے مطابق آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارشات کو جائز ہے کے لئے بورڈ کو پیش کیا جاتا ہے۔

# كاربوريث ماحول صحت اورساجي ذمه داريال

کمپنی نے کام کی صورتحال ایسی رکھی ہے جو تمام ملاز مین اور بڑے پیانہ پرعوام کیلئے محفوظ اور صحت کے خدشہ سے پاک ہے ہماری پوری توجہ تمام پہلووں کو بہتر بنانے پر مرکوز ہے خصوصاً تحفظ پروڈکشن ڈیلیور کی اسٹور تج اور سامان کی نقل وحمل میں تحفظ کے ضمن میں ۔ آ کیا کمپنی ہمیشہ ماحول کے تحفظ اور ماحولیاتی تحفظ کیلئے تمام ممکنہ اقد امات اختیار کرنے کویقنی بناتی ہے۔ ہم تعلیم صحت اور کمیونٹی کے ماحولیاتی معیار کو بلند کرنے کاعزم رکھتے ہیں اور صحت تعلیم اور ساجی بہود کے منصوبوں کیلئے عطیات دیتے ہیں جسکی تفسیل نوٹ نمبر 35 میں دی ہوئی ہیں۔

### آ ڈیٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرز EY Ford Rhodes) کی جالانہ جزل اجلاس کے اختتام پر سبکدوش موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرز EY جن اجلاس کے اختتام پر سبکدوش ہوجائیں گے۔اور وہ اپنی دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے خدمات پیش کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش پر میسرز EY) Ford Rhodes چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹینٹس) کوآڈیٹر کے طور پر 30 جون 2020ء کے آڈٹ کے لئے تجویز پیش کی ہے۔

# شيئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ کار

30 جون 2019ء کو کمپنی کی شیئر ہولڈنگ کا طریقہ کا رمنسلک ہذاہے۔ یہ گوشوارہ سیشن(f)(2)(2) کمپنیزا کیٹ مجریہ 2017ء کے مطابق تیار کیا گیاہے۔

# کار پوریٹ وفنانشل رپورٹنگ فریم ورک پر گوشوارہ

بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز مقررہ مدت میں کمپنی کی حکمت عملی کا جائزہ لیتا ہے۔ برنس پلان اور ہدوف چیف ایگزیکٹیو طے کرتے ہیں اور بورڈ جائزہ لیتا ہے۔ بورڈ نے اعلیٰ درجہ کی کارپوریٹ گورنینس قائم رکھنے کا تہیہ کررکھا ہے۔ بورڈ نے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کا جائزہ لیااورتصدیق کی ہے کہ:

- ا) مالیاتی گوشوارےاوران پرنوٹس کمپینزا کیٹ مجربہ 2017ء کے مطابق بنائے گئے ہیں۔ بیامور کارکردگی کے نتائج نقد کے لین دین اورا کیوٹی میں تبدیلی کے بارے میں شفاف صورتحال پیش کرتے ہیں۔
  - ۲) کمپنی نے اکاؤنٹس کی با قاعدہ کتب بنائی ہوئی ہیں۔
  - ۳) مالياتي گوشواروں كى تيارى ميں موزوں ا كاؤنٹنگ ياليسياں اختيار كى گئى ہيں اور مالياتی تخيينے موزوں اور منصفانہ بنيادوں ير ہيں۔
- ۳) پاکستان میں نافذ العمل انٹرنیشنل اکاؤنٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈ ز مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بروئے عمل لائے گئے ہیں۔اوران سے کسی قسم کی پہلوتہی کامناسب انکشاف اورتشریح کی گئی ہے۔
- ۵) انٹرنل کنٹرول کانظام رائج ہے اور انٹرنل آڈٹ جائزہ لیاجا تا ہے جس پرموثر طور پرعملدر آمد ہوتا ہے۔ جائزہ نگرانی کامسلس عمل اس کومزید بہتر بنانے کیلئے ہے۔
  - ۲) شکس ڈیوٹیوں واجبات کی مدمیں ادائیگی کے ممن میں تمام واجب الا دارقوم ممل طور پر فراہم کر دی گئی ہیں اورجلدادا کر دی جائیں گی یا جہاں طلب نہیں کی گئی ہے وہاں کٹوتی کر کے اکا وُنٹس کے نوٹس میں عارضی ادائیکیوں میں ظاہر کر دی گئی ہیں۔
    - کمینی کے برقرار رہنے اور مسلسل کام کرنے کی اہلیت میں کوئی شبز ہیں۔
    - ۸) کارپوریٹ گورنینس پر بہترین عملدر آمد کوئی ٹھوس فروگز داشت نہیں ہوئی۔
      - ٩) چهسال کافنانشل ژینا' خاص آپریٹنگ اور خاص ریشوز منسلک بذاہیں۔
- 10) کمپنی نے عملہ کیلئے ایمپلائز پراویڈنٹ فنڈ بھی متعارف کرایا ہوا ہے۔ پراویڈنٹ فنڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کی مالیت 30 جون 2019ء کو 275.638 ملین رویے تک ہوگئی ہے۔
- اا) ڈائر کیٹرز' چیف ایگز کیٹیوآ فیسز' چیف فنانشل آفیسز' کمپنی سیریٹری' ان کے اہل خانہ اور نابالغ بچوں نے کمپنی کے قصص کا مندرجہ ذیل کاروبار کیا۔

950,000 shares محتر مة ميرين شايد نے حسن عبدالله صاحب کو تخفے ميں ديے

1,000 shares خریدے محترمة شمشاد بیگم نے shares



بورد آف دائر يكرز

بورد آف ڈائر کیٹرز آٹھ(8) ڈائر کیٹرز پر شتل ہے۔ (تمام مرد)

سال رواں کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے جار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔فی ڈائر کیٹرا جلاس میں شرکت کی تفصیل حسب ذیل ہے:

اجلاس کی تعداد	فثم	نام
4	ا گَیزیکثیوڈ ائر پکٹر	جناب نديم عبدالله
4	ا یکزیکثیوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب <sup>ن</sup> يب <i>ل عبدا</i> لله
4	نان ایگزیکشود انریکشر	جناب <i>محم عبد</i> الله
4	نان ایگزیکشود انریکشر	جناب شا <i>مرعبد</i> الله
2	نان ایگزیکشود انزیکشر	جناب عا <i>مرعبد</i> الله
4	نان ایگزیکشود انزیکشر	جناب بوسف عبدالله
4	نان ایگزیکشود انزیکشر	جناب شايا <i>ن عبدالله</i>
3	خودمختار ڈائر یکٹر	جناب نديم كرامت

# آ ڈٹ سمیٹی

سال رواں کے دوران آڈٹ میٹی کے حیار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ فی ممبر شرکت کی تفصیل حسب ذیل ہے:

اجلاس کی تعداد	نام
2	جناب عامر <i>ع</i> بدالله
4	جناب يوسف عبدالله
3	جناب نديم كرامت
1	جناب ثايان عبدالله *

# افرادى قوت اورمشاهيره تميثي

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کی تغییل میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے ایک افرادی قوت ومشاہیرہ کمیٹی تشکیل دی ہے جس میں جناب ندیم کرامت کوبطور چیئر مین، جناب عامر عبداللہ اور جناب بوسف عبداللہ بطور ممبرز ہیں۔سال روال کے دوران (1) اجلاس منعقد ہوا ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹر کامعاوضہ

بورڈممبران کے معاوضے کا تعین بورڈ کی طرف سے خود کیا جاتا ہم کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گوورننس کے مطابق ، پیقینی بنایا جاتا ہے کہ کوئی بھی ڈائر یکٹراپنے معاوضے کے تعین کے عمل میں خود شریک نہ ہوں کمپنی نان ایگز یکٹیوڈ ائر یکٹرز کوکوئی معاوضہ ادانہیں کرتی ، ما سوائے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کی فیس کے جوخود مختارڈ ائر یکٹر کودی جاتی ہے۔

کیاس کی فصل کی پیداوار کو بڑھانا ہے۔

کمپنی کی سرمایدکاری انرجی کے شعبے سے اچھا منافع کی متوقع ہے۔ کمپنی اسٹاک مارکیٹ میں آنے والے سالوں میں سرمایدکاری سے اچھا منافع اور مارکیٹ کی اپنی نجل سطے سے بہالی کے لئے متوقع ہے۔

# سيفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی سبسیڈ سیاں

کمپنی کی چیر(6)سبیڈ ریال ہیں جن میں سے چار (4)سیفائر ٹیکٹائل مزلمیٹڈ کی سوفیصدا کییوٹی ملکیت ہیں۔تمام سبیڈریوں کامختصر جائزہ مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

# 1- سيفائرريٹيل لميٹر

سیفائر بیٹیل کمیٹڈ سیفائر ٹیکٹائل ملزلمیٹڈی کممل ملکیت کی سبسیڈ ئیری ہے۔اس سبسیڈ بیزی کااہم کاروبارٹیکٹائل اور دیگر مصنوعات کی فروخت کیلئے''سیفائر برانڈ'' میٹیل آؤٹ لیٹس چلانا ہے۔

# 2-سىفائرونڈ ياور نمپنى لميٹڈ

کمپنی 7 فیصد سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی ملکیت اور 3 فیصد بنک الفلاح لمیٹڈ کی ملکیت ہے۔ کمپنی نے جھمپیر میں 80.50 میگاواٹ کی گنجائش کے ونڈ فارم لگائے ہیں جنہوں نے نومبر 2015ء میں تجارتی سرگرمیاں شروع کردی ہیں۔ پروجیکٹ بہترین صنعتی عمل انجام دے رہا ہے اور اطمینان بخش نتائج حاصل ہورہے ہیں۔

# 3- ٹرائیکون بوسٹن کنسلٹنگ کارپوریشن (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹٹر

ٹرائیکون بوسٹن کنسلٹنگ کار پوریش (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹر جھمپیر سندھ میں پاکستانی قوانین کے تحت تشکیل پائی ہےاور 3X50میگاواٹ ونڈانر جی کے(3) پروجیکٹس چلار ہی ہے۔ تینوں پروجیکٹ کی تجارتی سرگرمیاں ستمبر 2018 سے کامیابی کے ساتھ شروع ہوگئ ہیں۔

### 4\_سيفائررينو يبلزلميڻڙ

سیفائز رینو ببلزلمیٹڈ ککمل طور پر سیفائز ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی ملکیتی سبسیڈ بیزی ہے جو 30مئی 2016ء کوتشکیل ہوئی تھی۔ کمپنی کا اصل کا روبار رینو ببل انر جی پر دجیکٹس میں سر ماییکاری ہے۔

# 5-سىفائر ئىك (پرائيويىك)لمىيىڭە

سبیڈ یئری الیکٹرک پاور جزیشن پروجیکٹ اور بجل کی فروخت کیلئے قائم کی گئی۔ بیسو فیصدا یکیوٹی کی ملکیت ہے۔ ہولڈنگ کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرز نے سالا ندا جلاس عام منعقدہ 26 اکتوبر 2015ء میں کمپنی کی تحلیل یا فروخت کی منظوری دی ہے۔ اس ضمن میں مینجنٹ بہترین آپشن کا جائزہ لینے کے ممل میں ہے۔

# 6-سىفائرسولر(ىرائيوىك)لمىشد

سیفائر سولر (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ سیفائر ٹیکٹائل ملز لمیٹڈ کی کلمل ملکیتی سبیڈ بیڑی ہے۔ بیسو فیصد ایکیوٹی ملکیت ہے۔ ہولڈنگ کمپنی کے ثیئر ہولڈرز نے سالانہ اجلاس عام منعقدہ 2016 توبر 2015ء میں کمپنی کی تحلیل یا فروخت کی منظوری دی ہے۔ اس ضمن میں مینجمنٹ بہترین آپشن کا جائزہ لینے کے ممل میں ہے۔



روپے (ہزاروں میں )	منافع کے حصول
2,946,009	منافع قبل از کیکسیشن پی
(386,569)	<b>ئيس جات:</b> ئيس ئيس
2,559,440	منافع بعداز ثيكس
(7,971)	عمله کے ریٹائر منٹ مراعات پرنظر ثانی
	میں اضافیہ شیکس کےعلاوہ
13,664,652	مزید:غیرتخمینه منافع آ کے بڑھانا
16,216,121	
	تفصيلات
(321,330)	30 جون\$ 201 ء كومكمل ہو نیوالےسال
	حتمی ڈیویڈیٹر(160 فیصد یعنی-/16 رویے فی حصص)
	بعد کے واقعات:
	30 جون2019ء کومکمل ہو نیوالےسال
(522,162)	مجوزه ختی نفته ژبویژنند
15,372,629	غیر خمینه منافع _ آ گے بڑھا نا
	و تصریب بر

### في خصص آمدني

30 جون 2019ء کو کممل ہونے والے سال کیلئے فی حصص آمد نی 127.44 روپ ہے جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں فی حصص آمد نی گزشتہ 30 جون 2018ء میں79.42روپے تھی۔

# منافعمنقسمه

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے 30 جون 2019ء کو کمل ہونے والے سال کیلئے -/26 روپے بیٹنی 260 فیصد صص نقد منافہ منظمہ کی سفارش کی ہے (\*2018: 160%)

# منصفانهص

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے 8 فیصد منصفانہ تصص کی منظوری 400روپے (جس میں 390روپے فی تصص پر یمیم شامل ہے) دی ہے۔جو کہ ہر 100 حصص پر 8 حصص کے صاب سے ہے۔

# آئنده كالائحمل

ا تظامیہ کمپنی کے متعقبل کی کارکردگی کے بارے میں پرامیدہے۔ کمپنی ویلیوایڈیشن اور عمودی انضام میں سرمایہ کاری جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ کمپنی نے بجلی کی بچت پر بھی کام کیا جو بجلی کی لاگت کو بہتر بنانے میں مدوفرا ہم کر رہی ہے۔ ٹیکٹائل کے شعبے میں پاکستان بہت مسابقتی ہوتا جارہا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ ، بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ میں پاکستان کے بارے میں بہتر تاثر کی وجہ ہے ، بجلی کی لاگت میں کمی اور گورنمنٹ کی جمایت ، کم شرح سود پر APEX قرض کی دستیا بی کام چلانے کے سے میں پاکستان کے بارے میں بہتر تاثر کی وجہ ہے ، بجلی کی لاگت میں صنعت کی مسابقت بڑھ گئی ہے۔ سب سے بڑا چیلنج جس برتوجہ دینے کی ضرورت ہے وہ کے لئے سرمایہ اور مناسب ; Duty Drawbacks کی صورت میں صنعت کی مسابقت بڑھ گئی ہے۔ سب سے بڑا چیلنج جس برتوجہ دینے کی ضرورت ہے وہ



# ڈائر یکٹرزیورٹ برائے صص یافتگان

ڈائر کیٹرز30 جون <u>201</u>9ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے سالانہ آڈٹ کردہ مالیاتی اسٹیٹمنٹ بمعدا پنی رپورٹ نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ پیش کرتے ہیں۔

# مالياتي جائزه:

سمینی کے مالی نتائج کافی حوصلہ افزارہے ہیں۔اس سال کے اہم مالیاتی نمبر درج ذیل ہیں:

30 بون 2018	30 بحن 2019	
	رقم ہزاروں میں	
28,896,327	34,252,752	نىيە ك <b>ل ف</b> روخت
3,536,240	5,405,733	مجموعى منافع
3,340,232	5,031,346	آ پریشن ہے منافع
1,348,444	1,485,021	دیگرذ رائع سے آمدنی
(1,391,491)	(2,085,427)	سود کی لاگت
1,948,742	2,946,009	قبل از عمیس منافع
1,595,059	2,559,440	بعداز ٹیکس منافع

کمپنی کی نیٹ کل فروخت سال 2018 کے اختتام پر28.896 بلین روپ سے بڑھ کر252 کہ بلین روپ رہی۔ پچھلے سال کے 3.3 بلین کے مقابلے میں آپریشن سے منافع 5.03 بلین روپ سے تجاوز کر گیا۔ فروخت پر مجموعی منافع چھلے سال کے حساب میں 12.24 فیصد سے بڑھ کر 15.78 فیصد ہوگیا۔ کمپنی کے بڑھے ہوئے منافع کا سبب برآمدی صنعتوں کے لئے بجلی کی قیمتوں میں عقلی جواز ، کرنی میں ایڈجسٹمنٹ، عمودی انضام پر کمپنی کا مستقل زوراور ویلیوایڈ ڈمصنوعات کی فروخت میں اضافہ ہیں۔ قرض پر شرح شود کے اضافہ کی وجہ سے کاروباری سرمایہ کاری کو کرنا ایک چیلئے ہے۔ اس سال کے دوران سود کی لاگت 2.085 بلین روپ ہوگئی جوفروخت کا 6.09 فیصد ہے جبکہ پچھلے سال سرمایہ کاری کورنا ایک چیلئے میں جوفروخت کا 4.828 فیصد تھے جبکہ پچھلے سال سے دوران کے دوران کے دوران دیگر ذرائع سے آمدنی 1.485 بلین روپے رہی۔



# Six Years Growth at a Glance

YEARS		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
				(Rupee	s in Million) -		
Sales		34,252.75	28,896.33	25,583.98	23,110.56	23,315.33	25,411.30
Gross Profit		5,405.73	3,536.24	2,677.82	2,562.57	2,607.73	2,788.03
Profit Before Tax		2,946.01	1,948.74	2,975.36	1,736.72	1,178.39	1,270.21
Profit After Tax		2,559.44	1,595.06	2,721.75	1,448.21	1,034.15	983.40
Share Capital		200.83	200.83	200.83	200.83	200.83	200.83
Shareholder's Equity		16,382.08	16,022.25	16,994.75	14,903.98	14,370.18	13,340.62
Fixed Assets - Net		12,712.10	11,449.11	10,609.98	9,559.60	8,920.46	8,247.40
Total Assets		44,211.79	42,330.15	42,415.54	31,800.66	28,087.80	22,050.55
DIVIDEND - Cash	%	260.00	160.00	140.00	140.00	100.00	100.00
RATIOS: Profitability							
Gross Profit	%	15.78	12.24	10.47	11.09	11.18	10.97
Profit Before Tax Profit After Tax	% %	8.60 7.47	6.74 5.52	11.63 10.64	7.51 6.27	5.05 4.44	5.00 3.87
Return To Shareholders							
R.O.E-Before Tax	%	17.98	12.16	17.51	11.65	8.20	9.52
R.O.E After Tax	%	15.62	9.96	16.02	9.72	7.20	7.37
Basic E.P.S-After Tax	Rs.	127.44	79.42	135.52	72.11	51.49	48.97
Activity							
Sales To Total Assets	Times	0.77	0.68	0.60	0.73	0.83	1.15
Sales To Fixed Assets	Times	2.69	2.52	2.41	2.42	2.61	3.08
Liquidity/Leverage							
Current Ratio		1.14:1	1.18:1	1.19:1	1.20:1	1.18:1	1.40:1
Debt Equity Ratio	Times	0.75	0.80	0.78	0.45	0.35	0.18
Total Liabilities to Equity.	Times	1.70	1.64	1.50	1.13	0.95	0.65
Break up value per share	Rs.	815.71	797.80	846.22	742.11	715.53	664.27



# Independent Auditor's Review Report

# To the members of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2019 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provision of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were taken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Lahore Dated: 26th September, 2019

EY Ford Rhodes
Chartered Accountants



# Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies

(Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

Name of Company **SAPPHIRE TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED** year ended June 30, 2019.

The company has applied the principles contained in the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 08 as per the following:

a. Male: 08b. Female: Nil

2. The composition of the Board is as follows

Category	Names
Independent Directors(*)	Mr.Nadeem Karamat
Executive Directors	Mr. NadeemAbdullah Mr. NabeelAbdullah
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Mohammad Abdullah Mr. Shahid Abdullah Mr. Amer Abdullah Mr. Yousuf Abdullah Mr. Shayan Abdullah

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Board of Directors ensured that by June 30, 2019, at least half of the directors on its boards have acquired the prescribed certification under approved director training program.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.



- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
  - a) Audit Committee
    - Mr. Nadeem Karamat (Chairman)
    - Mr. YousufAbdullah (Member)
    - Mr. Amer Abdullah (Member)
    - Mr. Shayan Abdullah (Member)
  - b) HR and Remuneration Committee
    - Mr. Nadeem Karamat (Chairman)
    - Mr. Amer Abdullah (Member)
    - Mr. Yousuf Abdullah (Member)
- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/yearly) of the committee were as per following:
  - a) Audit Committee [Quarterly]
  - b) HR and Remuneration Committee [yearly]
- 15. The Board has set up an effective Internal Audit Function.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the Partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board

Lahore MOHAMMAD ABDULLAH
Dated: 26th September, 2019 CHAIRMAN CHIEF EXECUTIVE



# Independent Auditors' Report

To the members of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited Report on the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the 'separate financial statements') and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2019 and of the profit, comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

#### Key audit matters:

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### 1. Stock in trade

The Company has a composite textile set-up comprising spinning, weaving, processing and home textile units. Therefore its stock in trade includes various inventory items including cotton, yarn and fabric categorized into raw materials, work in process and finished goods based on the processes of respective units where these are being utilized / produced. These are stored at various geographically dispersed locations.

Stock in trade as at 30 June 2019 amounted to Rs. 7.482 billion comprising a significant percentage (17%) of the Company's total assets.

Due to the above factors, significant auditor attention is required in auditing of inventory balances and transactions during the year and hence considered a Key Audit Matter.

We gained an understanding of the management's process of recording and valuing inventories.

We tested controls over the Company's processes of inventory purchases and issuance.

We attended inventory counts and reconciled the count results to inventory listings at the year end.

We performed substantive procedures over purchases recorded during the year.

We tested the valuation of inventory items in accordance with Company's policy (weighted average) and international accounting standards.

We assessed the appropriateness of basis of allocation of factory overheads to closing work in process and finished goods.

#### 2. Adoption of IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

As referred to in note 4.1 to the accompanying financial statements, IFRS 9, Financial Instruments was applicable for the first time for the preparation of

We identified the Company's financial instruments from its financial statements and obtained management's assessment of their classification into relevant categories of IFRS 9.



the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

As disclosed in note 47.5, the Company has significant amount of financial assets and liabilities classified under different categories i.e.; debt instruments at amortized cost, debt and equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial liabilities at amortized cost. These instruments are subject to different initial recognition, subsequent measurement and disclosure requirements based on their respective categorization.

Adoption of IFRS 9 required significant audit attention as this involved assessment of the appropriate classification of the financial instruments into their respective categories based on their underlying characteristics and business model of the entity as well as compliance of the transition and disclosure requirements.

We assessed the purpose of acquiring the financial assets and management's intention of holding these in order to ascertain the business model of the respective portfolios to ensure their appropriate classification.

We reviewed the transition requirements of IFRS 9 and ensured that the method of retrospective application adopted by management is in compliance with the transition requirements.

We considered the adequacy and appropriateness of the additional disclosures and changes to the previous disclosures based on the new requirements.

#### 3. Related party transactions

The Company is the parent entity in a Group of companies.

Nature of transactions with related parties includes investments, purchases and sales, expenses charged on behalf of each other, dividend income and intercompany loans along-with interest thereon (as disclosed in note 42 to the accompanying separate financial statements) leading to a significant amounts of investments, receivable and payable balances of Rs. 10,107 million, Rs. 1,588 million and Rs. 1,611 million as at the year end, respectively.

The inter-company transactions and balances require significant auditor attention as the amounts are material to the separate financial statements as a whole and are hence considered as Key Audit Matter.

We obtained a list of related parties and transactions entered into with them during the year from management.

We performed substantive procedures on related party transactions and balances including review of contract terms, underlying invoices, analytical procedures, balance confirmations and assessment of recoverability of receivable balances vis-à-vis financial position of respective Group entities.

We reviewed the approval process for related party transactions including approval by those charged with governance.

We assessed whether appropriate disclosures have been made in separate financial statements regarding related party transactions and balances in accordance with IAS 24 and requirements under the fourth schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.

#### $Information\,Other\,than\,the\,Financial\,Statements\,and\,Auditors'\,Report\,Thereon$

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the separate financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the
  circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
  evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on
  the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
  draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are
  inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors'
  report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and
  whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;



- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

#### Other matter

The financial statements of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 27 September 2018.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Farooq Hameed.

Lahore Dated: September 26, 2019 EY Ford Rhodes
Chartered Accountants



# Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	6	12,679,723,703	11,415,325,178
Investment property	7	31,750,000	31,750,000
ntangible assets	8	627,039	2,035,188
Long term investments	9	14,256,507,418	14,926,618,637
Long term loans and advances	10	51,343,927	518,741,452
Long term deposits	11	87,909,092	88,434,708
		27,107,861,179	26,982,905,163
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools	12	393,812,720	390,369,902
Stock in trade	13	7,481,967,254	5,471,700,519
Frade debts	14	2,197,892,804	2,947,183,401
oans and advances	15	72,388,577	119,636,806
Frade deposits and short term prepayments	16	6,688,684	7,839,896
Other receivables	17	921,899,641	566,397,978
Short term investments	18	4,030,717,707	4,103,068,742
Tax refunds due from Government	19	1,901,803,432	1,685,599,982
Cash and bank balances	20	96,759,191	55,448,646
		17,103,930,010	15,347,245,872
OTAL ASSETS		44,211,791,189	42,330,151,035
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital			
5,000,000 (2018: 35,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		350,000,000	350,000,000
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital		<u> </u>	
0,083,140 (2018: 20,083,140) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	21	200,831,400	200,831,400
Reserves	22	16,181,248,942	15,821,423,802
		16,382,080,342	16,022,255,202
ION-CURRENT LIABILITIES		, , ,	
ong term financing	23	12,257,108,436	12,857,957,903
Deferred liabilities	24	509,584,337	478,375,674
		12,766,692,773	13,336,333,577
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
rade and other payables	25	3,442,588,442	3,867,282,911
Contract liabilities	26	850,602,812	-
Accrued Interest / mark-up	27	320,423,966	184,774,201
Inclaimed dividend		1,795,457	1,309,519
Short term borrowings	28	7,797,508,535	7,302,116,241
Current portion of long term financing	23	2,001,251,085	1,139,457,250
Provision for taxation	29	648,847,777	476,622,134
		15,063,018,074	12,971,562,256
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	30		
TOTAL FOLUTY AND LIABILITIES		44.044.704.400	40,000,454,005
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		44,211,791,189	42,330,151,035

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive Abdul Sattar Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



# Statement of Profit or Loss For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Net turnover	31	34,252,752,057	28,896,327,034
Cost of sales	32	(28,847,019,067)	(25,360,086,618)
Gross profit		5,405,732,990	3,536,240,416
Distribution cost	33	(1,084,077,934)	(1,011,944,024)
Administrative expenses	34	(428,051,718)	(413,537,884)
Other operating expenses	35	(347,188,591)	(118,970,100)
Other income	36	1,485,021,046	1,348,444,070
		(374,297,197)	(196,007,938)
Profit from operations		5,031,435,793	3,340,232,478
Finance cost	37	(2,085,427,251)	(1,391,490,732)
Profit before taxation		2,946,008,542	1,948,741,746
Taxation	38	(386,568,597)	(353,682,726)
Profit after taxation for the year		2,559,439,945	1,595,059,020
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	39	127.44	79.42

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive

**Abdul Sattar** Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



# Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2019

	2019	2018
	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
Profit after taxation for the year	2,559,439,945	1,595,059,020
Other comprehensive income:		
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:		
Forward foreign currency contracts		
Unrealized gain on remeasurement of forward foreign currency contracts	-	33,179,839
Reclassification adjustments relating to gain realized		
on settlement of forward foreign currency contracts	(17,651,047)	(7,764,396)
	(17,651,047)	25,415,443
Reclassification adjustments for gain on available		
for sale investments included in profit and loss account	-	(5,002,843)

Items not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:

Net loss on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

Net loss on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

Loss on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits Impact of deferred tax

Unrealized loss on available for sale investments

Other comprehensive loss for the year Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year

(17,651,047)	(7,764,396)
(17,651,047)	25,415,443
-	(5,002,843)
(6,756,705)	-
-	(2,575,444,139)
(1,845,905,550)	-
(8,535,640)	(13,604,382)
564,377	1,077,453
(7,971,263)	(12,526,929)

(1,878,284,565) (2,567,558,468)681,155,380 (972,499,448)

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive

**Abdul Sattar** Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



# Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2019

				Capital Reserves	S		Revenue Reserves	Reserves	
	Share Capital	Share Premium	Fixed Assets Replacement	Unrealized Gain/(loss) on available for sale investments	Unrealized Gain/(loss) on investments at fair value through OCI	Unrealized (Loss)/gain on forward foreign exchange contracts	General reserves	Unappropriated profit	Total Equity
					Rupees				
Balance as at 01 July 2017	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000	3,168,365,588		(7,764,396)	1,330,000,000	12,082,119,858	16,994,754,650
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended 30 June 2018									
Profit after taxation for the year	•							1,595,059,020	1,595,059,020
Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year				(2,580,446,982)		25,415,443		(12,526,929)	(2,567,558,468)
	•	•		(2,580,446,982)		25,415,443		1,582,532,091	(972,499,448)
Balance as at 30 June 2018	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000	587,918,606		17,651,047	1,330,000,000	13,664,651,949	16,022,255,202
Balance as at 01 July 2018	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000	587,918,606		17,651,047	1,330,000,000	13,664,651,949	16,022,255,202
Effect of adoption of IFRS 9 - note 4.1				(587,918,606)	587,918,606		•		
Balance as at 01 July 2018 (restated)	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000		587,918,606	17,651,047	1,330,000,000	13,664,651,949	16,022,255,202
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2019									
Profit after taxation for the year								2,559,439,945	2,559,439,945
Other comprehensive loss for the year					(1,852,662,255)	(17,651,047)		(7,971,263)	(1,878,284,565)
	,				(1,852,662,255)	(17,651,047)		2,551,468,682	681,155,380
Transaction with owners Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2018 P. Rs. 16 ners hare								(321 330 240)	(321 330 240)
Balance as at 30 June 2019	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000		(1,264,743,649)		1,330,000,000	15,894,790,391	16,382,080,342
The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.	statements.								
Nadeer Chief	Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive		<b>A</b> Chief	Abdul Sattar Chief Financial Officer	er	Mohammad Abdullah Director	<b>Abdullah</b> tor		



# Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	40	4,570,592,925	2,871,033,352
Long term loans, advances and deposits		(14,076,863)	3,805,080
Finance cost paid		(1,949,777,484)	(1,380,599,033)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid		(71,451,763)	(76,488,022)
Taxes paid		(659,547,043)	(231,936,125)
		(2,694,853,153)	(1,685,218,100)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,875,739,772	1,185,815,252
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(2,659,856,110)	(2,039,969,109)
Purchase of intangibles		- 1	(500,000)
Investment in subsidiaries		(1,000,000,000)	(513,049,480)
Investments made		(50,000,000)	(500,000)
Loans to subsidiaries recovered - net		482,000,000	30,150,000
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		217,237,477	96,841,993
Proceeds from sale of investments		-	505,109,950
Dividend received		715,830,198	705,145,255
Interest received		24,079,347	60,901,641
Rental income received		787,500	712,500
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,269,921,588)	(1,155,157,250)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Short term borrowings - net		496,232,329	(161,401,686)
Proceeds from long term financing		1,312,068,000	2,012,968,000
Repayment of long term financing		(1,051,123,632)	(1,898,529,683)
Dividend paid		(320,844,302)	(52,124)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		436,332,395	(47,015,493)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		42,150,580	(16,357,491)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		54,608,611	70,966,102
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	41	96,759,191	54,608,611

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive **Abdul Sattar** Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2019

### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Sapphire Textile Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on 11 March 1969 as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Company are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The Company is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn, fabrics, home textile products, finishing, stitching and printing of fabrics. Following are the business units of the Company along with their respective locations:

### **BUSINESS UNITLOCATION**

### **Production Plants**

Spinning A-17,SITE, Kotri

Spinning A-84, SITE Area, Nooriabad

Spinning 63/64-KM, Multan Road, Jumber Khurd, Chunian, District Kasur Spinning 1.5-KM, Warburton Road, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura. Weaving 2-KM, Warburtan Road, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura. Printing and processing 2-KM, Warburtan Road, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura.

Stitching and Home textile 1.5-KM Off, Defence Road, Bhubtian Chowk, Raiwind Road, Lahore.

### **Registered Office**

Karachi 212, Cotton Exchange Building, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- -International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017
- -Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

- 2.2 These are separate financial statements, where the investment in subsidiaries and associates is shown at cost; consolidated financial statements are separately presented.
- 2.3 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for measurement of certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value and recognition of employee benefits at present value.
- These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional currency of the Company. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

### 3 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, JUDGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other



factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the management has made the following estimates and judgements which are significant to the financial statements:

- a) Estimate of useful lives and residual values of property, plant & equipment, intangible assets and investment property [notes 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 7 and 8]
- b) Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores, spares and loose tools [note 5.5 and 12]
- c) Net realisable values of stock-in-trade [note 5.6 and 13]
- d) Provision for expected credit loss [note 5.7 and 14]
- e) Provision for employees' retirement benefits [note 5.10 and 24.2]
- f) Provision for taxation [note 5.12 and 38]

### 4. STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

### 4.1 New / Revised Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The Company has adopted the following amendments and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

- Transfers to Investment Property (Amendments)

IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts: Applying IFRS 9 with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (Amendments)

FRS 2 - Share based Payments — Classification and Measurement (Amendments)

IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
 IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: Classification and measurement

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The adoption of above standards did not have a significant impact on the financial statements except for IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 which is disclosed below:

### - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11 Construction Contracts, IAS 18 Revenue and related Interpretations and it applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless those contracts are in the scope of other standards. The new standard establishes a five step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The standard requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

The Company adopted IFRS 15 using the modified retrospective method of adoption. The effect of adopting IFRS 15 is as follows:

Statement of financial Position	IAS 18		IFRS 15
	Carrying	Reclassification	Carrying
	amount	30 June 2019	amount
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Trade and other payables	4,293,191,254	(850,602,812)	3,442,588,442
Contract liabilities		850,602,812	850,602,812
	4,293,191,254		4,293,191,254
		1 July 2018	
Trade and other payables	3,867,282,911	(848,204,618)	3,019,078,293
Contract liabilities		848,204,618	848,204,618
	3,867,282,911		3,867,282,911
		•	



The adoption of revenue recognition standard did not have a material impact on amounts in statement of profit or loss, statement of other comprehensive income, statement of cash flows or earnings per share for the prior period as the Company did not have any incomplete existing customers contracts from prior periods.

The Company is in the business of providing yarn, fabric, home textile products and processing services. The products and services are sold on their own in separately identified contracts with customers.

### (a) Sale of Goods

The Company's contracts with customers for the sale of goods generally include one performance obligation for both local and export sales i.e. provision of goods to the customers.

### **Local Sales**

The Company has concluded that revenue from sale of goods should be recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on dispatch of products from the factory.

### **Export Sales**

The Company has concluded that revenue from sale of goods should be recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, dependent on the related inco-terms generally on date of bill of lading or delivery of the product to the port of destination.

Therefore, the adoption of IFRS 15 did not have an impact on the timing or amount of revenue recognition as there are no terms resulting in variable consideration.

### (b) Rendering of services

The Company provides garments stitching and fabric processing services to local customers. These services are sold separately and the Company's contract with the customer for services constitute a single performance obligation.

The Company has concluded that revenue from services will continue to be recognised at the point in time, generally on dispatch of the stitched/processed fabric from the factory. Therefore, the adoption of IFRS 15 did not have an impact on the timing of revenue recognition or amount of revenue recognition as there are no terms resulting in variable consideration.

### - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, bringing together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement; impairment; and hedge accounting.

### Classification and measurement of Financial Assets

Under IFRS 9, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

Other financial assets are classified and subsequently measured, as follows:

Equity instruments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI), with no recycling of gains or losses to profit or loss on derecognition. This category only includes equity instruments, which the Company has irrevocably elected to so classify upon initial recognition or transition. The company classified its equity instruments at FVOCI. Equity instruments at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment under IFRS 9. Under IAS 39, the Company's unquoted equity instruments were classified as Available for sale (AFS) financial assets.

Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit or loss(FVPL) comprise derivative instruments and quoted equity instruments which the company had not irrevocably elected, at initial recognition or transition, to classify at FVOCI. This category would also include debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell. Under IAS 39, the Company's quoted equity securities were classified as AFS financial assets.



Upon transition, the Company elected to recognize the impact of adoption of IFRS 9 in opening retained earnings and not restating comparative amounts. This did not result in an impact on the financial statements as the realized and unrealized gains/losses were already recognized in upappropriated profit through statement of profit or loss or other comprehensive income as applicable.

In summary, upon the adoption of IFRS 9, the Company had the following required or elected reclassifications:

### As at 01 July 2018

		IFRS	9 measurement cate	gory
		FVPL	Amortised Cost	FVOCI
IAS 39 measurement category	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Deposits, loans, debts and receiva	bles			
Long term deposits	88,434,708	-	88,434,708	-
Trade debts	2,947,183,401	-	2,947,183,401	-
Loan to employees	51,024,641	-	51,024,641	-
Trade deposits	3,870,501	-	3,870,501	-
Other receivables	133,494,663	-	133,494,663	-
Available for sale				
Listed equity Investments	9,836,949,797	-	-	9,836,949,797
Non-listed equity Investments	86,648,236	-	-	86,648,236
		-	3,224,007,914	9,923,598,033

### Impairment of Financial Assets

The adoption of IFRS 9 has fundamentally changed the accounting for impairment losses for financial assets by replacing IAS 39's incurred loss approach with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) approach.

For trade and other receivables, the Company has applied the standard's simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The accounting for the Company's financial liabilities remains largely the same as it was under IAS 39.

In addition to the above standards and interpretations, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB and are generally effective for current year. Such improvements to the standards did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements for the year.

### 4.2 Standards, Interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or Interpretation	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 3 - Definition of Business (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IFRS 9 - Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements - Previously held Interests in a joint operation	01 January 2019
IFRS 16 - Leases	01 January 2019
IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements — (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IAS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors — (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments	
classified as equity	01 January 2019
IAS 19 - Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IAS 23 - Borrowing Costs - Borrowing costs eligible for capitalization	01 January 2020
IAS 28 - Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	01 January 2019



The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB in December 2018. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2019. The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

IASB effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 1-First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards01 July 2009IFRS 14-Regulatory Deferral Accounts01 January 2016IFRS 17-Insurance Contracts01 January 2021

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revision, amendments and interpretation of the standards will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set-out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, except as explained in note 4.1.

### 5.1 Property, plant and equipment

### **Owned assets**

**Standard** 

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except freehold land and leasehold land, which are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises acquisition and other directly attributable costs.

Depreciation is provided on a reducing balance method and charged to statement of profit or loss to write off the depreciable amount of each asset over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 6.1. Depreciation on addition in property, plant and equipment is charged from the month of addition while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized, if any. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

The Company reviews the useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on depreciation charge.

### Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost accumulated up to the statement of financial position date less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Capital work-in-progress is recognized as an operating fixed asset when it is made available for intended use.

### 5.2 Investment property

Property held for capital appreciation and rental yield, which is not in the use of the Company is classified as investment property. Investment property comprises of land. The Company has adopted cost model for its investment property using the same basis as disclosed for measurement of the Company's owned assets.



### 5.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets (including computer software) acquired by the Company are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure on capitalized intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Amortization is charged to statement of profit or loss on straight line basis over a period of five years. Amortization on addition is charged from the date the asset is put to use while no amortization is charged from the date the asset is disposed off.

### 5.4 Investment in subsidiary and associated companies

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognized at cost less impairment loss, if any. Whenever indicators of impairment occurs, the recoverable amounts are estimated to determine the extent of impairment losses, if any, and carrying amounts of investments are adjusted accordingly. Impairment losses are recognized as expense. Where impairment losses subsequently reverse, the carrying amounts of the investments are increased to the revised recoverable amounts but limited to the extent of initial cost of investments. A reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

### 5.5 Stores, spares and loose tools

Stores, spares and loose tools are valued at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value, less provision for impairment, if any. Items in transit are valued at cost accumulated to reporting date. Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores, spares and loose tools is determined based on management estimate regarding their future usability.

### 5.6 Stock in trade

Stock-in-trade is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is arrived at on a weighted average basis. Cost of work-in-process and finished goods include cost of raw materials and appropriate portion of production overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and selling expenses.

### 5.7 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less expected credit losses (ECL) as explained in note 5.19.1 (d).

### 5.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash-in-hand and balances with banks, net of temporary overdrawn bank balances.

### 5.9 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recorded at the proceeds received. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Finance costs are accounted for on an accrual basis and are included in current liabilities to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

### 5.10 Employee benefits

### Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its eligible permanent employees as per terms of employment who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the scheme.

The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each reporting date. The amount arising as a result of remeasurement are recognized in the statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the periods in which they occur.



The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plan is the present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of reporting period.

### **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Company operates an approved contributory provident fund for its eligible permanent employees as per terms of employment for which contributions are charged to income for the year.

The Company and the employees make equal monthly contributions to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary. The assets of the fund are held separately under the control of trustees.

### 5.11 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received.

### 5.12 Taxation

### **Current year**

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply for the year when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.

The company has a portion of income subject to deduction of tax as final discharge of tax liability while remaining portion attracts assessment under normal provision of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. As per TR - 27 (Revised 2012) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, such companies should provide deferred tax according to turnover trend of last three years including the current year between the two portions. The Company recorded deferred tax according to guidelines in TR - 27 (Revised 2012).

### 5.13 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders and therefore, they are accounted for as non-adjusting post balance sheet event.

### 5.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

### 5.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at point in time as per the terms and conditions of underlying contracts with customers.



Return on bank balances is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable rate of return.

Dividend income and entitlement of bonus shares are recognized when right to receive such dividend and bonus shares is established.

All other incomes are recognized on accrual basis.

### 5.16 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset up to the date of its commencing.

### 5.17 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses on translation are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. All non-monetary items are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction or on the date when fair values are determined.

### 5.18 Impairment

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized as expense in the statement of profit or loss.

### 5.19 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity

### 5.19.1 Financial assets

### a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 as explained in Note 4.1 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.



### b) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Company measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (I) The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the EIR method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortised cost includes long term deposits, trade debts, loan to employees, trade deposits and other receivables as disclosed in Note 4.1.

### Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)

The Company measures financial assets at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (I) The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling, and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

### Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Based on business model of the Company, it elected to classify irrevocably its equity investments under this category.

### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling



or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

### c) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- (I) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- (ii) The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

### d) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on



lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, the Company applies the low credit risk simplification. At each reporting date, the Company evaluates whether the debt instrument is considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Company reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instrument. In addition, the Company considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 30 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

### 5.19.2 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle either on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 5.19.3 Derivative financial instruments

The Company designates derivative financial instruments as either cash flow hedge or fair value hedge.

### a) Cash flow Hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in OCI in the cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss. The cash flow hedge reserve is adjusted to the lower of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

Before 1 July 2018, the Company designated all of the forward contracts as hedging instruments. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives were taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which were recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss.

Beginning 1 July 2018, the Company designates only the spot element of forward contracts as a hedging instrument. The forward element is recognised in OCI and accumulated in a separate component of equity under cost of hedging reserve.

The amounts accumulated in OCI are accounted for, depending on the nature of the underlying hedged transaction. If the hedged transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item, the amount accumulated in equity is removed from the separate component of equity and included in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the hedged asset or liability. This is not a reclassification adjustment and will not be recognised in OCI for the period. This also applies where the hedged forecast transaction of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability subsequently becomes a firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied.

For any other cash flow hedges, the amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

### b) Fair value hedges

The change in the fair value of a hedging instrument is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other expense. The change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recorded as part of the carrying value of the hedged item and is also recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other expense.

For fair value hedges relating to items carried at amortised cost, any adjustment to carrying value is amortised through profit or loss over the remaining term of the hedge using the EIR method. The EIR amortisation may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and no later than when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for changes in its fair value attributable to the risk being hedged.



If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortised fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an unrecognised firm commitment is designated as a hedged item, the subsequent cumulative change in the fair value of the firm commitment attributable to the hedged risk is recognised as an asset or liability with a corresponding gain or loss recognised in profit or los

### 5.19.4 Financial liabilities

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

### a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

### b) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Gains and losses are recognized in statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

This category generally applies to the liabilities as disclosed in Note 47.5.

### 5.20 Earnings per share - basic and diluted

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### 5.21 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the Company at arms' length. Nature of the related party relationship as well as information about the transactions and outstanding balances are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

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6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	AND EQUIPMENT													ļ	Note	2019	2018
																(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Operating fixed assets															6.1	12,209,645,502	11,023,834,392
Capital Work-In-progress															0.0	12,679,723,703	11,415,325,178
6.1 Operating fixed assets																	
									2019								
	Land	Buildin	Buildings on free - hold land	and	Buildings	흥	.			2				Ē			
	Free-hold Lease-hold	Factory building	Labour, staff colony and others	Office building	Factory Co building Co	Labour, staff L colony and bi others impr	Leased F building m improvements	Plant and machinery ir	Electric Fi	Fire fighting equipment e	Electric equipment	Computer 0	Office equipment	Mills equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
								Rupees	ses								Rupees
Balance as at 1 July 2018																	
Cost	324,259,058 115,038,377	2,190,884,787	2,190,884,787 441,296,480 403,323,748		315,446,843 78,211,563		89,436,813 14,	14,165,368,516	509,302,988	19,902,818	68,272,927	79,970,954	40,906,781	98,169,445	68,587,385	358,761,271	19,367,140,754
Accumulated depreciation			(1,049,737,367) (157,509,427)	(56,265,071)	(202,884,816) (2		(58,900,528) (6,	(6,216,573,535) (7	(224,539,485)	(5,748,414)	(31,768,845)	(52,210,042)	(30,028,788)	(43,182,152)	(27,202,052)	(161,436,170)	(8,343,306,362)
Net book value - as stated	324,259,058 115,038,377 1,141,147,420 283,787,053 347,058,677	1,141,147,420	283,787,053			52,891,893	30,536,285 7,	7,948,794,981	284,763,503	14,154,404	36,504,082	27,760,912	10,877,993	54,987,293	41,385,333	197,325,101	11,023,834,392
Reclassification adjustments: -Cost			(10.396.120)			10.396.120											
-Accmulated Depreciation		1,902,775			(1,902,775)	(3,875,207)		9,514	(6,642)	372,564	6,642	165,379	(165,379)	(372,254)		(9,824)	
Net book value - adjusted	324,259,058 115,038,377	1,143,050,195	1,143,050,195 277,266,140 347,058,677	!	110,659,252 5	59,412,806	30,536,285 7,	7,948,804,495	284,756,861	14,526,968	36,510,724	27,926,291	10,712,614	54,615,039	41,385,333	197,315,277	11,023,834,392
For the year ended 30 June 2019	2019																
Additions Disposals:		781,042,678	90,622,353	17,449,500	7,268,313	8,888,663	•	1,514,057,567	35,849,684	6,567,902	46,244,821	12,862,294	1,276,298	8,939,703	10,157,249	40,041,670	2,581,268,695
-Cost	•							598,984,542	574,829		200,000	1,783,575				175,412,467	777,255,413
- Depreciation				-	•	•		(448,912,208)	(560,277)		(494,808)	(1,299,706)		-		(88,769,619)	(540,036,618)
								150,07,534	700,41		761 'c	400,009				00,042,040	C6/,012,162
Depreciation for the year	- 050 714 070 070 100	-   -		- 1		(3,118,785)		- 1	(28,870,034)	(1,716,112)	(5,658,817)	(10,380,234)	(1,131,896)	(6,101,270)	(4,543,548)	(29,664,945)	(1,158,238,790)
Balance as at 30 June 2019	110,000,011	.,	100,040,040,040,040,040,040,040,040,040,		0 ++0'0+7'001		070,624,42	2 660,146,024,0	606,121,123	18,510,100	066,150,11	704,426,62	010,160,01	214,004,10	+50,566,0+	141,040,131	200,040,000,
Cost	324,259,058 115,038,377	2,971,927,465	2,971,927,465 521,522,713 420,773,248		322,715,156 97,496,346		89,436,813 15,080,441,541	080,441,541	544,577,843	26,470,720	114,017,748	91,049,673	42,183,079	107,109,148	78,744,634	223,390,474	21,171,154,036
Accumulated depreciation	. •	(1,177,802,201	(1,177,802,201) (168,324,243) (74,432,381)		(216,466,512) (32,313,662)		(65,007,785) (6,	(6,654,093,842) (7	(252,855,884)		(36,926,212)	(61,125,191)	(31,326,063)		(31,745,600)	(102,341,320)	(8,961,508,534)
	324,259,058 115,038,377	1,794,125,264	353,198,470	346,340,867	106,248,644 6	ll	24,429,028 8,	8,426,347,699 2	291,721,959	19,378,758	77,091,536	29,924,482	10,857,016	57,453,472	46,999,034	121,049,154	12,209,645,502
Depreciation rate % per																	
annum		9	22	22	9	22	70	10	9	9	10	æ	10	9	10	20	

2018 (Rupees)

Note

1,067,564,046

1,114,315,358 2,425,329

22 23 23

29,066,446

41,498,103



	Land		On fre	On free - hold		On les	On lease - hold											
	Labour, staff Free - hold Lease - hold Factory building colony and Office building others	- hold Factor	Lab ry building cok	Labour, staff colony and Office I others	!	Factory Labou building colon	Labour, staff Leased colony and improversection others	Leased building m improvements	Plant & machinery ir	Electric F installations e	Fire fighting equipment	Electric equipments	Computers	Office equipments	Mills equipments	Furniture & fixtures	Vehicles	Total
									Rupees	see								Rupees
Balance as at 1 July 2017																		
Cost	317,957,458 106,108,377		11,191,450 435	2,081,191,450 435,593,868 258,409,100		313,046,843 73,619,838		89,436,813 12,	12,908,818,419 499,358,479	499,358,479	19,771,018	66,893,727	71,191,593	39,873,281	93,279,414	66,472,881	344,589,391	17,785,611,950
Accumulated depreciation		- (926	6,282,396) (143	(926,282,396) (143,048,166) (44,092,229) (191,335,847) (22,291,778)	192,229) (191	,335,847) (22,2		(51,266,457) (5,	(5,641,139,785) (193,548,095)	193,548,095)	(4,033,932)	(27,731,969)	(44,541,505)	(28,904,146)	(37,460,177)	(22,738,433)	(153,470,982)	(7,531,885,897)
Net book value	317,957,458 106,108,377 1,154,909,054	38,377 1,15	4,909,054 292	292,545,702 214,316,871	116,871 121	121,710,996 51,3	51,328,060 38	38,170,356 7,7	7,267,678,634	305,810,384	15,737,086	39,161,758	26,650,088	10,969,135	55,819,237	43,734,448	191,118,409	10,253,726,053
For the year ended 30 June 2018	<b>8</b> 21																	
Additions Disnosals:	6,301,600 8,930	8,930,000 109	109,693,337 5	5,702,612 144,914,648		2,400,000 4,5	4,591,725		1,583,400,329	9,944,509	131,800	1,379,200	11,408,256	1,033,500	4,890,031	2,114,504	73,207,701	1,970,043,752
-Cost		-					-		326,850,232				2,628,895				59,035,821	388,514,948
- Depreciation			•		•	•		•	(247,892,177)	•	•		(1,775,621)			•	(35,542,229)	(285,210,027)
		,		,		,			78,958,055				853,274		,		23,493,592	103,304,921
Depreciation for the year		- (12	3,454,971) (14	(123,454,971) (14,461,261) (12,172,842) (11,548,969)	72,842) (11,	548,969) (3,0	(3,027,892)	(7,634,071)	(823,325,927) (30,991,390)	(30,991,390)	(1,714,482)	(4,036,876)	(9,444,158)	(1,124,642)	(5,721,975)	(4,463,619)	(43,507,417)	(1,096,630,492)
	324,259,058 115,038,377	! !!	1,141,147,420 283	283,787,053 347,01	347,058,677 112,	112,562,027 52,8	52,891,893 30	30,536,285 7,9	7,948,794,981	284,763,503	14,154,404	36,504,082	27,760,912	10,877,993	54,987,293	41,385,333	197,325,101	11,023,834,392
Balance as at 30 June 2018																		
Cost	324,259,058 115,038,377		0,884,787 441	2,190,884,787 441,296,480 403,323,748 315,446,843	23,748 315		78,211,563 89	89,436,813 14,	14,165,368,516 509,302,988	509,302,988	19,902,818	68,272,927	79,970,954	40,906,781	98,169,445	68,587,385	358,761,271	19,367,140,754
Accumulated depreciation		- (1,04)	9,737,367) (157	(1,049,737,367) (157,509,427) (56,265,071)		(202,884,816) (25,3	(25,319,670) (58	(58,900,528) (6,	(6,216,573,535) (224,539,485)	224,539,485)	(5,748,414)	(31,768,845)	(52,210,042)	(30,028,788)	(43,182,152)	(27,202,052)	(161,436,170)	(8,343,306,362)
Net book value - 2018	324,259,058 115,038,377	. !!	1,141,147,420 283	283,787,053 347,0	347,058,677 112,	112,562,027 52,8	52,891,893 30	30,536,285 7,9	7,948,794,981	284,763,503	14,154,404	36,504,082	27,760,912	10,877,993	54,987,293	41,385,333	197,325,101	11,023,834,392
Depreciation rate % per annum			10	10	2	10	ıc.	20	9	10	ę	9	30	10	10	10	20	

<sup>6.2</sup> Free bold lands of the Company are located at Shelikhpura, Kasur and Lahore with an area of 1,077,327 square yards and leasehold lands of the Company are located at Kotri, Nooriabed and Karachi with an area of 4,05,904 square yards.

# 6.4 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

Cost of sales Distribution cost Administrative expenses

<sup>6.3</sup> Freehold land includes Rs.80.868 million representing the Company's 30% share of jointly controlled property located at Blook-D/f, Gulberg, Lahore, registered in the name of the Company along with Sapphire Fibres Limited, Darnord Fabrics Limited, and Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited (Associated Companies).



# 6.5 Particulars of disposed operating fixed assets during the year, having book value of five hundred thousand rupees or more are as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Sale Proceeds	Profit / (loss)	Mode of disposal	Particulars of Buyers / Relationship (if any)
			Rupees				
Plant and Machinery							
Digital Printing Machine	92,021,104	55,467,868	36,553,236	36,555,000	1,764	Negotiation	Elaf Textile (Private) Limited, Lahore
Digital Printing Machine	62,040,780	35,559,017	26,481,763	26,500,000	18,237	do	Elaf Textile Pvt. Ltd., Lahore
Ring Frame Machine	84,858,892	65,054,943	19,803,949	8,547,009	(11,256,940)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Ring Frame Machine	47,766,806	36,619,225	11,147,581	4,273,504	(6,874,077)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Ring Spinning Machine	56,056,593	45,647,553	10,409,040	4,102,564	(6,306,476)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Tsudakoma Air Jet	43,895,990	36,372,026	7,523,964	8,040,000	516,036	do	Bismillah Industries, Faisalabad
Gas Generator	17,137,636	12,958,952	4,178,684	11,565,000	7,386,316	do	Orient Energy System, Lahore
Tsudakoma Zax E Air Jet	14,631,997	12,333,008	2,298,989	2,400,000	101,011	do	Zafar Jamil Ansari, Lahore
Auto Doffing Machines	2,362,533	252,332	2,110,201	2,102,210	(7,991)	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Tsudakoma Air Jet	7,940,670	6,260,342	1,680,328	1,760,000	79,672	do	Bismillah Industries, Faisalabad
Blow Room Machinery	9,059,025	7,477,513	1,581,512	1,880,342	298,830	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Tsudakoma Zax E Air Jet	7,940,670	6,400,370	1,540,300	1,600,000	59,700	do	Zafar Jamil Ansari, Lahore
Pressure Jigger Machines	1,603,789	157,372	1,446,417	850,000	(596,417)	do	Arzoo Textile Mills Limited, Faisalabad
Lockstitch Sewing Machine	1,851,937	499,792	1,352,145	437,500	(914,645)	do	Muhammad Idrees, Lahore
Blow Room Sets	8,632,292	7,411,612	1,220,680	1,711,967	491,287	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Lockstitch Sewing Machine	1,629,705	429,733	1,199,972	1,166,000	(33,972)	do	Muhammad Idrees, Lahore
Clc3 Hooper	5,431,725	4,250,388	1,181,337	1,300,000	118,663	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Tsudakoma Zax E Air Jet	7,315,998	6,156,054	1,159,944	1,200,000	40,056	do	Genial Textile Industries, Gujaranwala
Coner Machine	13,208,369	12,052,931	1,155,438	700,000	(455,438)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Shute Feed	1,769,643	722,509	1,047,134	179,487	(867,647)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Gas Generator	10,448,000	9,408,263	1,039,737	854,701	(185,036)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Tsudakoma Zex-E Air Jet	4,800,000	3,868,915	931,085	1,289,816	358,731	do	Khawaja Fabrics, Karachi
Coner Machine	8,511,657	7,616,402	895,255	300,000	(595,255)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Lockstitch Sewing Machine	1,111,162	286,124	825,038	795,000	(30,038)	do	Al Barakat Technical Institute, Sheikhupura
Card C-51	4,744,367	3,998,929	745,438	1,709,402	963,964	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Coal Gasfire System	1,420,000	763,091	656,909	703,419	46,510	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Lockstitch Sewing Machine	925,967	290,002	635,965	1,046,500	410,535	do	Muhammad Idrees, Lahore
Ring Frames	3,331,177	2,705,259	625,918	726,496	100,578	do	Jeelani Textile Traders, Hyderabad
Manual Winder & Dyeing Machine	6,418,375	5,800,475	617,900	102,564	(515,336)	do	Jeelani Textile Traders, Hyderabad
Drawing Frame	6,666,000	6,077,803	588,197	450,000	(138,197)	do	S.N Textile Mills (Private) Limited, Lahore
Drawing Frame	3,916,537	3,347,600	568,937	625,000	56,063	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Tube Boiler Softing Plant	1,683,000	1,130,225	552,775	700,000	147,225	do	Olyempia Textile International, Lahore
Comber With Lap Trolly	4,713,690	4,191,144	522,546	217,950	(304,596)	do	Jeelani Textile Traders, Hyderabad
	545,846,086	401,567,772	144,278,314	126,391,431	(17,886,883)		



	•	Accumulate	d Net Book	s Sale	B #110	,		
	Cost	Depreciatio		Proceed	Profit / (le	oss) Mod	e of disposal	Particulars of Buyers / Relationship (if any)
Vehicles - Sold to employees			Rupee	s				
Honda Civic		2,577,500	824,800	1,752,700	1,752,700	-	As per Company Po	• •
Honda Civic		2,577,500	945,083	1,632,417	1,633,000	583	do	Mr. Rahat Jamal , Lahore
Toyota Altis		2,382,500	794,167	1,588,333	1,588,333	- 07 745	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Karachi (Chief Financial Officer)
Toyota Corola Altas Toyota Corolla		2,227,000 2,382,500	647,315 820,639	1,579,685 1,561,861	1,607,400 1,561,861	27,715	do	Mr. Jahanzeb Tariq Baloch, Lahore Mr. Ajmal Rasheed Khawaja, Karachi
Honda Civic		2,362,500	970,396	1,505,104	1,505,104	-	do	Mr. Liaquat Ali, Hyderabad
Toyota Corrola		1,882,000	401,493	1,480,507	1,480,520	13	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad
Suzuki Swift Auto		1,511,000	219,095	1,291,905	1,315,829	23,924	do	Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang
Toyota Corola Gli		1,880,500	640,206	1,240,294	1,240,294	-	do	Mr. Shoukat Igbal, Lahore
Toyota Corola Gli		1,805,500	577,760	1,227,740	1,227,740	-	do	Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore
Suzuki Swift		1,463,000	243,833	1,219,167	1,219,167	-	do	Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi
Toyota Corolla Gli		1,880,500	684,502	1,195,998	1,174,000	(21,998)	do	Mr. Atif Hussain Saga, Lahore
Toyota Corrola		1,805,500	649,980	1,155,520	1,155,520	-	do	Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero
Suzuki Swift		1,463,000	369,325	1,093,675	1,093,675	-	do	Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore
Honda Civic		2,378,000	1,302,510	1,075,490	1,075,490	-	do	Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore
Honda City		1,527,000	468,280	1,058,720	1,058,720	-	do	Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad
Honda City		1,724,500	676,004	1,048,496	1,048,496	-	do	Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan
Toyota Grande		2,320,500	1,290,817	1,029,683	1,029,683	-	do	Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero
Honda Civic		2,447,500	1,424,119	1,023,381	897,315	(126,066)		Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,250,000	229,167	1,020,833	1,020,833	-	do	Mr. Zulfiqar Ali,Lahore
Toyota Corrola		1,770,500	784,686	985,814	985,814	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt
Toyota Corrola		1,970,500	1,012,049	958,451	958,451	- 16 716	do	Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore
Honda City		1,709,500	756,739 311,107	952,761	969,477	16,716	do	Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,250,000		938,893	1,000,000	61,107		Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura
Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus		2,206,500 1,250,000	1,283,889 331,250	922,611 918,750	922,611 918,750	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Abeer Nawaz. Lahore
Toyota Gli		1,845,500	932,101	913,399	913,399		do	Mr. Wagas Bin Inam, Faisalabad
Suzuki Cultus		1,250,000	347,222	902,778	902,778	-	do	Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal
Suzuki Cultus		1,250,000	348,264	902,776	902,776	-	do	Mr. Ali Naqbool, Khallewal
Suzuki Swift		1,433,000	561,736	871,264	871,264	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Zahid, Faisalabad
Suzuki Swift		1,433,000	561,736	871,264	871,264	-	do	Mr. Safdar Ali Dahar, Rawalpindi
Honda City		1,703,500	845,844	857,656	872,192	14,536	do	Mr. Syed Khurram Badshah, Sheikhupura
Honda Civic		2,156,000	1,317,057	838,943	838,943	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Tayyab, Hyderabad
Honda City		1,662,000	825,238	836,762	836,762	_	do	Mr. Munir Ahmed Awan, Lahore
Suzuki Swift		1,418,000	601,232	816,768	816,768	_	do	Mr. Muhammad Zubair,Sheikhupura
Suzuki Swift		1,327,000	514,876	812,124	812,124	-	do	Mr. Riaz Khan, Lahore
Honda Civic		2,237,000	1,473,437	763,563	763,563	-	do	Mr. Abdul Baseer Khan, Hyderabad
Honda City		1,512,000	776,563	735,437	735,437	-	do	Mr. Shoukat Ali, Bhai Phero
Suzuki Cultus		1,129,000	399,666	729,334	729,334	-	do	Mr. Arslan Arshad, Faisalabad
Suzuki Wagon R		1,054,000	347,586	706,414	718,594	12,180	do	Mr. Usman Noor, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,099,000	407,363	691,637	691,637	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Ashfaq, Bhai Phero
Suzuki Cultus		1,129,000	438,052	690,948	703,743	12,795	do	Mr. Muhammd Ramzan, Jhang
Suzuki Cultus		1,099,000	442,531	656,469	656,469	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Aamir, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,099,000	442,531	656,469	656,469	-	do	Mr. Irfan Aziz,Lahore
Suzuki Wagon R		1,024,000	379,563	644,437	644,437	-	do	Mr. Danish Christopher, Lahore
Suzuki Swift		1,282,000	642,025	639,975	639,975	-	do	Mr. Abdul Waheed ,Karachi
Hond City		1,653,000	1,013,389	639,611	639,611	-	do	Mr. Raees Ahmed, Lahore
Suzuki Swift		1,282,000	658,435	623,565	623,565	-	do	Ms. Saria Zaheer, Lahore
Suzuki Wagon R		1,014,000	418,038	595,962	606,237	10,275		Mr. Sikandar Saleem, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,039,000	451,619	587,381	587,381	-	do	Mr. Kashif Nisar, Karachi
Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus		1,039,000 1,039,000	462,701	576,299	576,299	-	do	Mr. Asif Iqbal ,Rawalpindi Mr. Inam UI Haq, Faisalabad
Suzuki Cultus		1,039,000	473,784 470,033	565,216 563,967	565,216 563,967	-	do	Mr. Shahbaz Ul Haq, Okara
Suzuki Wagon R		1,004,000	447,115	556,885	556,885	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Hameed, Jamshoro
Suzuki Cultus		1,039,000	484,867	554,133	554,133	-	do	Mr.Tariq Masood, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,039,000	494,102	544,898	554,133	9,235	do	Mr. Nauman Tariq, Raheemyar Khan
Suzuki Swift		1,418,000	883,571	534,429	534,429	-	do	Mr. Atif Saeed, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,039,000	515,898	523,102	523,102	-	do	Mr. Atif Javed, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,034,000	513,415	520,585	520,585	-	do	Mr. Shahzad Khalil, Islamabad
Suzuki Cultus		1,034,000	522,239	511,761	511,761	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Zaheer Ud Din, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,034,000	528,489	505,511	505,511	-	do	Mr. Zameer Mehdi, Lahore
	'	95,001,000	39,601,529	55,399,471	55,440,486	41,015	-	·
Vehicles - Sold to third parties								
T + 0 + 0"		0.4=0.000	400 000 1	0.000 10- 1	0.40=00-1	400.00-	1 N	W 1:
Toyota Corola Gli		2,172,000	108,600	2,063,400	2,197,000	133,600		Mr. Liaqat Hayat, Kasur
Toyota Corolla		2,129,000	70,967	2,058,033	2,154,000	95,967	do	Mr. Dar Muhammad , Mastong
Honda Civic		2,637,000	733,672	1,903,328	2,550,000	646,672	do	Mr. Shehyar Khan, Lahore
Toyota Fortuner		5,005,500	3,191,596	1,813,904	3,400,000	1,586,096	do	Mr. Manzar Abbas Rizvi
Honda City		1,703,000	56,767	1,646,233	1,703,000	56,767	do	Mr. Mian Munawar Tahir, Lahore
Suzuki Swift		1,511,000	241,760	1,269,240	1,420,000	150,760	do	Mr. Khurrum Imtiaz, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus		1,250,000	125,000	1,125,000	1,270,000	145,000	do	Mr. Sajjad Ahmad, Larkana
Suzuki Cultus		1,034,000	502,570	531,430	600,000	68,570	do	Mr. Khurram Imtiaz, Lahore
Toyota Corola Gli	ı	1,869,500	1,365,128	504,372	1,400,000	895,628	do	Mr. Muhammad Shahzad, Lahore
		19,311,000	6,396,060	12,914,940	16,694,000	3,779,060		
Other assets having book value less than Rs.50	00,000	117,097,327	92,471,256	24,626,070	29,524,785	4,898,715	_	
2019		777,255,413	540,036,617	237,218,795	228,050,702	(9,168,093)	<u>)</u>	
2018		388,514,948	285,210,027	103,304,922	166,876,076	63,571,154		
							=	

2,943,337 500,000 (1,408,149) 2,035,188



6.6	Capital work-in-progress	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Advance for land		84,500,000	-
	Civil works and buildings		154,608,429	287,228,119
	Plant and machinery	6.6.1	184,923,436	88,086,367
	Electric installations		44,904,336	-
	Computers		642,000	-
	Advance for vehicles		500,000	16,176,300
			470,078,201	391,490,786

- **6.6.1** Additions to capital work in progress include borrowing cost aggregating Rs.419,125 (2018: Rs. Nil) and the borrowing rate used was 2.50% (2018: Nil) per annum.
- **6.7** Movement of capital work-in-progress during the year is as follows:

		30 June 2018	Additions during the year	Transferred to operating fixed assets	30 June 2019
	Particulars		( R	upees )	
	Advance for land	-	84,500,000	-	84,500,000
	Civil works and buildings	287,228,119	772,651,817	(905,271,507)	154,608,429
	Plant and machinery	88,086,367	818,225,435	(721,388,366)	184,923,436
	Electric installations	-	44,904,336	-	44,904,336
	Computers	-	642,000	-	642,000
	Advance for vehicles	16,176,300	24,365,370	(40,041,670)	500,000
		391,490,786	1,745,288,958	(1,666,701,543)	470,078,201
			Note	2019	2018
7	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Freehold land			31,750,000	31,750,000

- 7.1 This represents free-hold land situated at Raiwind Road, Lahore having an area of 5,000 square yards.
- 7.2 Fair value of the investment property, based on the estimation was Rs.45 million (2018: Rs.45 million).

# 8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Computer software)

Net carrying value as at 01 July 2018		
Net book value as at July 01		2,035,188
Addition during the year		-
Amortization during the year	8.1	(1,408,149)
Net book value as at 30 June 2019		627,039

### Gross carrying value as at 30 June 2019

Cost Accumulated amortization Net book value as at 30 June 2019	24,992,360 (24,365,321) 627,039	24,992,360 (22,957,172) 2,035,188
Amortization rate % per annum	20	20

8.1 Amortization expense for the year has been charged to other operating expenses.



9	LONG TERM IN	VESTMENTS		Note	2019	2018
	Related parties	s - at cost:			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Subsidiaries		- unlisted	9.1	9,630,113,070	8,630,113,070
	Associates		<ul><li>listed</li><li>unlisted</li></ul>	9.2 9.3	8,461,851 467,514,425	8,461,851 467,514,425
					475,976,276	475,976,276
	Other compani	ies - Fair value	through other comprehensive income	9.4	4,150,418,072 14,256,507,418	5,820,529,291 14,926,618,637
9.1	Investments in	subsidiary co	mpanies - unlisted		14,230,307,410	14,320,010,037
	No. of S	Shares	Name of Company	Note	2019	2018
	2019	2018			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	228,228,737	228,228,737	Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (SWPCL)	9.1.1	2,282,287,370	2,282,287,370
			Equity Interest Held 70% (2018: 70%)			
	10,000	10,000	Sapphire Tech (Private) Limited		400,000	400.000
			Equity Interest Held 100% (2018: 100%)		100,000	100,000
			Less: Impairment charged		(100,000)	(100,000)
	1,000	1,000	Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited			
			Equity Interest Held 100% (2018: 100%)		10,000	10,000
			Less: Impairment charged		(10,000)	(10,000)
	200,000,000	100,000,000	Sapphire Retail Limited		2,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
			Equity Interest Held 100% (2018: 100%)			
	475,051,500	475,051,500	Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited (TE	BCL) 9.1.1	5,224,375,700	5,224,375,700
			Equity Interest Held 57.125% (2018: 57.125%)			
	1,234,500	1,234,500	Sapphire Renewables Limited	00 par abara)	123,450,000	123,450,000
			Equity Interest Held 100% (2018: 100%) (Face value of Rs.10	oo per snare)	9,630,113,070	8,630,113,070
					3,000,110,010	0,000,110,070

**<sup>9.1.1</sup>** The shares of SWPCL and TBCL held by the Company are under pledge as a security for debt finance arrangement for the wind energy project of SWPCL and TBCL respectively.

### 9.2 Investments in associates - listed

	No. of Sh	ares	Name of Company	2019	2018	
•	2019	2018		(Rupees)	(Rupees)	
	313,295	313,295	Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	8,461,851	8,461,851	
			Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%)			



### 9.3 Investments in associates - unlisted

2019       2018       (Rupees)       (Rupees)         4,234,500       4,234,500       Sapphire Power Generation Limited Equity Interest Held 26.43% (2018: 26.43%)       113,705,500         6,000,000       6,000,000       Sapphire Electric Company Limited Equity Interest Held 1.42% (2018: 1.42%)       60,000,000       60,000,000         10,000       10,000       Sapphire Holding Limited Equity Interest Held 0.05% (2018: 0.05%)       100,000       100,000         23,500,000       23,500,000       Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited Equity Interest Held 21.36% (2018: 21.36%)       235,000,000       235,000,000         3,675       Foreign Company - Creadore A/S Denmark Beneficial ownership: Sapphire Textile Mills Limited - 49% (2018: 49%) and Beirholm holding A/S Nordager 20, 6000 Kolding, Denmark- 51% (2018: 51%)       58,708,925       58,708,925	No. of	Shares	Name of Company	Note	2019	2018
Equity Interest Held 26.43% (2018: 26.43%)  6,000,000 6,000,000 Sapphire Electric Company Limited Equity Interest Held 1.42% (2018: 1.42%)  10,000 10,000 Sapphire Holding Limited Equity Interest Held 0.05% (2018: 0.05%)  23,500,000 23,500,000 Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited Equity Interest Held 21.36% (2018: 21.36%)  3,675 3,675 Foreign Company - Creadore A/S Denmark Beneficial ownership: Sapphire Textile Mills Limited - 49% (2018: 49%) and Beirholm holding A/S Nordager 20, 6000	2019	2018			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Equity Interest Held 1.42% (2018: 1.42%)  10,000	4,234,500	4,234,500	• •		113,705,500	113,705,500
Equity Interest Held 0.05% (2018: 0.05%)  23,500,000	6,000,000	6,000,000			60,000,000	60,000,000
Equity Interest Held 21.36% (2018: 21.36%)  3,675  Foreign Company - Creadore A/S Denmark  Beneficial ownership: Sapphire Textile  Mills Limited - 49% (2018: 49%) and  Beirholm holding A/S Nordager 20, 6000	10,000	10,000			100,000	100,000
Beneficial ownership: Sapphire Textile Mills Limited - 49% (2018: 49%) and Beirholm holding A/S Nordage 20, 6000	23,500,000	23,500,000	. ,		235,000,000	235,000,000
Kolding, Denmark- 51% (2018: 51%) 467,514,425 467,514,425	3,675	3,675	Beneficial ownership: Sapphire Textile Mills Limited - 49% (2018: 49%) and Beirholm holding A/S Nordager 20, 6000	_	58,708,925	58,708,925
			Kolding, Denmark- 51% (2018: 51%)	_	467,514,425	467,514,425

### 9.4 Other companies - Fair value through other comprehensive income

Number	of Shares	Name of Company			
2019	2018				
		Quoted - conventional			
4,061,840	4,061,840	MCB Bank Limited		217,880,150	217,880,150
		Fair value adjustment		490,707,838	585,429,947
				708,587,988	803,310,097
29,623,714	29,623,714	Habib Bank Limited		5,926,153,798	5,926,153,798
		Fair value adjustment		(2,570,971,950)	(995,582,840)
				3,355,181,848	4,930,570,958
		Unquoted			
7,055,985	7,055,985	Novelty Enterprises Private Limited	9.4.1	86,148,236	86,148,236
50,000	50,000	TCC Management Services Private Limited		500,000	500,000
				4,150,418,072	5,820,529,291

- 9.4.1 This represents 12.5% equity interest in Novelty Enterprises (Private) Limited, a privately held entity. The investee company has not yet commenced its operations accordingly fair value of the investment cannot be determined. However, based on the latest available financial statements, the management is of the view that there are no indications of impairment and the carrying amount has been considered equal to the fair value.
- 9.4.2 The Company has pledged 2.832 million (2018: 1.305 million) shares of MCB Bank Limited, 1 million (2018: 0.0284 million) shares of Engro Corporation Limited, 18.906 million (2018: 19.605 million) shares of Bank Al-Habib Limited, 21.177 million (2018: 24.427 million) shares of Habib Bank Limited and 0.06 million shares of Pakistan State Oil Limited with various financial institutions for arrangement of finance facilities.
- 9.4.3 The Company has pledged 4.407 million (2018: 4.407 million) shares of Engro Corporation Limited, 9.200 million (2018: 6 million) shares of Bank Al-Habib Limited, 1.230 million (2018: 1.230 million) shares of MCB Bank Limited, 2.447 million shares of Habib Bank Limited and 30.183 million shares of K- Electric with Standard Chartered Bank as security for issuance of standby letter of credit amounting to US \$ 11.300 million (2018: US \$ 11.300 million) in favour of a financial institutions for contingency support in TBCL in accordance with Sponsors Support agreement.



		Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
10	LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Loan to employees	10.1	51,343,927	36,741,452
	Loan to Subsidiary Company			482,000,000
			51,343,927	518,741,452
10.1	Loan to employees - unsecured (considered good)			
	Loans to employees	10.1.1	78,281,393	51,024,641
	Current portion of loans shown under current assets	15	(26,937,466)	(14,283,189)
			51,343,927	36,741,452
10.1.1	These represent interest free loans to employees as per company's huma purposes and are recoverable in monthly instalments which vary from case		These loans are g	ranted for various
11	LONG TERM DEPOSITS	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Security deposits			
	WAPDA		85,830,588	86,038,576
	SNGPL		1,097,000	1,097,000
	PTCL		-	179,843
	Others	11.1	981,504	1,119,289
			87,909,092	88,434,708
11.1	It includes an amount of Rs.36,000 (2018: Rs.36,000) deposit with Yousu	f Agencies (Private	e) Limited - related p	earty. 2018
12	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Stores		198,542,639	196,397,413
	Spares - in hand		188,427,624	190,138,319
	Spares - in transit		71,764,713	59,489,932
	Levelted		260,192,337	249,628,251
	Loose tools		547,686 459,282,662	150,872 446,176,536
	Less: Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools	12.1	(65,469,942)	(55,806,634)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		393,812,720	390,369,902
12.1	Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		55,806,634	52,298,823
	Provision made during the year - net	35	9,663,308	3,507,811
	Balance at the end of the year		65,469,942	55,806,634
13	STOCK IN TRADE			
	Raw material - in hand	32.1	5,132,990,550	4,045,463,922
	Raw material - in transit		268,530,903	96,665,225
			5,401,521,453	4,142,129,147
	Work in process	32	589,256,549	478,749,878
	Finished goods		1,460,392,852	835,636,686
	Waste	00	30,796,400	15,184,808
		32	1,491,189,252	850,821,494
			7,481,967,254	5,471,700,519



		Note	2019	2018
14	TRADE DEBTS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Considered good Foreign debts		547,412,695	1,156,637,120
	Considered good			
	Domestic debts Waste	14.1 to 14.3	1,609,750,052 24,324,356	1,735,850,079 29,733,386
	Others		16,405,701	24,962,816
			1,650,480,109	1,790,546,281
	Considered doubtful		36,505,865	44,925,809
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss	14.5	(36,505,865)	(44,925,809)
			1,650,480,109	1,790,546,281
			2,197,892,804	2,947,183,401
14.1	Domestic debts include amount of Rs.402,577,494 (2018: Rs.259,929,9	69) receivable agai	nst indirect export s	ales.
14.2	Due from related parties- Domestic debts		2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Diamond Fabrics Limited		1,547,426	3,588,017
	Sapphire Fibres Limited		-	12,065
	Reliance Cotton Mills Limited		468,180	-
	Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited		129,618,265	140,199,063
	Sapphire Retail Limited		734,068,164 865,702,035	645,247,398 789,046,543
14.3	The aging of trade debts receivable from related parties is within the range	of 0-90 days as at re	eporting date.	
14.4	Maximum amount due from related parties during the year, calculated by (2018: Rs.1,082,667,176).	reference to month	2019	Rs.1,677,704,456
44.5			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
14.5	Provision for expected credit loss			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		44,925,809	44,925,809
	Written off during the year		(7,836,532)	-
	Recovered during the year Balance at the end of the year		(583,412) 36,505,865	44,925,809
	balance at the end of the year		30,303,663	44,925,609
15	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Advances			
	- Unsecured-Considered good			05.004.404.1
	to suppliers to contractors		38,903,397 989,134	85,281,131 1,286,370
	to contractors		39,892,531	86,567,501
	- Unsecured - considered doubtful		-	7,405,940
	Provision for doubtful advance	15.1		(7,405,940)
	Loans		39,892,531	86,567,501
	Current portion of long term loans to employees	10.1	26,937,466	14,283,189
	Short term loans to employees		5,558,580	18,786,116
	Short term loans to subsidiaries			
	- Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited (subsidiary)		2,500,662	2,500,662
	Less: Impairment		(2,500,662)	(2,500,662)
	<ul> <li>Sapphire Tech (Private) Limited (subsidiary)</li> <li>Less: Impairment</li> </ul>		138,738 (138,738)	138,738 (138,738)
	2000. Impairment		- (130,130)	(130,730)
			72,388,577	119,636,806



				Note	2019	2018
			-		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
15.1	Provision for do	ubtful advance			( )	( )
		eginning of the yea	ar		7,405,940	7,405,940
	Written off during				(7,405,940)	
	Balance at the en	id of the year			-	7,405,940
16	TPANE DEPOSI	TS AND SHOPT	TERM PREPAYMENTS			
10	TRADE DEFOSI	13 AND SHORT	ILIMITALIMILATO			
	Security deposits	5			4,065,140	3,870,501
	Prepayments				2,623,544	3,969,395
					6,688,684	7,839,896
17	OTHER RECEIVA	ABLES				
	Oleima maasi sabla	_				00 700 477
	Claims receivable				40 420 204	23,762,477
	Deposits with Hig	•			19,430,291 99,244,147	445 252 269
	Export rebate rec		ooto			415,252,268
	_	nst sale of fixed ass	seis		80,841,307	70,028,082
	Dividend receival				-	600,000
	-		f forward foreign currency contracts		-	17,651,047
	•	• • •	Retail Limited (Subsidiary)	P 1 47 4	704 400 004	8,916,604
			Ilting Corporation (Private) Limited (subsi		721,482,301	30,000,000
		sapphire Wind Pow	er Company Limited against shared expe	enses	406,800	-
	Rent receivable				-	187,500
	Interest receivabl	ie .			494,795	-
					921,899,641	566,397,978
		, .	eceivable balance transferred to the Co st free and un-secured.	ompany from the s	subsidiary's previo	us sponsor at the 2018
18	SHORT TERM IN	VESTMENTS	-	11010	(Rupees)	
. •						(Rupees)
					(Nupees)	(Rupees)
	Advance for Term	າ Finance Certifica	ites (TFCs)	18.1	,	(Rupees)
		n Finance Certifica air value through ot		18.1 18.2	50,000,000	-
			ites (TFCs) ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)		,	- 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742
					50,000,000 3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742
18.1	This represents t	ir value through ot the amount given FCs to be issued a		18.2 ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible,
18.1	This represents t	ir value through ot the amount given FCs to be issued a	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI) to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs ha	18.2 ving par value of	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and a	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of
18.1	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1,	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI) to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs ha	18.2 ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible,
	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1,	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs have rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 9gregate value of ngent convertible,
	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1, Investments at f	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs have rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  other comprehensive income (FVO)  gh other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti 2019 ( Rupees )	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 ( Rupees )
	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1, Investments at f	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs have rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti 2019 ( Rupees ) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 ( Rupees )
	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1, Investments at f	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs have rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  other comprehensive income (FVO)  gh other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti 2019 ( Rupees )	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 ( Rupees )
	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1, Investments at f Debt instruments Equity instrument	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through at fair value throughts at fair value throughts at fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs have rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  other comprehensive income (FVO)  gh other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of  CI) 18.2.1  OCI) 18.2.2	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti 2019 ( Rupees ) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 ( Rupees )
18.2	This represents t Rs.50,000,000. T additional Tier-1, Investments at f Debt instruments Equity instrument	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through at fair value through ts at fair value through ts at fair value through ts at fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs has are rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  nother comprehensive income (FVO) gh other comprehensive income (FVO) ough other comprehensive income (FVO) cough other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of  CI) 18.2.1  OCI) 18.2.2	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707 Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti 2019 ( Rupees ) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 ( Rupees )
18.2	This represents to Rs.50,000,000. To additional Tier-1, Investments at for Debt instruments Equity instruments.	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through at fair value through ts at fair value through ts at fair value through ts at fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs have rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  nother comprehensive income (FVO) gh other comprehensive income (FVO) ough other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of  CI) 18.2.1  OCI) 18.2.2	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707  Rs.100,000 and accommulative, continuous (Rupees) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412 3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 (Rupees) - 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742
18.2	This represents to Rs.50,000,000. To additional Tier-1, Investments at for Debt instruments Equity instruments.	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through at fair value through ts at fair value through ts at fair value through ts at fair value through	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs has are rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  nother comprehensive income (FVO) gh other comprehensive income (FVO) ough other comprehensive income (FVO) cough other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of  CI) 18.2.1  OCI) 18.2.2  (FVOCI)  2019	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707  Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti  2019 (Rupees) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412 3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 ( Rupees ) - 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742
18.2	This represents to Rs.50,000,000. To additional Tier-1, Investments at for Debt instruments Equity instrument Debt instrument Number of Communications and the second seco	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through at fair value throu ts at fair value throu	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs has are rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  nother comprehensive income (FVO) gh other comprehensive income (FVO) ough other comprehensive income (FVO) cough other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of  CI) 18.2.1  OCI) 18.2.2  (FVOCI)  2019  Cost	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707  Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti  2019 (Rupees) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412 3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 (Rupees) - 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 2018 g value
18.2	This represents to Rs.50,000,000. To additional Tier-1, Investments at for Debt instruments Equity instrument Debt instrument Number of Communications and the second seco	the amount given FCs to be issued a capital eligible and fair value through at fair value throu ts at fair value throu	ther comprehensive income (FVOCI)  to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs has are rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated having green shoe option.  nother comprehensive income (FVO) gh other comprehensive income (FVO) ough other comprehensive income (FVO) cough other comprehensive income (FVO)	ving par value of ed, perpetual, non-  Note  CI) comprises of  CI) 18.2.1  OCI) 18.2.2  (FVOCI)  2019  Cost	50,000,000 3,980,717,707 4,030,717,707  Rs.100,000 and accommulative, conti  2019 (Rupees) 53,443,295 3,927,274,412 3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 ggregate value of ngent convertible, 2018 (Rupees) - 4,103,068,742 4,103,068,742 2018 g value

This represents bonds issued by FBR Refund Settlement Company Limited, in Central Depository System (CDS) against Refund Payment Orders (RPOs) issued in favor of the Company under section 67A of the Sales Tax Act 1990. The bonds are issued in multiples of one hundred thousand rupees and carry simple profit of 10% per annum payable at the end of maturity period i.e. three years from the issuance of bonds. These bonds are freely transferable within CDS and the Company can sell / transfer the bonds to another person / bank/ entity against any consideration or without any consideration. The Company intends to sell / transfer the bonds whenever market has been established therefore, these have been classified as short-term.



### 18.2.2 Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

				2019	2019	2018
				Cost	Fair v	
	Number of 2019	2018	Name of Company	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	2013	2010				
	28,105,846	28,105,846	Bank Al-Habib Limited	1,151,228,062	2,202,936,210	2,215,583,840
	5,947,370	5,406,700	Engro Corporation (Pakistan) Limited	1,681,677,147	1,579,621,472	1,696,946,862
	72,000	60,000	Pakistan State Oil Limited	11,286,649	12,213,360	19,098,600
	30,183,000	30,183,000	K Electric Limited	260,805,385	132,503,370	171,439,440
				3,104,997,243	3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742
	072 205	072 205	Codeban Cainnian Milla Limitad	47 444 270		
	972,295	972,295	Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited	<u>17,441,370</u> 3,122,438,613	3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742
				3,122,430,013	5,321,214,412	4,100,000,742
				Note	2019	2018
19	TAX REFUNDS	DUE FROM GO	OVERNMENT		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Income tax				1,666,028,099	1,394,412,186
	Sales tax receiv				524,303,681	426,193,860
	Less: provision	against doubtful	sales tax refunds	19.1	(288,528,348)	(135,006,064)
					235,775,333	291,187,796
					1,901,803,432	1,685,599,982
19.1	Provision agai	not doubtful oo	log toy refunde			
19.1	Provision agai	nst doubtful sa	ies tax returius			
	Balance at the	beginning of the	year		135,006,064	135,006,064
		during the year			153,522,284	
	Balance at the	end of the year			288,528,348	135,006,064
20	CASH AND BA	NK BALANCES	3			
	Cash in hand				1,517,000	1,097,573
	Bank balances	<b>3</b>				
	Local Currency					
	Current				43,365,855	19,612,763
	Saving			20.1	34,498,339 77,864,194	32,392,196 52,004,959
					77,004,194	32,004,939
	•	cy-current accou	nts			
	USD			20.2	16,657,349	1,799,625
	EURO			20.3	720,648 17,377,997	546,489 2,346,114
					96,759,191	55,448,646
						55,,510

**<sup>20.1</sup>** Balances with banks carry profit at the rate ranging from 8% to 12% (2018: 3.75% to 3.86%) per annum.

**<sup>20.2</sup>** Cash at bank on USD account was US\$ 101,569 (2018: US \$ 14,824).

<sup>20.3</sup> Cash at bank on EURO account was EURO 3,867 (2018: EURO 3,867).



### 21 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

No. of Shares			2019	2018
2019	2018		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
6,206,740	6,206,740	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted for	62,067,400	62,067,400
13,876,400	13,876,400	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued as bonus shares	138,764,000	138,764,000
20,083,140	20,083,140		200,831,400	200,831,400

- **21.1** The Company has only one class of shares which carry no right to fixed income.
- 21.2 6,215,749 (2018: 6,215,349) shares of the Company are held by associated companies as at the reporting date.

		Note	2019	2018
22	RESERVES		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Capital reserves	22.1	(1,043,541,449)	826,771,853
	Revenue reserves	22.2	17,224,790,391	14,994,651,949
			16,181,248,942	15,821,423,802
22.1	Composition of capital reserves is as follows:			
	Share Premium	22.1.1	156,202,200	156,202,200
	Fixed Assets Replacement Reserve	22.1.2	65,000,000	65,000,000
	Unrealized loss on investments at fair value through OCI	22.1.3	(1,264,743,649)	-
	Unrealized gain on available for sale investments		-	587,918,606
	Unrealized gain on forward foreign exchange contracts			17,651,047
			(1,043,541,449)	826,771,853

- 22.1.1 This reserve can be utilized by the Company only for the purposes specified in section 81 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- 22.1.2 This reserve represents funds set aside for the purchase of fixed assets in the future.
- 22.1.3 This represents the unrealized gain on re-measurement of investments at fair value through OCI and is not available for distribution.

		Note	2019	2018
22.2	Composition of revenue reserves is as follows:		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	General reserves	22.2.1	1,330,000,000	1,330,000,000
	Unappropriated profit	22.2.2	15,894,790,391	13,664,651,949
			17,224,790,391	14,994,651,949

- **22.2.1** This represents appropriation of profit in past years to meet future contingencies.
- 22.2.2 This represents the level of unrestricted funds available for general use and distribution among the shareholders.



23	LONG TERM FINANCING	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Loans from banking companies - secured			
	Allied Bank Limited	23.1	2,832,884,395	1,910,213,552
	Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party	23.2	499,905,000	499,905,000
	Bank Al Habib Limited	23.3	1,838,740,792	2,114,464,268
	Faysal Bank Limited	23.4	95,006,000	124,634,000
	Habib Bank Limited	23.5	7,821,197,334	8,359,728,333
	United Bank Limited	23.6	1,170,626,000	988,470,000
			14,258,359,521	13,997,415,153
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities		(2,001,251,085)	(1,139,457,250)
			12,257,108,436	12,857,957,903

- 23.1 These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.5% to 11.43% (2018: 2.50% to 6.85%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in quarterly instalments ranging from 16 to 32. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.2,659 million (2018: Rs.1,841 million) over specific plant & machinery and pledge of shares of blue chip companies held by the Company having market value Rs.838.077 million (2018: Rs.848.489 million) as on reporting date.
- 23.2 These loans carry mark-up of 2.50% (2018: 2.50%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in quarterly instalments ranging from 16 to 32. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.588.240 million (2018: Rs.509.435 million) over specific plant & machinery.
- 23.3 These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.50% to 11.13% (2018: 2.50% to 6.17%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in 32 quarterly instalments. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.328 million (2018: Rs.328 million) over specific plant & machinery and pledge of shares of blue chip companies held by the Company having market value Rs.1,631.120 million (2018: Rs.2,602.425 million) as on reporting date.
- These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.50% to 6.50% (2018: 2.50% to 6.50%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in 24 quarterly instalments. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.228.033 million (2018: Rs.202.700 million) over specific plant & machinery.
- 23.5 These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.50% to 11.25% (2018: 2.50% to 6.73%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in quarterly instalments ranging from 4 to 32. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.8,544.773 million (2018: Rs.8,544.773 million) over specific plant & machinery and pledge of shares of blue chip companies held by the Company having market value Rs.1,037.288 million (2018: Rs.1,712.653 million) as on reporting date.
- 23.6 These loans carry mark-up at the rate of 2.50% (2018: 2.50%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in 32 quarterly instalments. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.1,425 million (2018: Rs.988.553 million) over specific plant & machinery.



				Note	2019	2018
24	DEFERRED LIABILITIES				(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Deferred taxation			24.1	236,675,636	252,518,368
	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity			24.2	272,908,701	225,857,306
					509,584,337	478,375,674
24.1	Deferred taxation					
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) as at year end co	mprises of temp	orary difference	s relating to:		
	Applicated toy depresiation allowed				277 202 750	274 925 974
	Accelerated tax depreciation allowances Staff retirement benefits - gratuity				277,203,750 (18,044,723)	274,825,871 (17,887,673)
	Provision for stores, spares and loose tools				(4,328,873)	(4,419,830)
	Minimum tax carried forward				(18,154,518)	(4,419,030)
	Walland Cax Scalled To Ward			_	236,675,636	252,518,368
24.2	Staff retirement benefits					
	Movement in the net liability recognized in t	he statement o	f financial posi	tion		
	Opening net liability				225,857,306	200,339,674
	Expense for the year in profit and loss			24.2.1	109,967,518	88,856,272
	Remeasurement recognized in other comprehe	ensive income			8,535,640	13,604,382
					344,360,464	302,800,328
	Benefits paid during the year				(71,451,763)	(76,488,022)
	Benefits due but not paid				-	(455,000)
	Closing net liability			_	272,908,701	225,857,306
24.2.1	Expense recognized in the statement of pro	fit or loss				
	Current service cost				92,855,690	76,311,489
	Interest cost				17,111,828	12,544,783
				_	109,967,518	88,856,272
	Movement in the present value of defined be	enefit obligatio	n			
		<b>3</b>				
	Present value of defined benefit obligation				225,857,306	200,339,674
	Current service cost				92,855,690	76,311,489
	Interest cost				17,111,828	12,544,783
	Actuarial loss				8,535,640	13,604,382
	Benefits paid				(71,451,763)	(76,488,022) (455,000)
	Benefits due but not paid			_	272,908,701	225,857,306
		0040	0040	0047		0045
	Historical information	2019	2018	2017 Rupees	2016	2015
	mstorical information			Nupees -		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	272,908,701	225,857,306	200,339,674	250,766,027	272,019,736
	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(8,535,640)	(13,604,382)	7,398,992	9,965,376	(16,363,523)

- Expected gratuity expenses charged to profit and loss for the year ending 30 June 2020 works out to Rs.147,516,581
- The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 5 years.

### **General description**

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all of its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period. Annual charge is made using the actuarial technique of Projected Unit Credit Method. Latest actuarial valuation was carried out on 30 June 2019.



### Principal actuarial assumptions

Following are a few important actuarial assumption used in the valuation:	2019	2018
	%	%
Discount rate	14.25	9.00
Expected rate of increase in salary	13.25	8.00
Average age of employees	31.6 years	31.2 years
Mortality rates (for death in service)	SLIC (2001-05)	SLIC (2001-05)

### Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / decreased as a result of change in respective assumptions by 100 basis point.

			Increase in assumptions Rupees	Decrease in assumptions in 000
	Discount rate		259,811	287,754
	Dissource		200,011	201,104
	Increase in future salaries		288,697	258,701
25	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2019	2018
			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Creditors	25.1	714,556,613	698,488,962
	Accrued liabilities	25.2	2,059,619,157	1,798,358,782
	Advances from customers	26	-	848,204,618
	Workers' profit participation fund	25.3	99,005,254	59,029,338
	Workers' welfare fund	20.0	346,498,561	287,938,361
	Infrastructure fee	25.4	215,818,411	171,604,152
	Payable to provident fund		3,115,242	2,858,698
	Others		3,975,204	800,000
			3,442,588,442	3,867,282,911
25.1	These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:  Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited Sapphire Fibres Limited Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited		17,499 - 4,949,420 142,548 5,109,467	281,201 2,389,600 19,952,380 - 22,623,181
25.2	These balances include the following amount due to related party:			
	Sapphire Power Generation Limited			6,322,962
25.3	Workers' profit participation fund			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		59,029,338	48,729,015
	Allocation for the year	35	99,005,254	59,029,338
	Interest on funds utilized in the Company's business	37	719,673	3,784,843
			99,724,927	62,814,181
			158,754,265	111,543,196
	Less: Payments during the year		(59,749,011)	(52,513,858)
	Balance at the end the year		99,005,254	59,029,338



25.4 It includes Rs.214,405,369 (2018: Rs.170,290,058) representing provision recognised against disputed infrastructure fee levied by the Government of Sindh through Sindh Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2001. The Company has contested this issue in the Sindh High Court (the High Court). The High Court in its judgment dated 15 September 2008 partly accepted the appeal by declaring the levy and collection of infrastructure fee prior to 28 December 2006 as illegal and ultra vires and afterward as legal. The Company filed an appeal in the Supreme Court against this judgement. Additionally, the Government of Sindh also filed appeal for the part of judgement decided against them.

The above appeals were disposed off in May 2011 with a joint statement of the parties that, during the pendency of the appeals, another law come into existence which was not subject matter in the appeal, therefore, the decision thereon be first obtained from the High Court before approaching the Supreme Court with the right to appeal. Accordingly, the petition was filed in the High Court in respect of the above view. During the pendency of this appeal an interim arrangement was agreed whereby bank guarantees furnished for consignments cleared upto 27 December 2006 were returned and bank guarantees were furnished for 50% of the levy for consignment released subsequent to 27 December 2006 while payment was made against the balance amount. Similar arrangement continued for the consignments released during the current year.

As at 30 June 2019, the Company has provided bank guarantees aggregating Rs.214.823 million (2018: Rs.174.823 million) in favour of Excise and Taxation Department.

### 26 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

It includes advances received from Creadore A/S Denmark amounting Rs.45, 117,361 (2018: Rs. 15,321,986)

27	ACCRUED INTEREST / MARK-UP	2019	2018
		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Accrued interest / mark-up on secured:		
	- long term financing	170,362,670	97,940,682
	- short term borrowings	150,061,296_	86,833,519
		320,423,966	184,774,201

27.1 Accrued mark-up includes an amount of Rs.9,637,049 (2018: Rs.7,992,059) due to Bank Alfalah Limited - related party.

28	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Short term loans		5,009,967,750	5,100,000,000
	Running finance under mark-up arrangements		2,549,697,785	2,201,276,206
		28.1	7,559,665,535	7,301,276,206
	Bank overdrafts		-	840,035
	Loan from related parties	28.2	237,843,000	
			7,797,508,535	7,302,116,241

28.1 Aggregate facilities amounting to Rs.15,662 million (2018: Rs.13,580 million) were available to the Company from banking companies. These are secured against hypothecation charge on stock in trade, book debts, export bills under collection and pledge of shares. These carry mark up ranging 2.15% to 13.30% (2018: 2.15% to 7.42%) on local currency loans per annum payable monthly / quarterly. These facilities are renewable on various expiry dates. Short term borrowing includes amounting Rs.813.804 million (2018: Rs.694.849 million) due to Bank Alfalah Limited (related party).

Facilities available for opening letters of credit and guarantees aggregate to Rs.9,987.550 million (2018: Rs.8,080.865 million) out of which the amount remained unutilised at the year-end was Rs.6,461.350 million (2018: Rs.3,218.531 million). These facilities are secured against lien on shipping documents, hypothecation charge on current assets of the Company, cash margins and pledge of shares

28.2 It includes loans received from related parties, which are interest free, unsecured and payable by the entity on demand. Details of the parties are as follows:



			2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Loan from Directors and their spouses		148,140,000	_
	Loan from major shareholders		19,443,000	_
	Loan from associated companies		70,260,000	_
	Louis non accordated companies		237,843,000	
29	PROVISION FOR TAXATION			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		476,622,134	379,464,893
	Provision for the year		401,846,952	305,180,229
	1 Tovision for the your		878,469,086	684,645,122
	Less: Advance tax adjusted during the year against completed assessme	ante	(229,621,309)	(208,022,988)
	Less. Advance tax adjusted during the year against completed assessment	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	648,847,777	476,622,134
30	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	Contingencies			
30.1	Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Company		617,943,587	605,443,587
30.1	Guardineed isolated by banks on bonian of the company		017,040,007	000,440,001
30.2	Post dated Cheques have been issued to Collector of Customs as an indeduties leviable on imports. As at 30 June 2019 the value of these cheq million).	, ,	,	
30.3	A commercial bank has issued a guarantee amounting Rs.45 million in far Sindh on behalf of Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (subsidiary cothe Company.		•	
30.4	Also refer to content of note 9.4.2 and 9.4.3.			
	Commitments	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Commitments in respect of confirmed letter of credit	30.4.1	1,055,047,702	1,540,572,414
	Commitments in respect of capital expenditure	30.4.2	128,731,342	378,946,437
	Community in 1994 of Capital Corporation		1,183,779,044	1,919,518,851
30.4.1	Confirmed letter of credit in respect of:			
	- plant and machinery		297,630,174	1,066,038,792
	- raw material		706,206,126	409,071,691
	- stores and spares		51,211,402	65,461,931
			1,055,047,702	1,540,572,414

**30.4.2** This includes commitments for payments to be made for to various construction companies for the contruction and extention on existing building at multiple plants of the Company.



### 31 NET TURNOVER

		Export	Sales	Local S	Sales	Tota	l
	Note	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Yarn	31.2	13,255,163,103	9,471,685,784	1,427,087,011	3,233,972,878	14,682,250,114	12,705,658,662
Fabric	31.3	10,842,110,780	7,230,285,519	563,725,987	1,894,675,443	11,405,836,767	9,124,960,962
Home textile products		5,183,496,486	4,406,382,128	117,765,718	83,686,393	5,301,262,204	4,490,068,521
Raw material		-	-	29,873,566	167,293,148	29,873,566	167,293,148
Waste	31.4	179,230,548	196,986,230	267,546,934	215,155,865	446,777,482	412,142,095
Processing income			-	2,243,606,323	1,474,503,097	2,243,606,323	1,474,503,097
		29,460,000,917	21,305,339,661	4,649,605,539	7,069,286,824	34,109,606,456	28,374,626,485
Export rebate and duty	drawback					160,828,378	530,178,001
Less: sales tax						(17,682,777)	(8,477,452)
					_	34,252,752,057	28,896,327,034

31.1 Revenue is recognised at point in time as per the terms and conditions of underlying contracts with customers.

		2019	2018
31.2	Export sales - Yarn	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Direct export	4,676,488,557	5,462,045,092
	In-direct export	8,578,674,546	4,009,640,692
		13,255,163,103	9,471,685,784
31.3	Export sales - Fabric		
	Direct export	8,059,404,814	6,262,731,478
	In-direct export	2,782,705,966	967,554,041
		10,842,110,780	7,230,285,519

- **31.4** Export waste sales represent comber noil sales.
- **31.5** Exchange gain due to currency rate fluctuations relating to export sales amounting to Rs.77.652 million (2018: loss of Rs.28.849 million) has been included in export sales.

32	COST OF SALES	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Raw material consumed	32.1	20,441,921,666	16,979,359,791
	Packing material consumed		433,831,982	391,844,257
	Stores and spares consumed		918,861,102	836,920,422
	Salaries, wages and benefits	32.2	3,514,144,126	3,013,925,706
	Fuel, power and water		2,212,273,630	2,160,442,339
	Other manufacturing expenses	32.3	701,221,384	471,507,764
	Repair and maintenance		63,008,830	77,054,783
	Vehicle running expenses		40,582,373	30,934,913
	Travelling and conveyance		41,318,644	36,916,303
	Insurance expenses		27,719,223	26,839,048
	Rent, rates and taxes		15,551,558	23,360,372
	Fees and subscription		6,567,026	5,943,976
	Communication expenses		15,114,005	13,125,056
	Printing and stationery		955,284	2,463,199
	Legal and professional charges		568,308	1,971,482
	Depreciation	6.4	1,114,315,358	1,067,564,046
	Miscellaneous expenses		4,691,425	4,187,146
			29,552,645,924	25,144,360,603
	Work in process			
	Opening stock		478,749,878	397,339,030
	Closing stock	13	(589,256,549)	(478,749,878)
			(110,506,671)	(81,410,848)
	Cost of goods manufactured		29,442,139,253	25,062,949,755
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		850,821,494	955,831,564
	Closing stock	13	(1,491,189,252)	(850,821,494)
			(640,367,758)	105,010,070
	Cost of goods sold - manufactured		28,801,771,495	25,167,959,825
	Cost of raw material sold	32.4	45,247,572	192,126,793
			28,847,019,067	25,360,086,618



		Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
32.1	Raw material consumed			
	Opening balance		4,045,463,922	3,788,923,340
	Purchases		21,529,448,294	17,235,900,373
			25,574,912,216	21,024,823,713
	Closing stock	13	(5,132,990,550)	(4,045,463,922)
			20,441,921,666	16,979,359,791
	Cotton dyeing, bleaching and bale pressing charges		179,369,514	166,818,944
	Yarn dyeing and bleaching charges		47,647,855	34,505,720
	Fabric dyeing, bleaching, knitting and processing charges		66,244,055	72,477,202
	Weaving and yarn doubling charges		48,831,353	73,440,836
	Stitching, spinning and other charges		90,614,042	50,974,728
	Embroidery charges		268,514,565	73,290,334
			701,221,384	471,507,764
32.4	It includes salaries, wages and benefits, insurance and finance cost a (2018: Rs.2,442,743) and Rs.4,004,210 (2018: Rs.8,549,601) respective	U	0,421 (2018: Rs.1,221	I,371), Rs.800,842
		Note	2019	2018
33	DISTRIBUTION COST		(Runees)	(Runees)

		Note	2019	2018
33	DISTRIBUTION COST		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	On export sales			
	Export development surcharge		45,441,414	41,541,227
	Insurance		7,313,037	4,979,842
	Commission		254,905,801	256,771,709
	Ocean freight and forwarding		380,184,579	371,767,472
			687,844,831	675,060,250
	On local sales			
	Inland freight and handling		53,179,803	45,828,682
	Commission		53,010,756	41,052,315
			106,190,559	86,880,997
	Other distribution cost			
	Salaries and benefits	33.1	173,721,218	145,625,338
	Rent and utilities		161,397	583,958
	Communication		13,515,578	12,549,332
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		65,859,323	59,695,302
	Insurance expenses		323,405	-
	Repair and maintenance		394,530	650,815
	Fees and subscription		10,578,633	4,580,890
	Samples and advertising		11,842,377	2,457,502
	Exhibition expenses		10,822,151	22,691,168
	Printing and stationery		398,603	921,698
	Depreciation	6.4	2,425,329	-
	Others		-	246,774
			290,042,544	250,002,777
			1,084,077,934	1,011,944,024

33.1 Salaries and benefits include Rs.6,640,620 (2018: Rs.6,351,220) in respect of provident fund contribution.



		Note	2019	2018
34	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Directors' remuneration		45,600,000	31,200,000
	Directors' meeting fee		300,000	400,000
	Salaries and benefits	34.1	220,382,140	203,517,936
	Rent, rates and utilities	34.1	18,040,850	18,164,962
	Communication		11,989,461	8,845,777
	Printing and stationery		5,302,492	4,369,664
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		30,275,027	36,843,752
	Motor vehicle expenses		15,627,262	14,882,522
	Repair and maintenance		17,725,377	14,474,738
	Insurance expense		2,675,486	2,333,578
	Legal and professional charges		3,413,253	33,746,407
	Fees and subscription		8,500,944	6,966,511
	Computer expenses		6,224,475	7,886,901
	Advertisement		136,630	96,390
	Depreciation	6.4	41,498,103	29,066,446
	Others	0.4	360,218	742,300
	Others		428,051,718	413,537,884
			420,001,110	410,007,004
	Workers' profit participation fund	25.3	99,005,254	59,029,338
	Workers' welfare fund		60,122,623	39,770,240
	Auditors' remuneration	35.1	2,231,850	2,447,517
	Donations	35.2	12,067,030	10,112,485
	Amortization of intangible assets	8.1	1,408,149	1,408,149
	Provision for stores, spares and loose tools	12.1	9,663,308	3,507,811
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable	19.1	153,522,284	-
	Impairment on loan to subsidiaries		-	2,639,400
	Loss on sale of fixed assets	6.5	9,168,093	-
	Exchange loss on remeasurement of long term liability			55,160
			347,188,591	118,970,100
35.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		1,618,000	1,618,000
	Half yearly review fee		423,000	423,000
	Code of corporate governance review fee		85,850	85,850
	Other certification / services		105,000	306,917
	Out of pocket expenses		-	13,750
			2,231,850	2,447,517
35.2	Donations to following organisation are greater than 10% of total donation	ons(Rs.1,206,703	3) of the Company.	
	The Kidney Centre Post Graduate Training Institute		1,250,000	1,000,000
	Network of Organisations Working for People with Disabilities Pakistan (NOW)	PDP)	1,500,000	1,000,000
	Abdullah Foundation	35.2.1	2,300,000	1,000,000
	Abdullati i Utilidatioti	JJ.2. I	5,050,000	2.000.000
			3,030,000	2,000,000

35.2.1 The Directors of the Company who have interest in Abdullah Foundation (donee) are following.

Name of director	Interest in donee	Name and address of donee
Mr. Mohammad Abdullah Mr. Shahid Abdullah Mr. Nadeem Abdullah Mr. Amer Abdullah Mr. Yousuf Abdullah Mr. Shayan Abdullah	Director Director Director Director Director Director	Abdullah Foundation, 312, Cotton Exchange Building,I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.
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36	OTHER INCOME	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Income from financial assets			
	Dividend income			
	- from other companies		397,359,558	428,728,105
	- from subsidiary and associated companies		317,870,640	249,474,650
			715,230,198	678,202,755
	Gain on sale of investments		_	45,941,094
	Mark-up income on loans to subsidiaries		12,822,179	38,375,243
	Exchange gain on foreign currency accounts		3,541,393	1,077,885
	Interest income on saving account and bonds		2,835,359	1,202,045
	·		734,429,129	764,799,022
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net		-	63,565,154
	Credit balance written-back		6,883,216	1,240,625
	Rental income		600,000	600,000
	Technical services		691,482,301	469,917,434
	Scrap sales [Net of sales tax aggregating Rs.9.783 million (2018: Rs.5.7	708 million)]	51,626,400	48,321,835
			750,591,917	583,645,048
37	FINANCE COST		1,485,021,046	1,348,444,070
	Interest / mark-up on :			
	- short term finances		838,361,165	449,535,542
	- long term loans		1,049,341,278	795,013,130
	- Workers' Profit Participation Fund	25.3	719,673	3,784,843
	Tonois Toni allopais. Tana		1,888,422,116	1,248,333,515
	Pank charges, commission and others charges		107 005 125	141 607 006
	Bank charges, commission and others charges Exchange loss on foreign currency loans		197,005,135	141,687,986 1,469,231
	Exchange loss on loreign currency loans		2,085,427,251	1,391,490,732
38	TAXATION		2,000,427,201	1,001,400,702
	Current tax			
	- for the year		402,681,080	305,227,121
	- prior year		(834,128)	(46,892)
	phoryodi		401,846,952	305,180,229
	Deferred to		(45.070.055)	40 500 407
	Deferred tax		(15,278,355)	48,502,497
			386,568,597	353,682,726

<sup>&</sup>quot;There is no relationship between tax expense and accounting profit since the Company's profits are subject to tax under the Final Tax Regime for the current year. Accordingly, no numerical reconciliation has been presented."

- 38.1 The Finance Act, 2017 has amended Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and introduced tax on every public company at the rate of 7.5%, for the year ended 30 June 2017, of its accounting profit before tax for the year. However, this tax shall not apply in case the Company distribute 40% of the accounting profit through cash dividend within six months of the end of the said year. The Company filed a Constitutional Petition (CP) before the Honourable Sindh High Court (SHC), Sindh on 28 July 2017 challenging the vires of amended Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, and SHC accepted the CP and granted stay against the newly amended section 5A. In case the SHC's decision is not in favour of the Company; the Company will either be required to declare amount of dividend or it will be liable to pay additional tax at the rate of 7.5% of its profit before tax for the financial year ended 30 June 2017. The Company has complied with this section for the year ended 30 June 2018. However, the matter is still pending with the court for the year ended 30 June 2017, as at current reporting date.
- 38.2 The Board of Directors of the Company has proposed a dividend amounting to Rs. 522.162 million in their meeting held on 26 September 2019 for the financial and tax year 2019 which meets the prescribed minimum dividend requirement as referred above. The Company believes that it would not be liable to pay tax on its undistributed profits as of 30 June 2019.



39	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		2019	2018
	Profit after taxation for the year	Rupees	2,559,439,945	1,595,059,020
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number	20,083,140	20,083,140
	Earnings per share - basic and diluted	Rupees	127.44	79.42
40	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	Note	2019	2018
			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Profit before taxation  Adjustments for non-cash items:		2,946,008,542	1,948,741,746
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets		1,158,238,790	1,096,630,492
	Gain on sale of investments Amortization of intangible assets		1,408,149	(45,941,094) 1,408,149
	Interest income		(15,657,538)	(39,577,288)
	Loss / (gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment		9,168,093	(63,565,154)
	Dividend income - others		(397,359,558)	(428,728,105)
	Dividend income - subsidiary and associate		(317,870,640)	(249,474,650)
	Provision for gratuity		109,967,518	88,856,272
	Provision for stores, spares and loose tools		9,663,308	3,507,811
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable		153,522,284	-
	Credit balance written back		(6,883,216)	(1,240,625)
	Impairment loss		-	2,639,400
	Exchange differences			55,160
	Finance cost Rental income		2,085,427,251 (600,000)	1,390,021,501 (600,000)
	Remainicome		2,789,024,441	1,753,991,869
	Operating cash flow before changes in working capital		5,735,032,983	3,702,733,615
	Changes in working capital			
	(Increase) / Decrease in current assets			
	Stores, spare and loose tools		(13,106,126)	(64,358,239)
	Stock-in-trade		(2,010,266,735)	(47,178,660)
	Trade debts		749,290,597	(1,223,555,816)
	Loans and advances		47,248,229 1,151,212	(14,991,481)
	Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables		(371,548,794)	9,619,256 (260,509,083)
	Other receivables		(1,597,231,617)	(1,600,974,023)
	(Decrease) / Increase in current liabilities		(1,001,011)	(1,000,011,020)
	Trade and other payables		(417,811,253)	769,273,760
	Contract liabilities		850,602,812	-
			4,570,592,925	2,871,033,352
41	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Bank overdrafts		_	(840,035)
	Cash and bank balances	20	96,759,191	55,448,646
			96,759,191	54,608,611
			,,	,,-



### 42 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The related parties comprise of associated companies (due to common directorship), subsidiaries, directors and key management personnel. The remuneration of key management personnel is disclosed in note 45. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Significant transactions with related parties are as

	Relationship with the Company	Nature of transactions	2019	2018
		_	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
(i)	Subsidiaries	Sales of fabric / processing / stores / services	2,996,099,227	2,231,520,066
		Purchase of vehicle	2,350,000	-
		Shares deposit money	1,000,000,000	507,200,000
		Shares received	1,000,000,000	542,200,000
		Expenses charged to the Company	441,371	247,386
		Markup charged to the Company	12,822,179	29,458,639
		Loans recovered	(482,000,000)	(30,150,000)
		Rental income	600,000	600,000
		Dividend received	279,999,998	230,999,997
(ii)	Associates	Sales of yarn/fabric/processing/stores	2,024,157,587	1,682,722,816
		Purchase of yarn/fabric/processing/stores/rent/fixed assets	348,990,618	571,612,288
		Purchase of electricity / steam	10,886,678	185,673,211
		Expenses charged to the Company	44,785,484	40,661,316
		Expenses charged by the Company	8,683,181	6,348,750
		Markup charged by the Company	44,800,008	37,305,064
		Dividend paid	89,971,632	-
		Dividend received	37,870,642	18,474,652
		Loans obtained net	189,215,131	269,120,929
(iii)	Others	Contribution to provident fund	41,782,093	38,056,796
		Loan from directors and related parties	167,583,000	-
		Sale of vehicles to key management personnel	1,869,482	-

42.1 The related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place are

Company Name	Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of shareholding
Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited	Subsidiary	70%
Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	57.125%
Sapphire Retail Limited	Subsidiary	100%
Sapphire Renewables Limited	Subsidiary	100%
Sapphire Solar Private Limited	Subsidiary	100%
Sapphire Tech Private Limited	Subsidiary	100%
Creadore A/S	Associated Company	49%
Sapphire Power Generation Limited	Associated Company	26.43%
Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited	Associated Company	21.36%
Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	Common directorship	3.04%
Sapphire Electric Company Limited	Common directorship	1.42%
Sapphire Holding Limited	Common directorship	0.05%
Sapphire Fibres Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Yousuf Agencies (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Four Strength (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Diamond Fabrics Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Bank Alfalah Limited	Investor in a subsidiary of the Company	N/A
Amer Tex (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Galaxy Agencies (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Nadeem Enterprises (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Neelum Textile Mills (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Sapphire Agencies (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Green Field Enterprises (Private) Limited	Subsidiary of an associated company	N/A



43	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2019	2018
	Number of employees at year end	9,120	8,303
	Average number of employees	8,864	8,233
44	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION		
	Spinning		
	Total number of spindles installed	139,433	136,689
	Average number of spindles worked	138,424	135,210
	Total number of rotors installed	3,120	3,120
	Average number of rotors worked	-	-
	Number of shifts worked per day	3	3
	Total days worked	365	365
	Installed capacity after conversion into 20/s lbs.	119,255,126	116,402,443
	Actual production after conversion into 20/s lbs	98,423,297	94,254,079
	Weaving		
	Total number of looms installed	360	371
	Average number of looms worked	360	349
	Number of shifts worked per day	3	3
	Total days worked	365	365
	Installed capacity(at 50 picks/inch of fabric square meters)	145,980,990	134,694,682
	Actual production(at 50 picks/inch of fabric square meters)	142,630,979	133,169,328
	Finishing and Printing		
	Production capacity meters	43,200,000	38,400,000
	Actual production meters	38,986,791	35,983,431

#### **Home Textile Product**

The capacity of this unit is undeterminable due to multi product involving varying processes of manufacturing and run length of order lots.

#### 44.1 Reason for low production

Under utilization of available capacity for spinning and finishing and printing is mainly due to normal maintenance / temporarily shut down and changes in production pattern.

#### 45 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Executives		Direct	tor	Chief Executive	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Remenuration	252,541,929	232,907,156	12,600,000	7,200,000	33,000,000	24,000,000
Bonus	24,667,078	22,385,463	-	-	-	-
Medical	3,245,176	3,323,400	-	-	-	-
Contribution to provident fund	12,102,292	11,374,954	-	-	-	-
Leave encashment and other benefits	28,861,328	11,514,168	-	-	-	-
	321,417,803	281,505,141	12,600,000	7,200,000	33,000,000	24,000,000
Number of persons	75	68	1	1	1	1

- 45.1 In addition, some of the above persons have been provided with the company maintained cars.
- 45.2 Meeting fee of Rs.0.300 million (2018: Rs.0.400 million) has been paid to independent non-executive director. No other remuneration has been paid to non-executive directors of the Company.
- 45.3 The Chief Executive and Executive Director were also provided with the telephones at residence.



		Un-Audited 2019	Audited 2018
46	PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURES	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
46.1	The following information is based on the financial statements of the Fund as at 30 June 2019		
	Size of the fund - Total assets	278,942,234	231,001,566
	Cost of investments made	268,325,092	209,071,123
	Fair value of investments  Percentage of Investments made	275,637,835 98.82%	227,974,444 98.69%
46.2	The break-up of fair value of investments is as follows:		

	2019	2018	2019	2018
	( Percentage )	( Percentage )	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
National Saving Schemes	98.46%	99.20%	271,406,743	226,143,321
Loan to members	0.21%	0.26%	576,857	581,864
Bank Balance - saving	1.33%	0.55%	3,654,235	1,249,259
	100%	100%	275,637,835	227,974,444

46.3 The investments out of provident fund have made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the rules formulated for this purpose.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 47

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk Liquidity risk Market risk

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

#### 47.1 **Credit risk**

#### 47.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the trade debts, trade deposits, other receivables, other financial assets and cash and bank balances. Out of total financial assets of Rs.11,390 million (2018: Rs.13,114 million), financial assets which are subject to credit risk aggregate to Rs.3,313 million (2018: Rs.3,264 million). The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2019	2018
	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
Long term deposits	87,909,092	88,434,708
Trade debts	2,197,892,804	2,947,183,401
Loan to employees	51,343,927	36,741,452
Trade deposits	4,065,140	3,870,501
Other receivables	822,655,494	133,494,663
Short term investments	53,443,295	-
Bank balances	95,242,191	54,351,073
	3,312,551,943	3,264,075,798



47.1.2 The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the reporting date by geographical region is as follows:

	2019	2018
	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
Domestic	1,650,480,109	1,790,546,281
Export	547,412,695	1,156,637,120
	2,197,892,804	2,947,183,401

The majority of export debts of the Company are situated in Asia, Europe and North America.

47.1.3 Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating scorecard and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables and contract assets are regularly monitored and all exports are covered by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance obtained from reputable banks.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type and customer type). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written-off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets disclosed above. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The letters of credit for export sales are considered integral part of export trade receivables and there is no past history of default in case of export debtors, so the expected credit loss rate for the export trade receivables is insignificant, hence gross amount equals to net carrying amount. However, for local trade receivables the Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to them as low, as its customers mostly deal in advances and their demand is order based.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Company's local trade receivables assets using a provision matrix:

_	Not due	1-30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	181-360 days	361 days or more
				Rupees			
<u>As at 30 June 2019</u>							
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default Expected credit loss	924,835,461 6,787,847	331,960,447 10,401,101	208,541,467 3,476,282	162,325,440 1,612,100	44,395,138 154,273	3,415,038 2,561,278	11,512,983 11,512,983

47.1.4 Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's finance department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Company's Board of Directors on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the Company's Finance Committee. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through a counterparty's potential failure to make payments. The Company deals with banks having credit ratings in the top categories therefore, considers these as low risk and does not expect credit loss to arise on the balances. Following are the credit ratings of banks with which balances are held or credit lines available:

Name of bank	Rating Agency	Rati	g	
Name of bank	Rating Agency	Short term	Long term	
MCB Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
National Bank of Pakistan	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
Meezan Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AA+	
United Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA	
Habib Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA	
Citibank N.A.	Moody's	P-1	Aa3	
Faysal Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA	
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+	
Bank Al-Habib Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+	
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1	AA	
Allied Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
Samba Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1	AA	
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	Moody's	P-1	A1	
Bank Alfalah Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+	
The Bank of Punjab	PACRA	A1+	AA	
Soneri Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA-	



#### 47.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credits facilities. The Company's treasury department maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credits lines.

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

	2019							
	Carrying amount	Contractual cashflow	Up to 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	5 years and above			
			Rupees					
Long term financing Trade and other payables	14,258,359,521 2,781,266,216	18,226,035,999 2,781,266,216	3,127,730,141 2,781,266,216	12,757,064,140	2,341,241,718 -			
Accrued interest / mark-up	320,423,966	320,423,966	320,423,966	-	-			
Unclaimed dividend	1,795,457	1,795,457	1,795,457	-	-			
Short term borrowings	7,797,508,535 25,159,353,695	7,940,128,276 29,269,649,914	7,940,128,276 14,171,344,056	12,757,064,140	2,341,241,718			
			11,111,011,000	1=,101,001,110				
			2018					
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flow	Up to 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	5 years and above			
			Rupees					
Long term financing Trade and other payables	13,997,415,153 3,348,711,060	17,187,294,587 3,348,711,060	1,927,036,866 3,348,711,060	11,940,730,341	3,319,527,380			
Accrued interest / mark-up	184,774,201	184,774,201	184,774,201	-	-			
Unclaimed dividend	1,309,519	1,309,519	1,309,519	-	-			
Short term borrowings	7,301,276,206	7,375,599,394	7,375,599,394	- 11 040 720 241	2 240 527 200			
	24,833,486,139	28,097,688,761	12,837,431,040	11,940,730,341	3,319,527,380			

**47.2.1** The contractual cash flow relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark-up / interest rates effective at the respective year-end. The rates of mark-up / interest have been disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements.

#### 47.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments.



#### 47.3.1 Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on import of raw materials, stores and spares and export of goods mainly denominated in US Dollar, Euro, Japanese Yen and Swiss Frank. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk for US Dollar, Euro, Japanese Yen and Swiss Frank is as follows:

	2019						
	Rupees	US \$	EURO	JPY	CHF	AED	GBP
Trade debts	(547,412,695)	(2,741,522)	(524,779)				
Bank balances	(17,377,997)	(101,569)	(3,867)		-		
	(564,790,692)	(2,843,091)	(528,646)	-	-	-	-
Outstanding letters of credit	1,055,047,702	4,028,853	1,216,360	14,604,000	48,900	2,955,600	9,000
Net Exposures	490,257,010	1,185,762	687,714	14,604,000	48,900	2,955,600	9,000
		2018					
	Rupees	US\$	EURO	JPY	CHF	AED	GBP
Trade debts	(1,156,637,120)	(8,380,334)	(985,377)	-	-		
Bank balances	(2,346,114)	(14,824)	(3,867)	-	-	-	
	(1,158,983,234)	(8,395,158)	(989,244)	-	-	•	-
Outstanding letters of credit	1,540,572,414	9,512,741	2,465,381		284,493		
Forward exchange contracts	418,358,982	2,185,556	1,202,560	-	-		-
Net Exposures	799,948,162	3,303,139	2,678,697	-	284,493	-	•
The following significant exchange	rates have been applie	s as at reporting	date:				
coming organization oxondrigo	.a.co navo boon applio	o ao at roporting				2019	2018
US \$ to Rupees (Buying/Selling) Euro to Rupees (Buying/Selling)						164 / 164.5 186.37 / 186.99	121.4 / 121.6 141.33 / 141.57

#### Sensitivity analysis

A 20 percent (2018: 10 percent) strengthening of the Rupees against US Dollar and Euro at 30 June would have increase / (decrease) equity and profit and loss account by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particulars interest rates, remain constant.

	Equity (Rupees)	Profit or loss ( Rupees )
As at 30 June 2019	(Taposo)	(Haposo)
Effect in US Dollar Effect in Euro	(93,253,385) (19,704,751)	(93,253,385) (19,704,751)
As at 30 June 2018		
Effect in US Dollar Effect in Euro	(101,917,340) (13,980,985)	(101,917,340) (13,980,985)

20 percent (2018: 10 percent) weakening of the Rupees against the above currency at 30 June would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variable remain constant.



#### 47.3.2 Interest rate risk

At the reporting date, the profit, interest and mark-up rate profile of the Company's significant financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

	Effectiv	Effective rate		Amount
	2019	<b>2019</b> 2018		2018
	(Percentage)	(Percentage)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial liabilities				
Long term financing	2.5% to 6.5%	2.5% to 6.5%	4,535,248,994	3,506,932,975
Short term borrowings	2.15% to 3%	2.15% to 2.50%	2,100,000,000	1,800,000,000
Variable rate instruments				
Financial liabilities				
Long term financing	6.47% - 13.43%	6.10% - 6.85%	9,723,110,527	10,490,482,178
Short term borrowings - local currency	6.46% to 13.30%	6.43% to 7.42%	5,459,665,535	5,501,276,206

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in mark-up / interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss account.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in mark-up / interest rates at the balance sheet date would have increased / (decreased) profit for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2019.

	Profit and loss 100 bps	
	Increase	(Decrease)
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
As at 30 June 2019		
Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments	151,827,761	(151,827,761)
	•	
As at 30 June 2018		
Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments	159,917,584	(159,917,584)

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and liabilities of the Company.

#### 47.3.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). Other price risk arises from the Company's investment in ordinary shares of listed Companies. To manage its price risk arising from aforesaid investments, the company diversify its portfolio and continuously monitor developments in equity markets. In addition the Company actively monitors the key factors that affect stock price movement.

A 10% increase / decrease in share prices of listed companies at the reporting date would have increased / decreased the Company's unrealized gain on investments at fair value through OCI as follows:

	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Effect on equity	799,104,425	983,694,980
Effect on investments	799,104,425	983,694,980

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on equity / investments of the Company.



#### 47.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

47.5	Financial instruments by Category	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Debt instruments at amortised cost		
	Long term deposits	87,909,092	88,434,708
	Trade debts	2,197,892,804	2,947,183,401
	Loan to employees	51,343,927	36,741,452
	Trade deposits	4,065,140	3,870,501
	Other receivables	822,655,494	133,494,663
	Bank balances	95,242,191	54,351,073
		3,259,108,648	3,264,075,798
	Debt instruments at fair value through OCI		
	Sales tax refund bonds	53,443,295	
	Equity instruments at fair value through OCI		
	Quoted equity shares	7,991,044,248	9,836,949,797
	Unquoted equity shares	86,648,236	86,648,236
		8,077,692,484	9,923,598,033
	Total current	6,951,887,850	7,205,268,354
	Total non current	4,438,356,577	5,908,963,999
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
	At amortized cost		
	Trade and other payables	2,781,266,216	3,348,711,060
	Accrued interest / mark-up	320,423,966	184,774,201
	Unclaimed dividend	1,795,457	1,309,519
	Secured bank loan	12,257,108,436	12,857,957,903
	Bank overdrafts	-	840,035
	Short term finances from banks	9,560,916,620	8,440,733,456
	Other current loans	237,843,000	
		25,159,353,695	24,834,326,174
	Total current	12,580,025,836	11,790,284,551
	Total non current	12,579,327,859	13,044,041,623



#### 47.6 Fair value hierarchy

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair value.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1. Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for identical instrument.

Level 2.Inputs other than quoted price included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3. Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The main level of inputs used by the Company for its financial assets are derived and evaluated as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
As at 30 June 2019			
Assets carried at fair value			
Debt instruments at fair value through OCI	-	53,443,295	-
Equity instruments at fair value through OCI	7,991,044,248	-	86,648,236
	7,991,044,248	53,443,295	86,648,236
As at 30 June 2018			,
Assets carried at fair value			
Equity instruments at fair value through OCI	9,836,949,797	-	86,648,236
Cashflow hedge at fair value through OCI		17,651,047	-
	9,836,949,797	17,651,047	86,648,236

#### 47.7 Capital risk management

The Company's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Consistent with others in the industry, the company manages its capital risk monitoring its debts levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectations of the shareholders. Debt is calculated as total borrowings (long term financing and short term borrowings as shown in the statement of financial position). Total capital comprises shareholders' equity as shown in the statement of financial position under 'share capital and reserves'.

	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Total borrowings	22,055,868,056	21,299,531,394
Less: Cash and bank balances	96,759,191	55,448,646
Net debt	21,959,108,865	21,244,082,748
Total equity	16,382,080,342	16,022,255,202
Total capital	38,341,189,207	37,266,337,950
	2019	2018
	(Percentage)	(Percentage)
Gearing ratio	57.27	57.01

#### 48 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

The board of directors in its meeting held on 26 September 2019 proposed cash dividendof Rs. 26. (2018: Rs. 16) per ordinary share of Rs. 10 each which is subject to approval by shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and has not recognised in these financial statements. The board of directors approved 8% right shares at Rs.400 (including premium of Rs.390) per share in proportion of 8 shares for every 100 shares held by the shareholder.

#### 49 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on September 26, 2019.

Nadeem AbdullahAbdul SattarMohammad AbdullahChief ExecutiveChief Financial OfficerDirector



# Pattern of Shareholding As At June 30, 2019

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	FROM	то	TOTAL SHARES HELD
280	1	100	4,296
45	101	500	12,512
15	501	1,000	11,042
26	1,001	5,000	53,421
5	5,001	10,000	38,815
2	10,001	15,000	25,293
2	15,001	20,000	34,370
2	20,001	25,000	41,623
2	25,001	30,000	56,500
1	30,001	35,000	32,500
2	35,001	40,000	73,283
1	45,001	50,000	46,617
1	50,001	55,000	51,420
2	60,001	65,000	123,667
1	70,001	75,000	72,542
1	75,001 75,001	80,000	75,400
1	90,001	95,000	93,241
2			
	105,001	110,000	217,500
1	125,001	130,000	128,401
1	130,001	135,000	131,000
1	145,001	150,000	146,500
1	175,001	180,000	175,500
1	200,001	205,000	201,800
1	210,001	215,000	211,100
1	235,001	240,000	239,013
1	260,001	265,000	264,638
1	270,001	275,000	272,594
1	290,001	295,000	293,123
1	375,001	380,000	378,057
1	385,001	390,000	386,183
1	395,001	400,000	400,000
1	460,001	465,000	461,532
1	500,001	505,000	504,611
1	525,001	530,000	525,106
1	560,001	565,000	564,522
1	585,001	590,000	586,242
1	605,001	610,000	609,063
1	620,001	625,000	623,289
2	635,001	640,000	1,270,681
2	895,001	900,000	1,800,000
1	920,001	925,000	924,088
2	945,001	950,000	1,900,000
1	1,675,001	1,680,000	1,677,128
1	2,105,001	2,110,000	2,106,659
1	2,235,001	2,240,000	2,238,268
421			20,083,140

<sup>\*</sup> Note: There is no shareholding in the slab not mantioned

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# Categories of Shareholders As At June 30, 2019

Particulars	No. of Shares Held	Percentage %
Directors, CEO, and their spouse and minor children	9,943,546	49.51
Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties	6,215,749	30.95
NIT & ICP	929,028	4.63
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non- Banking Finance Institutions	129	0.00
Insurance Companies	11,910	0.06
Others Companies	264,506	1.32
General Public (Local)	2,718,272	13.54
	20,083,140	100.00



# Pattern of Shareholding As At June 30, 2019

#### A) ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES

Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	100,223
Sapphire Power Generation Limited	283,642
Sapphire Agencies (Pvt.) Limited	2,331,509
Amer Tex (Pvt.) Limited	388,093
Neelum Textile Mills (Pvt.) Limited	419,094
Galaxy Agencies (Pvt.) Limited	504,611
Salman Ismail (SMC-PRIVATE) Limited	592,522
Nadeem Enterprise (Pvt.) Limited	586,242
Sapphire Holding Limited	264,638
Four Strength (Pvt) Ltd.	745,175

#### B) NIT & ICP

National Bank of Pakistan - Trustee Department NI(U)T Fund	924,088
National Investment Trust Limited	4,940

## C) DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN

#### **DIRECTORS & THEIR SPOUSES**

Mr. Yousuf Abdullah	2,120,042
Mr. Shahid Abdullah	396,057
Mr. Nabel Abdullah	900,000
Mr. Shayan Abdullah	950,000
Mr. Mohammad Abdullah	461,532
Mr. Amer Abdullah	1,709,628
Mrs. Ambareen Amer	811,006
Mrs. Shamshad Begum	637,563
Mrs. Shireen Shahid	656,106
Mrs. Usma Yousuf	107,500
Mr. Nadeem Karamat	500



# Pattern of Shareholding As At June 30, 2019

#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER & HIS SPOUSES**

Mr. Nadeem Abdullah	698,689
Mrs. Noshaba Nadeem	494,923

# D) BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, MODARABAS & MUTUAL FUNDS

#### **BANKS**

National Bank of Pakistan 129

#### **INSURANCE COMPANIES**

EFU Life Assurance Limited 11,910

#### E) SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE

Mr. Amer Abdullah	1,709,628
Mr. Yousuf Abdullah	2,120,042
Sapphire Agencies (Pvt.) Limited	2,331,509

# F) TRADING IN THE SHARES OF COMPANY DURING THE YEAR BY THE DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXCEUTIVE OFFICER, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, COMPANY SECRETARY AND THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDERN

Gifted by Mrs. Shireen Shahid to Mr. Hasan Abdullah 950,000
Mrs. Shamshad Begum Purchased 1,000

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## Directors' Report to the Shareholders

On behalf of Board of Directors of Holding Company of Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited, Sapphire Retail Limited, Tricon Boston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited, Sapphire Renewables Limited, Sapphire Tech (Private) Limited, Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited, it is our pleasure to present Directors' Report with Audited Consolidated Financial Statement of the Group and Auditor's report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited

The Company is 70% owned by Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd and 30% by Bank Alfalah Limited. The Company has set up a wind farm with capacity of 52.80 MW at Jhimpir which started Commercial operations in Nov 2015 – the project is operating following best industry practices and is yielding satisfactory results.

#### Sapphire Retail Limited

Sapphire Retail Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited. The principal business of subsidiary is to operate "Sapphire brand" retail outlets for sale of textile and other products.

#### Tricon Boston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited

Tricon Boston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited is incorporated under the laws of Pakistan and operating 3 projects having capacity of 50 MW each in Jhimpir Sindh. All the three projects have successfully commenced commercial operation in September, 2018.

#### Sapphire Renewables Limited

Sapphire Renewables Limited, is wholly owned subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited, incorporated on May 30, 2016. The main business of the company is to make investment in Renewable Energy Projects.

#### Sapphire Tech (Pvt.) Limited

The subsidiary is established to setup electric power generation project and sell electric power. It is 100% equity owned. The shareholders of the holding company have approved to liquidate or sell the company in annual general meeting held on October 26, 2015. The management is in the process of evaluating best option in light of above resolution.

#### Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited

Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited is wholly owned subsidiary of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited. The shareholders of the holding company have approved to liquidate or sell the company in annual general meeting held on October 26, 2015. The management is in the process of evaluating best option in light of above resolution.

On behalf of the Board

Lahore NADEEMABDULLAH MOHAMMAD ABDULLAH
Dated: September 26, 2019 CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

## سيفائر ٹيک (يرائيويٹ) لميٹڈ

سبیڈ بیڑی الیکٹرک پاور جزیشن پروجیکٹ اور بھل کی فروخت کیلئے قائم کی گئی۔ بیسو فیصدا کیبوٹی کی ملکیت ہے۔ ہولڈنگ کمپنی کے ثیئر ہولڈرز نے سالا نہ اجلاس عام منعقدہ 2016 توبر 2015ء میں کمپنی کی تحلیل یا فروخت کی منظوری دی ہے۔ اس ضمن میں سینجمنٹ بہترین آپشن کا جائزہ لینے کے عمل میں ہے۔

## سيفائرُ سولر (يرائيويث) لميشرُّ

سیفائر سولر (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ سیفائر ٹیکٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی کلمل ملکیتی سبسیڈ بیٹری ہے۔ بیسو فیصدا بکیوٹی ملکیت ہے۔ ہولڈنگ کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرز نے سالا نہ اجلاس عام منعقدہ 2016 اکتو بر 2015ء میں کمپنی کی تحلیل یا فروخت کی منظوری دی ہے۔اس ضمن میں مینجنٹ بہترین آپشن کا جائز ہ لینے کے ممل میں ہے۔

#### منجانب بورد

لا جور_	نديم عبدالله	محمد عبدالله
مورخه 26 ستمبر 2019ء	چیف ایگزیکٹیو	ڈائز یکٹر



## ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

سیفائر ونڈ پاور کمپنی لمیٹڈ سیفائر ریٹیل لمیٹڈ 'ٹرائیکون بوسٹن کنسلٹنگ کارپوریشن (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ 'سیفائر رینیویبلز لمیٹڈ'سیفائر فلیکسیفائر فلیکسیٹڈ' کی ہولڈنگ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے 30 جون 2019ء کوکمل ہونے والے سال کیلئے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ معہ گروپ کے آڈٹ شدہ کنسالیڈ یٹڈ اسٹیٹمنٹس اور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ پیش کرنے کا اعزاز حاصل کررہے ہیں:

## سيفائرونڈ ياور سپنی لميٹڈ

کمپنی 70 فیصد سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈی ملکیت اور 3 فیصد بنک الفلاح لمیٹڈی ملکیت ہے۔ کمپنی نے جھمپر میں 52.8 ایم ڈبلیو گنجائش کے ونڈ فارم لگائے ہیں جنہوں نے نومبر 2015ء میں تجارتی سرگرمیاں شروع کردی ہیں۔ پر دجیکٹ بہترین صنعتی عمل انجام دے رہا ہے اور اطمینان بخش نتائج حاصل ہورہے ہیں۔

## سيفائرريثيل لمبيثثه

سیفائر ریٹیل لمیٹڈ سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی مکمل ملکیت کی سبسیڈ ئیری ہے۔اس سبسیڈ بیئری کا اہم کاروبار ٹیکسٹائل اور دیگر مصنوعات کی فروخت کیلئے''سیفائر برانڈ'' ریٹیل آؤٹ کیٹس چلانا ہے۔

## ٹرائیکون بوسٹن کنسلٹنگ کارپوریشن (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹر

ٹرائیکون بوسٹن کنسلٹنگ کارپوریشن (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ جھمپر سندھ میں پاکتانی قوانین کے تحت تشکیل پائی ہے اور 3X50 میگا واٹ ونڈ انر جی کے (3) پروجیکٹس چلار ہی ہے۔ تینوں پروجیکٹ کی تجارتی سرگرمیاں تتمبر 2018سے کا میابی کے ساتھ شروع ہوگی ہیں۔

## سيفائررينو يبلزلميشر

سیفائر رینو پبلزلمیٹڈ مکمل طور پر سیفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹڈ کی ملکیتی سبیڈیئری ہے جو 30مئی 2016ء کو تشکیل ہوئی تھی۔ کمپنی کا اصل کاروباررینو پبل انرجی پروجیکٹس میں سر ماییکاری ہے۔



### Independent auditor's report

To the members of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019 and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2019 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

#### Key audit matters

1. Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The Group's consolidated financial statements comprise of transactions and balances of the parent company, its subsidiaries and associates. Consolidating these financial statements involves elimination of intercompany transactions and balances and consolidation of the amounts and disclosures of each entity's financial statements.

Significant auditor attention is required in review of the consolidation schedules as the Group comprises of a number of subsidiaries as associates and intercompany transactions are material to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, hence these are considered a Key Audit Matter.

#### Our audit addressed the key audit matter

We reviewed the consolidation schedules in relation to transactions and balances of the subsidiaries.

We reviewed the computation of share of profit of associates.

We cross-matched the inter-company transactions and balances with the respective financial statements of the entities for elimination of the same.

We reviewed the arithmetic accuracy of the consolidation schedules.

We reviewed the work performed by component auditors including reviewing reporting deliverables from the component audit teams.

We reviewed the completeness of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements by comparing with the relevant disclosures in each entity's individual financial statements.



#### Key audit matters

#### Our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### 2. Stock in trade

The parent Company has a composite textile set-up comprising spinning, weaving, processing and home textile units. Therefore its stock in trade includes various inventory items including cotton, yarn and fabric categorized into raw materials, work in process and finished goods based on the processes of respective units where these are being utilized / produced. These are stored at various geographically dispersed locations.

Stock in trade as at 30 June 2019 amounted to Rs. 9.737 billion comprising a significant percentage (9.42%) of the Group's total assets.

Due to the above factors, significant auditor attention is required in auditing of inventory balances and transactions during the year and hence considered a Key Audit Matter.

#### 3. Adoption of IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

As referred to in note 5.1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, IFRS 9, Financial Instruments was applicable for the first time for the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

As disclosed in note 50.5, the Group has significant amount of financial assets and liabilities classified under different categories i.e.; debt instruments at amortized cost, debt and equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial liabilities at amortized cost. These instruments are subject to different initial recognition, subsequent measurement and disclosure requirements based on their respective categorization.

Adoption of IFRS 9 required significant audit attention as this involved assessment of the appropriate classification of the financial instruments into their respective categories based on their underlying characteristics and business model of the Group as well as compliance of the transition and disclosure requirements.

We gained an understanding of the management's process of recording and valuing inventories.

We tested controls over the parent Company's processes of inventory purchases and issuance.

We attended inventory counts and reconciled the count results to inventory listings at the year end.

We performed substantive procedures over purchases recorded during the year.

We tested the valuation of inventory items in accordance with parent Company's policy and international accounting standards.

We assessed the appropriateness of basis of allocation of factory overheads to closing work in process and finished goods.

We identified the Group's financial instruments from its financial statements and obtained management's assessment of their classification into relevant categories of IFRS 9.

We assessed the purpose of acquiring the financial assets and management's intention of holding these in order to ascertain the business model of the respective portfolios to ensure their appropriate classification.

We reviewed the transition requirements of IFRS 9 and ensured that the method of retrospective application adopted by management is in compliance with the transition requirements.

We considered the adequacy and appropriateness of the additional disclosures and changes to the previous disclosures based on the new requirements.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



#### Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### $Auditors' Responsibilities for the \, Audit \, of the \, Consolidated \, Financial \, Statements$

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of Sapphire Textile Mills Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 27 September 2018.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Farooq Hameed.

Lahore: EY Ford Rhodes
Dated: September 26, 2019 Chartered Accountants



# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2019

			(Restated)
	Note	2019	2018
ASSETS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	67,853,221,445	51,637,703,603
nvestment property	8	31,750,000	31,750,000
ntangible assets	9	457,922,727	473,465,504
ong term investments ong term loans and advances	10 11	5,392,557,086 51,343,927	6,879,577,347 36,741,452
Long term loans and advances  Long term deposits and prepayments	12	255,063,553	249,086,588
toring torini doposite dira propaymonto		74,041,858,738	59,308,324,494
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools	13	639,876,314	513,863,81
Stock in trade	14	9,737,203,625	7,478,759,709
Frade debts	15	5,587,782,714	3,966,358,463
Loans and advances  Trade deposits and short term prepayments	16 17	137,705,316 58,776,966	217,215,440 54,436,38
Other receivables	18	2,946,182,241	1,054,367,94
Short term investments	19	4,030,717,707	4,103,068,74
Tax refunds due from Government	20	1,762,118,693	2,033,428,680
Cash and bank balances	21	4,414,025,673	4,617,720,454
		29,314,389,249	24,039,219,63
TOTAL ASSETS		103,356,247,987	83,347,544,129
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital			
35,000,000 (2018: 35,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each		350,000,000	350,000,000
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital		000 004 400	
20,083,140 (2018: 20,083,140) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	22 23	200,831,400	200,831,40
Reserves Equity attributable to equityholders of the parent	23	17,938,008,345 18,138,839,745	16,332,142,74 16,532,974,14
Non-controlling interest		6,204,799,788	5,045,923,88
Total Equity		24,343,639,533	21,578,898,03
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term financing	24	55,768,661,310	41,147,456,937
Deferred liabilities	25	439,447,411	410,333,097
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	26	10,644,971	31,789,874
		56,218,753,692	41,589,579,908
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Frade and other payables	27	5,089,972,393	7,729,461,56
Contract liabilities	28	850,602,812	-
Accrued Interest / mark-up Jnclaimed dividend	29	539,247,498	330,132,39
Short term borrowings	30	1,795,457 8,858,241,142	1,309,519 8,294,872,40
Current portion of long term financing	24	6,774,126,398	3,333,466,69
Current portion of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	26	3,807,116	8,878,90
Provision for taxation	31	676,061,946	480,944,70
CONTINCENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	22	22,793,854,762	20,179,066,18
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	32		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		103,356,247,987	83,347,544,129
The annexed notes from 1 to 53 form an integral part of these consolida	ted financial statemer	nts.	
Nadeem Abdullah Abdul S		Mohammad Ab	dullah
Chief Everytive	:-1 Ott:	D:+	

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive

Director



## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Note	2019 ( Rupees )	(Restated) 2018 ( Rupees )
Net turnover	33	49,641,617,037	35,380,562,771
Cost of sales	34	(35,792,532,087)	(28,856,546,011)
Gross profit		13,849,084,950	6,524,016,760
Distribution cost	35	(2,857,822,555)	(2,779,104,842)
Administrative expenses	36	(795,739,879)	(815,612,092)
Other operating expenses	37	(515,724,842)	(123,487,888)
Other income	38	585,048,426	586,376,355
		(3,584,238,850)	(3,131,828,467)
Profit from operations		10,264,846,100	3,392,188,293
Finance cost	39	(4,970,115,365)	(2,029,864,129)
Share of profit of associated companies	10	175,894,211	70,330,585
Profit before taxation		5,470,624,946	1,432,654,749
Taxation	40	(431,316,256)	(391,294,716)
Profit after taxation for the year		5,039,308,690	1,041,360,033
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent		3,760,432,789	789,801,433
Non-controlling interest		1,278,875,901	251,558,600
		5,039,308,690	1,041,360,033
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	41	187.24	39.33

The annexed notes from 1 to 53 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive **Abdul Sattar** Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2019

	2019 ( Rupees )	(Restated) 2018 ( Rupees )
Profit after taxation for the year	5,039,308,690	1,041,360,033
	0,000,000,000	1,0 11,000,000
Other comprehensive income:		
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:		
Forward foreign currency contracts		
Unrealized gain on remeasurement of forward foreign currency contracts	-	33,179,839
Reclassification adjustments relating to gain realized on settlement of forward foreign currency contracts	(17,651,047)	(7,764,396)
Unrealised gain on remeasurement of forward foreign currency contracts of associates	188,100 (17,462,947)	204,993 25,620,436
Reclassification adjustments for gain on available for sale investments included in profit and loss account	(18,940,824)	(5,002,843)
Net loss on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive	(6,756,705)	-
Unrealized loss on available for sale investments	-	(2,599,384,619)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	65,313,797	27,063,631
Items not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:		
Net loss on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(1,845,905,550)	-
Loss on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits Gain/(Loss) on remeasurement of staff retirement gratuity - associates Impact of deferred tax	(8,535,640) 168,288 564,377 (7,802,975)	(13,604,382) (51,175) 1,077,453 (12,578,104)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	(1,831,555,204)	(2,564,281,499)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	3,207,753,486	(1,522,921,466)
Attributable to:		
Equityholders of the parent Non- controlling interest	1,928,877,585 1,278,875,901 3,207,753,486	(1,774,480,066) 251,558,600 (1,522,921,466)
The annexed notes from 1 to 53 form an integral part of these consolidated financial	statements.	

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive **Abdul Sattar** Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2019

				Capi	Capital Reserves			Revenue Reserves	Reerves			
	Share Capital	Share Premium	Fixed Assets Replacement	Unrealized Gain/(loss) on available for sale investments	Unrealized Gain/(loss) on investments at fair value through OCl	Unrealized (loss)/Gain on translation of foreign operation	Unrealized (Loss)/gain on forward foreign exchange contracts	General reserves	Unappropriated profit	Total	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance as at 01 July 2017	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000	3,194,231,562		Rupees (3,608,703)	(7,816,272)	1,330,000,000	13,372,941,107	18,307,781,294	4,893,365,292	23,201,146,586
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended 30 June 2018												
Profit after taxation for the year - (restated)								•	789,801,433	789,801,433	251,558,600	1,041,360,033
Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year				(2,604,387,462)		27,063,631	25,620,436		(12,578,104)	(1,774,480,066)	251,558,600	(2,564,281,499)
Share of decrease in reserves of associated companies under equity method									(118,106)	(118,106)		(118,106)
Transaction with owners												
Share issuance cost incurred by Sapphire Renewables Limited (subsidiary company)		•	•						(208,974)	(208,974)		(208,974)
Irlerim dividend @ Rs.1.012 per share - SMPCL											(60,000,003)	(800'000'66)
Balance as at 30 June 2018 - (restated)	200,831,400	156,202,200	000'000'59	589,844,100	j .	23,454,928	17,804,164	1,330,000,000	14,149,837,356	16,532,974,148	5,045,923,889	21,578,898,037
Effect of adoption of IFRS 9 by parent company - (Note 5.1)				(589,844,100)	589,844,100						•	•
Balance as at 01 July 2018 (restated)	200,831,400	156,202,200	65,000,000		589,844,100	23,454,928	17,804,164	1,330,000,000	14,149,837,356	16,532,974,148	5,045,923,889	21,578,898,037
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2019												
Profit after taxation for the year						•			3,760,432,789	3,760,432,789	1,278,875,901	5,039,308,690
Other comprehensive (loss)/Income for the year					(1,871,603,079)	65,313,797	(17,462,947)		(7,802,975) 3,752,629,814	(1,831,555,204) 1,928,877,585	1,278,875,901	(1,831,555,204) 3,207,753,486
Share of decrease in reserves of associated companies under equity method					•				(1,681,748)	(1,681,748)	•	(1,681,748)
Transaction with owners Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2018 @ Rs.16 per share			•	•				•	(321,330,240)	(321,330,240)		(321,330,240)
Interim dividend @ Rs. 1.23 per strare SWPCJ. Balance as at 30 June 2019	200,831,400	156,202,200	000'000'59		(1,281,758,979)	88,768,725	341,217	1,330,000,000	17,579,455,182	18,138,839,745	(120,000,002) 6,204,799,788	(120,000,002) 24,343,639,533
The annexed notes from 1 to 53 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements	ements.	<b>Nadee</b> Chief	<b>Nadeem Abdullah</b> Chief Executive	ah 'e	Chie	<b>Abdul Sattar</b> Chief Financial Officer	<b>ttar</b> I Officer		<b>Mohamn</b> Di	<b>Mohammad Abdullah</b> Director	ah	



# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2019

			(Restated)
	Note	2019	2018
		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	42	5,722,624,303	5,107,730,152
Long term loans, advances and deposits		(20,579,440)	365,209,938
Finance cost paid		(4,706,307,449)	(1,984,106,448)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid		(71,451,763)	(83,132,355)
Taxes paid		(42,461,733)	(633,615,592)
		(4,840,800,385)	(2,335,644,457)
Net cash generated from operating activities		881,823,918	2,772,085,695
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(8,335,626,263)	(26,219,468,722)
Purchase of intangibles		(722,236)	(18,591,937)
Dividend received from associates		37,850,867	18,469,943
Investments made		(50,000,000)	(500,000)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		268,240,755	185,467,145
Proceeds from sale of investments		-	505,109,950
Dividend received		397,979,333	455,675,315
Interest received		125,123,289	13,973,582
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,557,154,255)	(25,059,864,724)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Short term borrowings - net		564,208,776	80,610,447
Proceeds from long term financing		10,277,538,139	21,455,757,570
Repayment of long term financing		(3,902,210,327)	(3,274,240,020)
Repayment of long term payable		- 1	(5,849,480)
Repayment of finance lease obligation		(26,216,693)	(9,699,729)
Issuance of shares - net		-	(208,974)
Dividend paid		(440,844,304)	(99,052,127)
Net cash generated from financing activities		6,472,475,591	18,147,317,687
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(202,854,746)	(4,140,461,342)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		4,616,880,419	8,757,341,761
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	43	4,414,025,673	4,616,880,419

Nadeem Abdullah Chief Executive

**Abdul Sattar** Chief Financial Officer Mohammad Abdullah Director



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2019

#### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Sapphire Textile Mills Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on 11 March 1969 as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Company are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The Holding Company is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn, fabrics, home textile products, finishing, stitching and printing of fabrics. Following are the business units of the Holding Company along with their respective locations:

BUSINESS UNIT	LOCATION
<b>Production Plants</b>	
Spinning	A-17,SITE, Kotri
Spinning	A-84,SITE Area, Nooriabad
Spinning	63/64-KM, Multan Road, Jumber Khurd, Chunian, District Kasur
Spinning	1.5-KM, Warburton Road, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura.
Weaving	2-KM, Warburtan Road, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura.
Printing and processing	2-KM, Warburtan Road, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura.
Stitching and Home textile	1.5-KM Off, Defence Road, Bhubtian Chowk, Raiwind Road, Lahore.
Registered Office	
Karachi	212, Cotton Exchange Building, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi

#### 1.1 The Group consists of:

- Sapphire Textile Mills Limited (the Holding Company)

Sub	sidiary Companies	% of shareholding	
(i)	Sapphire Retail Limited (SRL)	100%	
(ii)	Sapphire Renewables Limited (SRNL)	100%	
(iii)	Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited (SSPL)	100%	
(iv)	Sapphire Tech (Private) Limited (STPL)	100%	
(v)	Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (SWPCL)	70%	
(vi)	Tricon Boston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCL)	57.125%	

- (i) Sapphire Retail Limited (SRL) was incorporated in Pakistan as an unlisted public company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on 11 June 2014. Its registered office is situated at 7 A/K Main Boulevard, Gulberg-II, Lahore. SRL is principally engaged in carrying out manufacturing of textile products by processing the textile goods in outside manufacturing facilities and to operate retail outlets to sell the same in Pakistan and abroad through E-store.
- (ii) Sapphire Renewables Limited (SRNL) was incorporated in Pakistan as an unlisted public company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on 30 May 2016. The principal objective of SRNL is to invest, manage, operate, run, own and build power projects. Its registered office is situated at 7/A- K, Main Boulevard, Gulberg II, Lahore, Punjab, Pakistan.
- (iii) Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited (SSPL) is incorporated in Pakistan on 06 March 2013 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 as a private company limited by shares. The principle activity of SSPL is power generation by means of solar energy and other alternative energy sources. Its registered office is situated at 307, Cotton Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road Karachi in the province of Sindh.

SSPL was issued letter of intent (LOI) by the Alternate Energy Development Board (AEDB), Government of Pakistan vide letter No. B/3/2/SPV/LOI-018 dated 25 March 2013 for setting up 10 MW Solar PV Power Project in Punjab. The LOI expired on 24 September 2014 as per terms stated therein as it could not achieve the milestones stipulated under the LOI within given time frame. The Guarantee provided by to AEDB was encashed. Its accumulated loss as at 30 June 2019 is Rs.2,557,609 (2018: Rs.2,513,554), moreover, the current liabilities of SSPL exceed its assets by Rs.2,547,609 (2018: Rs.2,503,554). In view of the aforementioned circumstances SSPL is not considered a going concern.



- (iv) Sapphire Tech (Private) Limited (STPL) is a private limited company incorporated in Pakistan on 05 November 2013, under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017). Its registered office is located at 307 Cotton Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.
  - STPL was originally incorporated for power generation project but it was not involved in any operational activity since its inception. Further, it has negative equity of Rs.177,648 (2018: Rs.Rs.133,388) and its accumulated losses aggregate to Rs.277,648 (2018: Rs.233,388). The current liabilities also exceed current assets by Rs.177,648 (2018: Rs.133,388) as of that date. Due to these conditions it is not considered as going concern.
- (v) Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (SWPCL) was incorporated in Pakistan as an unlisted public company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on 27 December 2006. Its registered office is located at 212, Cotton Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi and the it's wind power plant has been set up at Jhimpir, District Thatta, Sindh on land that is leased to the it by Alternative Energy Development Board ('AEDB'), Government of Pakistan.

SWPCL's principal objective is to carry on the business of supplying general electric power and to setup and operate wind power generation projects to generate, accumulate, distribute and supply electricity.

It has set up a wind power station of 52.80 MW gross capacity at the abovementioned location and achieved Commercial Operations Date ('COD') on November 22, 2015. It has an Energy Purchase Agreement ('EPA') with its sole customer, Central Power Purchasing Agency Guarantee Limited ('CPPAGL') for twenty years which commenced from the COD.

During the previous year, SWPCL executed a Novation Agreement with National Transmission and Dispatch Company Limited ('NTDC') and CPPA-G whereby all the rights and obligations of NTDC under the EPA were transferred to CPPA-G as per section 19.9 of the EPA. Consequently, NTDC ceased to be a party to EPA and CPPA-G became a party in place of NTDC assuming all of NTDC's rights and obligations thereunder.

(vi) Triconboston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCL) was incorporated in Pakistan as a private Company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) on 13 August 2012. It's principle objective is to carry on the business of supplying general electric power and to setup and operate wind power generation projects to generate, accumulate, distribute and supply electricity. Its registered office is located at 7/A- K, Main Boulevard, Gulberg II, Lahore, Punjab.

TBCL has set up three wind power station of each 49.735 MW gross capacity at Deh, Kohistan 7/1 Tapo Jhimpir, Taluka and District Thatta in the province of Sindh. Measuring 3,852 acres. It has achieved Commercial Operations Date ('COD') on August 16, 2018,14 September 2018 and 11 September 2018 by Project A, B and C respectively (collectively defined as 'Projects'). It has also signed three Energy Purchase Agreement ('EPA') with its sole customer for its Projects, Central Power Purchaser Agency (Guarantee) Limited ('CPPA-G') for twenty years which commenced from the COD.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- -International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017
- -Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

- 2.2 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for measurement of certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, recognition of employee benefits at present value and the financial statements of Sapphire Solar (Private) Limited and Sapphire Tech (Private) Limited have been prepared on an alternative basis i.e. realizable value.
- 2.3 These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional currency of the Group. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.



#### 3 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2019. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement(s) with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of OCI are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity, while any resultant gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognised at fair value.

#### 4 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, JUDGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, the management has made the following estimates and judgements which are significant to the financial statements:

- a) Estimate of useful lives and residual values of property, plant & equipment, intangible assets and investment property [notes 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 7.1, 8 and 9]
- b) Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores, spares and loose tools [note 6.6 and 13]
- c) Net realizable values of stock-in-trade [note 6.7 and 14]
- d) Provision for expected credit loss [note 6.8 and 15]
- e) Provision for employees' retirement benefits [note 6.11 and 25.2]
- f) Provision for taxation [note 6.13 and 40]

#### 5 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

#### 5.1 New / Revised Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The Group has adopted the following amendments and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

IAS 40 - Transfers to Investment Property (Amendments)

IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts: Applying IFRS 9 with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (Amendments)

IFRS 2 - Share based Payments — Classification and Measurement (Amendments)

IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: Classification and measurement

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers



The adoption of above standards did not have a significant impact on the financial statements except for IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 which is disclosed below:

#### - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11 Construction Contracts, IAS 18 Revenue and related Interpretations and it applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless those contracts are in the scope of other standards. The new standard establishes a five step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The standard requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

The Group adopted IFRS 15 using the modified retrospective method of adoption. Their is no effect of that adoption on the group, except for the Holding Company which is as follows:

Statement of financial Position	IAS 18		IFRS 15
	Carrying	Reclassification	Carrying
		30 June 2019	
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Trade and other payables	5,940,575,205	(850,602,812)	5,089,972,393
Contract liabilities		850,602,812	850,602,812
	5,940,575,205		5,940,575,205
		1 July 2018	
Trade and other payables	8,577,666,185	(848,204,618)	7,729,461,567
Contract liabilities		848,204,618	848,204,618
	8,577,666,185	-	8,577,666,185

The adoption of revenue recognition standard did not have a material impact on amounts in statement of profit or loss, statement of other comprehensive income, statement of cash flows or earnings per share for the prior period as the Holding Company did not have any incomplete existing customers contracts from prior periods.

The Holding Company is in the business of providing yarn, fabric, home textile products and processing services. The products and services are sold on their own in separately identified contracts with customers.

#### (a) Sale of Goods

The Holding Company's contracts with customers for the sale of goods generally include one performance obligation for both local and export sales i.e. provision of goods to the customers.

#### **Local Sales**

The Holding Company has concluded that revenue from sale of goods should be recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on dispatch of products from the factory.

#### **Export Sales**

The Holding Company has concluded that revenue from sale of goods should be recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, dependent on the related inco-terms generally on date of bill of lading or delivery of the product to the port of destination.

Therefore, the adoption of IFRS 15 did not have an impact on the timing or amount of revenue recognition as there are no terms resulting in variable consideration.

#### (b) Rendering of services

The Holding Company provides garments stitching and fabric processing services to local customers. These services are sold separately and the Holding Company's contract with the customer for services constitute a single performance obligation.

The Holding Company has concluded that revenue from services will continue to be recognised at the point in time, generally on dispatch of the stitched/processed fabric from the factory. Therefore, the adoption of IFRS 15 did not have an impact on the timing of revenue recognition or amount of revenue recognition as there are no terms resulting in variable consideration.



#### - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, bringing together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement; impairment; and hedge accounting.

#### Classification and measurement of Financial Assets

Under IFRS 9, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

Other financial assets are classified and subsequently measured, as follows:

Equity instruments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI), with no recycling of gains or losses to profit or loss on derecognition. This category only includes equity instruments, which the Company has irrevocably elected to so classify upon initial recognition or transition. The Group classified its equity instruments at FVOCI. Equity instruments at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment under IFRS 9. Under IAS 39, the Company's unquoted equity instruments were classified as Available for sale (AFS) financial assets.

Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit or loss(FVPL) comprise derivative instruments and quoted equity instruments which the company had not irrevocably elected, at initial recognition or transition, to classify at FVOCI. This category would also include debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell. Under IAS 39, the Group's quoted equity securities were classified as AFS financial assets.

Upon transition, the Group elected to recognize the impact of adoption of IFRS 9 in opening retained earnings and not restating comparative amounts. This did not result in an impact on the financial statements as the realized and unrealized gains/losses were already recognized in upappropriated profit through statement of profit or loss or other comprehensive income as applicable, except for reclassification as shown in statement of changes in equity.

In summary, upon the adoption of IFRS 9, the Group had the following required or elected reclassifications:

#### As at 01 July 2018

		IFRS 9 measurement category			
		FVPL	Amortized Cost	FVOCI	
IAS 39 measurement category	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	
Deposits, loans, debts and receive	ables				
Long term deposits	249,086,588	-	249,086,588	-	
Trade debts	3,966,358,463	-	3,966,358,463	-	
Loan to employees	51,024,641	-	51,024,641	-	
Trade deposits	9,342,801	-	9,342,801	-	
Other receivables	639,115,679	-	639,115,679	-	
Available for sale					
Listed equity Investments	9,836,949,797	-	-	9,836,949,797	
Non-listed equity Investments	86,648,236	-	-	86,648,236	
			4,914,928,172	9,923,598,033	

#### Impairment of Financial Assets

The adoption of IFRS 9 has fundamentally changed the accounting for impairment losses for financial assets by replacing IAS 39's incurred loss approach with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) approach.

For trade and other receivables, the Group has applied the standard's simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The accounting for the Group's financial liabilities remains largely the same as it was under IAS 39.

In addition to the above standards and interpretations, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB and are generally effective for current year. Such improvements to the standards did not have any material impact on the Group's financial statements for the year.

#### 5.2 Exemption from applicability of certain interpretations to standards for Power Sector Companies

SECP through SRO 24(I)/2012 dated January 16, 2012 has granted exemption from the application of International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ('IFRIC') 4, 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', and IFRIC 12, 'Service Concession Arrangements', to all companies. However, the SECP made it mandatory to disclose the impact of the application of IFRIC 4 or IFRIC 12 on the results of the companies.

Effective date



Under IFRIC 4, the consideration required to be made by the lessee for the right to use the asset is to be accounted for as a finance lease under IAS 17, 'Leases'. Group's wind power plant's control due to purchase of total output by CPPA-G appears to fall under the scope of IFRIC 4. Consequently, if the Group were to follow IFRIC 4 and IAS 17, the effect on the financial statements would be as follows:

	2019	(Re-stated) 2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
De-recognition of property, plant and equipment	(45,660,284,995)	(11,253,917,400)
De-recognition of trade debts	(1,775,377,709)	(1,663,413,729)
Recognition of lease debtor	45,089,370,552	12,282,459,489
	(2,346,292,152)	(634,871,640)
	(004.074.040)	070 500 004
(Decrease)/increase in un-appropriated profit at the beginning of the year	(634,871,640)	276,508,624
Decrease in profit for the year	(1,711,420,511)	(911,380,264)
Decrease in un-appropriated profit at the end of the year	(2,346,292,152)	(634,871,640)

#### 5.3 Standards, Interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or In	terpretation	(annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 3 -	Definition of Business (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IFRS 9 -	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IFRS 11 -	Joint Arrangements - Previously held Interests in a joint operation	01 January 2019
IFRS 16 -	Leases	01 January 2019
IAS 1 -	Presentation of Financial Statements — (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IAS 8 -	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors  — (Amendments)	01 January 2020
IAS 12 -	Income Taxes - Income tax consequences of payments on financial	01 January 2019
IAS 19 -	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement	01 January 2019
IAS 23 -	Borrowing Costs - Borrowing costs eligible for	01 January 2020
IAS 28 -	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)	01 January 2019
IFRIC 23 -	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	01 January 2019

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application except for IFRS 16-Leases, of which management of Sapphire Retail Limited (SRL) is in process of calculating the impact on the subsidiary's financial statements.

#### **IFRS 16 Leases**

IFRS 16 supersedes IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases-Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The new standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model.

Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged under IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IAS 17.

For SWPCL and TBCL (power generating companies), SECP through SRO 986(I)/2019 dated 2 September 2019 has granted exemption from the requirements of IFRS 16 to all power generating companies that have executed their power purchase agreements before 01 January 2019. Therefore, the standard will not have any impact on the subsidiaries' financial statements.

The subsidiary company (SRL) has lease contracts for rented premises (retail outlets). As per IAS 17, SRL has classified each of its leases (as lessee) at the inception date as an operating lease. In an operating lease, the leased property was not capitalized and the lease payments were recognized as rent expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

However, as per IFRS 16, it has to recognize right to use assets (against rented premises) and a corresponding lease liability. The lease liability will be measured at the present value of the consideration (lease payments) to be made over the lease term. The lease payments will be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, unless it is not readily



determinable, in which case the subsidiary company (SRL) may use the incremental rate of borrowing. The right-of-use asset will be initially measured at the present value of lease liability and will be adjusted for lease prepayments/accruals and borrowing costs.

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB in December 2018. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2019. The Group expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard		IASB effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 1 -	First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	01 July 2009
IFRS 14 -	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	01 January 2016
IFRS 17 -	Insurance Contracts	01 January 2021

The Group expects that the adoption of the above revision, amendments and interpretation of the standards will not affect the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

#### 5.4 Change in accounting policy of Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (SWPCL)

During the year, the SWPCL has changed its accounting policy in respect of treatment of exchange differences resulting from the settlement and translation of foreign currency transactions and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Previously, only those exchange differences which related to foreign currency loans obtained for the acquisition, development and construction of qualifying assets were capitalized. Now the exchange differences pertaining to the related bank accounts are also being adjusted while capitalizing the said exchange differences.

The change has been made as it provides reliable and more relevant information as it is consistent with prevalent local industry practice being followed in terms of SRO 24(I)/2012 dated January 16, 2012 of the SECP, making the subsidiary's financial statements more comparable.

This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', and the comparative financial statements have been re-stated. Effects of the retrospective application of change in accounting policy of SWPCL are as follows:

As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement
For the	For the year ended 30 June 2018	
(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
(954,630,528)	(953,993,814)	636,714
144,823,365	11,750,201	(133,073,164)
		(132,436,450)
As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement
As at 30 June 2018		
(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
11,471,481,364	11,339,044,914	(132,436,450)
2,130,064,593	1,997,628,143	(132,436,450)
	reported For the (Rupees)  (954,630,528) 144,823,365  As previously reported  (Rupees)	Teported   As re-stated



There is no effect on the statement of cash flows. The impact of change in accounting policy on the opening equity as of July 1, 2017 is immaterial and, therefore, has not been adjusted. Hence, third statement of financial position has also not been presented.

Had there been no change in accounting policy, the effect of figures reported in respect of year ended June 30, 2019 would have been as follows:

Statement of profit or loss	(Rupees)
Increase/(decrease) in:	
Sales	-
Cost of sales	(9,730,951)
Gross profit	9,730,951
Administrative expenses Other expense	-
Other income	(411,806,196)
Finance cost	
Profit before taxation	(402,075,245)
Taxation	<del>_</del> _
Profit for the year	(402,075,245)
Statement of financial position	
Increase in:	
Assets	
Property, plant and equipment	534,511,695
Advances, prepayment and other receivables	20,103,762
Liabilities	
Trade and other payables	20,103,762
Equity	
Revenue reserve: Un-appropriated profit	_534,511,695_

#### 6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set-out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, except as explained in note 5.1 and 5.3.

#### 6.1 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, which is measured at acquisition date fair value, and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects to measure the non-controlling (NCI) interests in the acquiree at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9. Other contingent consideration that is not within the scope of IFRS 9 is measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost (being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any previous interest held over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed). If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.



Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (CGU) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### 6.2 Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The considerations made in determining significant influence is similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The Group's investment in its associate are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment separately.

The statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group except for Creadore A/S . When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss within 'Share of profit of an associate' in the statement of profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

The financial statements of foreign associate of which the functional currency is different from that used in preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements are translated in functional currency of the Group. Statement of financial position items are translated at the exchange rate at the reporting date and the statement of profit or loss items are converted at the average rate for the period. Any resulting translation differences are recognized under exchange difference on translating foreign operation in consolidated reserves.

#### 6.3 Property, plant and equipment

#### **Owned assets**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except freehold land and leasehold land, which are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises acquisition and other directly attributable costs.

Depreciation is provided on a reducing balance method except to the effect that straight line method is used for assets of SWPCL and TBCL and charged to the statement of profit or loss to write off the depreciable amount of each asset over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 7.1. Depreciation on addition in property, plant and equipment is charged from the month of addition while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized, if any. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

The Group reviews the useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on depreciation charge.



#### Assets subject to finance lease

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date. Finance leases, which transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the commencement of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or if lower, at the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of liability. Finance charges are recognized in profit or loss.

Leased assets are depreciated over the useful life of the asset at the rates stated in note 7.1. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of estimated useful life of the asset and lease term.

#### Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost accumulated up to the reporting date less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Capital work-in-progress is recognized as an operating fixed asset when it is made available for intended use.

#### Major spare parts and stand-by equipment

Major spare parts and stand-by equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when an entity expects to use them during more than one year. Transfers are made to relevant operating assets category as and when such items are available for use.

#### 6.4 Investment property

Property held for capital appreciation and rental yield, which is not in the use of the Group is classified as investment property. Investment Property comprises of land. The Group has adopted cost model for its investment property using the same basis as disclosed for measurement of the Group's owned assets.

#### 6.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets (including computer software) acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure on capitalized intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Amortization is charged to the statement of profit or loss on straight line basis over a period ranging from three to five years. Amortization on addition is charged from the date the asset is put to use while no amortization is charged from the date the asset is disposed off.

#### 6.6 Stores, spares and loose tools

Stores, spares and loose tools are valued at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value, less provision for impairment, if any. Items in transit are valued at cost accumulated to reporting date. Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores, spares and loose tools is determined based on management estimate regarding their future usability.

#### 6.7 Stock in trade

Stock-in-trade is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is arrived at on a weighted average basis. Cost of work-in-process and finished goods include cost of raw materials and appropriate portion of production overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and selling expenses. Provision for obsolete stock is determined based on management estimate regarding their future usability.

#### 6.8 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less expected credit losses (ECL) as explained in note 6.21.1 (d).

#### 6.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash-in-hand and balances with banks, net of temporary overdrawn bank balances.



#### 6.10 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recorded at the proceeds received. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortized cost using the effective yield method. Finance costs are accounted for on an accrual basis and are included in current liabilities to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

#### 6.11 Employee benefits

#### Compensated absences

The Group accounts for all accumulated compensated absences in the period in which absences accrue.

#### Defined benefit plan

The Holding Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its eligible permanent employees as per terms of employment who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the scheme.

The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each reporting date. The amount arising as a result of remeasurement are recognized in the statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the periods in which they occur.

The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plan is the present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of reporting period.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

There is an approved contributory provident fund for its eligible employees as per terms of employment for which contributions are charged to income for the year.

The Group and the employees make equal monthly contributions to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary. The assets of the fund are held separately under the control of trustees.

#### 6.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received.

#### 6.13 Taxation

#### **Current year**

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

The profits and gains of the Subsidiary companies - Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (SWPCL) and Tricon Boston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited derived from electric power generation are exempt from tax in terms of Clause (132) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the conditions and limitations provided therein.

Under clause (11A) of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the subsidiary companies (SWPCL & TBCL)) are also exempt from levy of minimum tax on 'turnover' under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. However, full provision is made in the statement of profit or loss on income from sources not covered under the above clauses at current rates of taxation after taking into account, tax credits and rebates available, if any.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply for the year when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.



The Holding Company has a portion of income subject to deduction of tax as final discharge of tax liability while remaining portion attracts assessment under normal provision of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. As per TR - 27 (Revised 2012) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, such companies should provide deferred tax according to turnover trend of last three years including the current year between the two portions. The Holding Company recorded deferred tax according to guidelines in TR - 27 (Revised 2012).

#### 6.14 Leases

The Group is the lessee:

#### Finance leases

Leases where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. At commencement, finance leases are capitalised at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the assets. The commencement of the lease term is the date from which the lessee is entitled to exercise its right to use the leased asset. It is the date of initial recognition of the lease.

The related rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. The liabilities are classified as current and long term, depending upon the timing of the payment.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the balance outstanding. The interest element of the rental is charged to profit or loss over the lease term.

#### **Operating leases**

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## 6.15 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders and therefore, they are accounted for as non-adjusting post balance sheet event.

#### 6.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 6.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at a point in time as per the terms and conditions of underlying contracts with customers.

Return on bank balances is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable rate of return.

Dividend income and entitlement of bonus shares are recognized when right to receive such dividend and bonus shares is established.

For power generating companies, revenue shall be recognised when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service.

Revenue on account of energy is recognised on electricity output delivered to CPPA-G whereas on account of Non-Project Missed Volume is recognised when the event has occurred in terms of the EPA and underlying data is available. Both are recognised at the rates specified under the EPA. Delayed payment markup on amounts due under the EPA is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the amount outstanding and the applicable rate of return under the EPA. Invoices are generally raised on a monthly basis and are due after 30 days from acknowledgement by CPPA-G.

All other incomes are recognized on accrual basis.

## 6.18 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset up to the date of its' commencing.



#### 6.19 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupee using the exchange rates at reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction or on the date when fair value is determined. Exchange differences on foreign currency transactions and translations are included in statement of profit or loss, except as follows:

SECP vide its S.R.O. 24/(1)/2012 dated January 16, 2012 has granted waiver to Power Sector Companies with immediate effect from the requirements of IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' to the extent of the accounting principle of capitalization of exchange differences.

Accordingly, the exchange differences of the Group's Power Sector subsidiaries have been capitalized.

#### 6.20 Impairment

The carrying amount of the Group's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized as expense in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 6.21 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity

#### 6.21.1 Financial assets

#### a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 as explained in Note 5.1 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

## b) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

(i) The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and



(ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the EIR method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost includes long term deposits, trade debts, loan to employees, trade deposits and other receivables as disclosed in Note 5.1.

#### Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)

The Group measures financial assets at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- (I) The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling, and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

#### Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Based on business model of the Group, it elected to classify irrevocably its equity investments under this category.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

#### c) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's statement of financial position) when:

(i) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or



(ii) The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### d) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. At each reporting date, the Group evaluates whether the debt instrument is considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Group reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instrument. In addition, the Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 30 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

# 6.21.2 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle either on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 6.21.3 Derivative financial instruments

The Group designates derivative financial instruments as either cash flow hedge or fair value hedge.

#### a) Cash flow Hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in OCI in the cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss. The cash flow hedge reserve is adjusted to the lower of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

Before 1 July 2018, the Group designated all of the forward contracts as hedging instruments. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives were taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which were recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss. Beginning 1 July 2018, the Group designates only the spot element of forward contracts as a hedging instrument. The forward element is recognised in OCI and accumulated in a separate component of equity under cost of hedging reserve.



The amounts accumulated in OCI are accounted for, depending on the nature of the underlying hedged transaction. If the hedged transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item, the amount accumulated in equity is removed from the separate component of equity and included in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the hedged asset or liability. This is not a reclassification adjustment and will not be recognised in OCI for the period. This also applies where the hedged forecast transaction of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability subsequently becomes a firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied.

For any other cash flow hedges, the amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

#### b) Fair value hedges

The change in the fair value of a hedging instrument is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other expense. The change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recorded as part of the carrying value of the hedged item and is also recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other expense.

For fair value hedges relating to items carried at amortised cost, any adjustment to carrying value is amortised through profit or loss over the remaining term of the hedge using the EIR method. The EIR amortization may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and no later than when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for changes in its fair value attributable to the risk being hedged.

If the hedged item is derecognised, the unamortized fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an unrecognised firm commitment is designated as a hedged item, the subsequent cumulative change in the fair value of the firm commitment attributable to the hedged risk is recognised as an asset or liability with a corresponding gain or loss recognised in profit or loss

#### 6.21.4 Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and lease liabilities.

#### **Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

## a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### b) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Gains and losses are recognized in statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

This category generally applies to the liabilities as disclosed in Note 50.5.



#### 6.22 Earnings per share - basic and diluted

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 6.23 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segment of the Group. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relates to transactions with any of the Group's other component. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed by the CEO to make decision about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, income tax assets, liabilities and related income and expenditure. Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, inventories, trade debts, loans and advances and cash & bank balances. Segment liabilities comprise of operating liabilities and exclude items such as taxation and corporate.

The business segments are engaged in providing products and services which are subject to risks and rewards which differ from the risk and reward of other segment, segments reported are Spinning, Weaving, Processing, Printing, Home textile products, Textile retail and Power generation which also reflects the management structure of Group.

## 6.24 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the Group at arms' length. Nature of the related party relationship as well as information about the transactions and outstanding balances are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

7	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Operating fixed assets	7.1	66,878,177,418	23,194,555,400
	Capital work-in-progress	7.8	905,827,771	28,373,931,947
	Major spare parts and stand-by equipment	7.9	69,216,256	69,216,256
			67,853,221,445	51,637,703,603

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									5019								
	Land	Buildings o	Buildings on free - hold land	20	Buildings on lease - hold land	hold land											
	Free-hold Lease-hold	Factory La building o	Labour, staff Office colony and building others	ce Factory ing building	Labour, staff ory colony and ing others	f Leased building improvements	Plant and machinery	Electric F installation	Fire fighting equipment 6	Electric equipment	Computer Offi	Office equipment	Mills F equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Leased vehicles	Total
•								Rupees									Rupees
Balance as at 1 July 2018																	
Cost	324,889,958 114,407,477		2,194,484,734 441,296,480 403,323,748		628,586,477 78,211,563	3 503,492,543	26,665,076,505 611,828,312	611,828,312	19,902,818	245,708,822	185,387,930	51,364,521	98,169,445	294,566,541	424,833,808	52,297,500	33,337,829,182
Accumulated depreciation			(1,050,328,910) (157,509,427) (56,265,071)	_	(240,356,384) (25,319,670)		(7,732,843,150)	(225,938,972)		(63,491,225)	(83,916,638)	(34,739,288)	(43,182,152)	(53,964,386)	(187,366,609)	(9,554,620)	(10,143,273,782)
Net book value - restated	324,889,958 114,407,477 1,144,155,824 283,787,053 347,058,677	1,144,155,824	93,787,053 347,05	ļ.	388,230,093 52,891,893		330,743,677 18,932,233,355 385,889,340	385,889,340	14,154,404	182,217,597	101,471,292	16,625,233	54,987,293	240,602,155	237,467,199	42,742,880	23,194,555,400
Reclassification adjustments:																	
-Cost			(10,396,120)		. 10,396,120												•
-Accumulated Depreciation		1,902,775	3,875,207	. (1,90	(1,902,775) (3,875,207)		9,514	(6,642)	372,564	6,642	165,379	(165,379)	(372,254)		(9,824)		•
Net book value - adjusted	324,889,958 114,407,477	l	1,146,058,599 277,266,140 347,058,677	!	386,327,318 59,412,806	330,743,677	18,932,242,869	385,882,698	14,526,968	182,224,239	101,636,671	16,459,854	54,615,039	240,602,155	237,457,375	42,742,880	23,194,555,400
For the year ended 30 June 2019																	
Additions																	
Additions during the year																	
-Direct Additions		462,077,461	80,226,232 17,449,500 1,275,552,540 19,284,784	9,500 1,275,58	72,540 19,284,78	186,006,762	33,331,492,197	35,849,684	6,567,902	164,230,339	43,941,807	3,513,271	8,939,703	106,831,761	58,116,623	10,506,900	35,810,587,466
-Net exchange loss capitalised (Note 7.4)		318,965,217					11,305,868,390								-		11,624,833,607
Disposals:		-		   			L		ŀ								
- Cost - Depreciation						30,523,976 (14,110,352)	598,984,543 (448,912,208)	574,829		13,129,907 (2,189,697)	3,433,310 (2,074,745)	315,696 (290,392)		1,338,210 (195,465)	181,488,920 (93,682,182)	42,558,500 (10,888,512)	872,3 <i>47,</i> 891 (572,903,830)
				] ] .	.	16,413,624	1	14,552	-	10,940,210	1,358,565	25,304	-	1,142,745	87,806,738	31,669,988	299,444,061
Depreciation for the year		(128,064,834)	(128,064,834) (10,814,816) (18,167,310)		(69,094,107) (6,993,992)	(87,603,439)	(2,930,571,894)	(29,926,230)	(1,343,548)	(37,093,557)	(40,575,856)	(4,568,490)	(6,473,523)	(30,655,573)	(42,302,693)	(8,105,132)	(3,452,354,994)
-	324,889,958 114,407,477 1,799,036,443		346,677,556 346,340,867	0,867 1,592,785,751	85,751 71,703,598	3 412,733,376	60,488,959,227	391,791,600	19,751,322	298,420,811	103,644,057	15,379,331	57,081,219	315,635,598	165,464,567	13,474,660	66,878,177,418
Balance as at 30 June 2019																	
Cost	324,889,958 114,407,477 2,975,527,412 511,126,592 420,773,248 1,904,139,017 107,892,467	2,975,527,412	11,126,592 420,77	3,248 1,904,13	19,017 107,892,46	7 658,975,329	70,703,452,549 647,103,167	647,103,167	26,470,720	396,809,254	225,896,427	54,562,096	107,109,148	400,060,092	301,461,511	20,245,900	79,900,902,364
Accumulated depreciation		(1,176,490,969)	(1,176,490,969) (164,449,036) (74,432,381)		(311,353,266) (36,188,869)	3) (246,241,953)	(10,214,493,322)	(255,311,567)	(6,719,398)	(98,388,443)	(122,252,370)	(39,182,765)	(50,027,929)	(84,424,494)	(135,996,944)	(6,771,240)	(13,022,724,946)
	324,889,958 114,407,477	1,799,036,443	346,677,556 346,340,867		85,751 71,703,598		60,488,959,227	391,791,600	19,751,322	298,420,811	103,644,057	15,379,331	57,081,219	315,635,598	165,464,567	13,474,660	66,878,177,418
Donoodeffon mits W. nor annum		ş				8	Ş	\$	ş	\$		66 66	ş		ę	ę	
Depreciation rate to bel allium		10	<b>5</b> 5	2 & 1U	C 0L	07	10	10	10	10	=	TU & 55.55	2	TU & TO	0.7	97	



		Total	Rupes		30,298,381,934	(8,606,405,267)	21,691,976,667		2.334.975.803		1,142,889,865		438,418,420	(300,039,795)	138,378,625	(1,836,908,310)	23,194,555,400		33,337,829,182	(10,143,273,782)	23,194,555,400		
		Leased vehicles				(2,423,817)	14,727,683 2		35.146.000					•		(7,130,803)	42,742,880 2:		52,297,500 33	(9,554,620)	42,742,880 2.	30	Ì
		Vehioles Leased			398,596,843	169,601,134)	228,995,709		90.317.670				64,080,705	(36,959,635)	27,121,070	(54,725,110)	237,467,199		424,833,808	(187,366,609)	237,467,199	20	Ì
		Furniture & fixtures Vet				(31,083,386)	197,174,323		69,680,352	100000			3,371,520	(602'003)	2,766,511	(23,486,009)	240,602,155		294,566,541	(53,964,386)	240,602,155	10&15	
		Mils equipments				(37,460,177)	55,819,237		4890.031							(5,721,975)	54,987,293		98,169,445	(43,182,152)	54,987,293	10 10	Ì
		Office equipments			48,647,427	(31,166,254)	17,481,173		4.536.372	5.500			1,819,278	(186,333)	1,632,945	(3,759,367)	16,625,233		51,364,521	(34,739,288)	16,625,233	10 & 33.33	Ì
		Computers (			136,513,523	(59,504,335)	77,009,188		65.745.524				16,871,117	(7,869,080)	9,002,037	(32,281,383)	101,471,292		185,387,930	(83,916,638)	101,471,292	30	Ī
		Electric equipments				39,456,056)	36 213,459,274		1.379.200				8,584,708	(1,540,439)	7,044,269	(25,576,608)	74 182,217,597		18 245,708,822	(63,491,225)	182,217,597	10	Ī
2018		: Fire fighting ns equipment	Rupees		-	827) (4,033,932)	859 15,737,086		626 131,800							145) (1,714,482)	340 14,154,404		312 19,902,818	972) (5,748,414)	340 14,154,404	10	Ì
		Plant & Electric machinery installations	R		24,293,105,139 502,157,686	(6,582,153,399) (194,247,827)	17,710,951,740 307,909,859		1.583.400.329 109.670.626		1,115,421,269		326,850,232	(247,892,177)	78,958,055	(1,398,581,928) (31,691,145)	18,932,233,355 385,889,340		26,665,076,505 611,828,312	(7,732,843,150) (225,938,972)	18,932,233,355 385,889,340	10 10	Ì
		PR Leased building mac improvements				(104,742,417) (6,582	328,866,306 17,710		86.724.680 1.583					(4,987,122) (24.	11,853,738 78	(72,993,571)	330,743,677 18,932		503,492,543 26,666	(172,748,866) (7,73	330,743,677 18,932	20	Ì
	On lease - hold	Labour, staff Leas building colony and imp others			73,619,838	(22,291,778)	51,328,060		4.591.725	2						(3,027,892)	52,891,893		78,211,563	,25,319,670)	52,891,893	5	Ì
	·	Office building Factory building				(214,520,015)	380,999,541		33.066.921	3						(25,836,369)	388,230,093		48 628,586,477	171) (240,356,384)	388,230,093	5&10	
	On free - hold	Labour, staff colony and Office build others			2,087,170,425 435,593,868 258,409,100	3,048,166) (44,092,229)	1,160,589,080 292,545,702 214,316,871		5.702.612 144.914.648	1			•			(14,461,261) (12,172,842)	283,787,053 347,058,677		224,889,958 114,407,477 2,194,484,734 441,296,480 403,323,748	(1,050,328,910) (157,509,427) (56,285,071)	283,787,053 347,058,677	5 5	Ì
	Onfr	Lab actory building col			2,087,170,425 439	(926,581,345) (143,048,166)	1,160,589,080 29.		79.845713		27,468,596					(123,747,565)	1,144,155,824 28;		2,194,484,734 44	(1,050,328,910) (15	1,144,155,824 28;	10	Ì
	Land	d Lease-hold Factory building			318,588,358 105,477,477		318,588,358 105,477,477		000 88330 000					·	•		324,889,958 114,407,477		58 114,407,477	٠	114,407,477		Ì
		Free - hold			318,588,3:	.	318,588,3		6301.600		stated) -					ote 5.3)	324,889,9,		324,889,9.		324,889,958	·	
				Balance as at 1 July 2017	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	For the year ended 30 June 2018	Additions during the year -Direct Additions	Effect of restatement in SWPCL - (Note 7.4)	-Net exchange loss capitalised - (restated)	Disposals:	- Cost	- Depreciation		Depreciation for the year- restated (Note 5.3)		Balance as at 30 June 2018	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value - 2018 - restated	Depreciation rate % per annum	



- **7.2** Free hold lands of the Group are located at Sheikhupura, Kasur and Lahore with an area of 1,077,327 square yards and leasehold lands of the Group are located at Kotri, Nooriabad and Karachi with an area of 435,964 square yards.
- 7.3 Freehold land includes Rs.80.685 million representing the Holding Company's 30% share of jointly controlled property located at Block-D/1, Gulberg, Lahore, registered in the name of the Holding Company along with Sapphire Fibres Limited, Diamond Fabrics Limited, and Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited (Associated Companies).
- 7.4 This represents exchange difference capitalised in accordance with SRO 24(I)/2012 dated January 16, 2012 of the SECP (as fully explained fully in note 6.19 to these financial statements). Had the subsidiary companies followed IAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", the effect on the consolidated financial statements would be as follows:

	2019	( <b>Re-stated)</b> 2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Decrease in the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and		
un-appropriated profit as at 30 June	(12,837,721,668)	(1,341,049,020)
Decrease in cost of sales	128,160,959	17,216,699
Increase in other expenses	(11,624,833,607)	(1,142,889,865)
Decrease in profit for the year	(11,496,672,648)	(1,125,673,166)

- 7.5 During the current year, SWPCL (Subsidiary Company) had a settlement with its Engineering, Procurement and Construction ('EPC') contractor, HydroChina International Engineering Company Limited ('HydroChina') as the Subsidiary Company had lodged a claim with them on account of certain defects identified in the Subsidiary Company's wind power plant. HydroChina had earlier replaced the defective parts and has also waived the balance amount payable to them upon final settlement with the Subsidiary Company on March 28, 2019 that has resulted in an adjustment to the cost of the power plant and corresponding reversal of liability.
- 7.6 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Cost of sales	34	3,226,085,387	1,668,457,533
Distribution cost	35	148,818,386	112,774,756
Administrative expenses	36	77,451,221	55,676,021
	-	3,452,354,994	1,836,908,310



# 7.7 Particulars of disposed operating fixed assets during the year, having book value of five hundred thousand rupees or more are as follows:

of filore are as folio	Cost	Accumulated	Net Book	Sale	Profit / (loss)	Mode of disposal	Particulars of Buyers / Relationship (if any)
		Depreciation	Value Rupees	Proceeds		·	
Plant and Machinery			Rupees				
Digital Printing Machine	92,021,104	55,467,868	36,553,236	36,555,000	1,764	Negotiation	Elaf Textile (Private) Limited, Lahore
Digital Printing Machine	62,040,780	35,559,017	26,481,763	26,500,000	18,237	do	Elaf Textile Pvt. Limited, Lahore
Ring Frame Machine Ring Frame Machine	84,858,892 47,766,806	65,054,943 36,619,225	19,803,949 11,147,581	8,547,009 4,273,504	(11,256,940) (6,874,077)	do do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Ring Spinning Machine	56,056,593	45,647,553	10,409,040	4,273,504	(6,306,476)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Tsudakoma Air Jet	43,895,990	36,372,026	7,523,964	8,040,000	516,036	do	Bismillah Industries, Faisalabad
Gas Generator	17,137,636	12,958,952	4,178,684	11,565,000	7,386,316	do	Orient Energy System, Lahore
Tsudakoma Zax E Air Jet Auto Doffing Machines	14,631,997 2,362,533	12,333,008 252,332	2,298,989 2,110,201	2,400,000 2,102,210	101,011 (7,991)	do do	Zafar Jamil Ansari, Lahore Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Tsudakoma Air Jet	7,940,670	6,260,342	1,680,328	1,760,000	79,672	do	Bismillah Industries, Faisalabad
Blow Room Machinery	9,059,025	7,477,513	1,581,512	1,880,342	298,830	do	Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Tsudakoma Zax E Air Jet	7,940,670	6,400,370	1,540,300	1,600,000	59,700	do	Zafar Jamil Ansari, Lahore
Pressure Jigger Machines Lockstitch Sewing Machine	1,603,789 1,851,937	157,372 499,792	1,446,417 1,352,145	850,000 437,500	(596,417) (914,645)	do do	Arzoo Textile Mills Limited, Faisalabad Muhammad Idrees, Lahore
Blow Room Sets	8,632,292	7,411,612	1,220,680	1,711,967	491,287	do	Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Lockstitch Sewing Machine	1,629,705	429,733	1,199,972	1,166,000	(33,972)	do	Muhammad Idrees, Lahore
Clc3 Hooper	5,431,725	4,250,388	1,181,337	1,300,000	118,663	do	Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Tsudakoma Zax E Air Jet Coner Machine	7,315,998 13,208,369	6,156,054 12,052,931	1,159,944 1,155,438	1,200,000 700,000	40,056 (455,438)	do do	Genial Textile Industries, Gujranwala International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Shute Feed	1,769,643	722,509	1,047,134	179,487	(867,647)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Gas Generator	10,448,000	9,408,263	1,039,737	854,701	(185,036)	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Tsudakoma Zex-E Air Jet	4,800,000	3,868,915	931,085	1,289,816	358,731	do	Khawaja Fabrics, Karachi
Coner Machine	8,511,657	7,616,402	895,255	300,000	(595,255)	do do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad Al Barakat Technical Institute, Sheikhupura
Lockstitch Sewing Machine Card C-51	1,111,162 4,744,367	286,124 3,998,929	825,038 745,438	795,000 1,709,402	(30,038) 963,964	do do	Al Barakat Technical Institute, Sheikhupura Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Coal Gasfire System	1,420,000	763,091	656,909	703,419	46,510	do	Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Lockstitch Sewing Machine	925,967	290,002	635,965	1,046,500	410,535	do	Muhammad Idrees, Lahore
Ring Frames	3,331,177	2,705,259	625,918	726,496	100,578	do	Jeelani Textile Traders, Hyderabad
Manual Winder & Dyeing Machine Drawing Frame	6,418,375 6,666,000	5,800,475 6,077,803	617,900 588,197	102,564 450,000	(515,336) (138,197)	do do	Jeelani Textile Traders, Hyderabad S.N Textile Mills (Private) Limited, Lahore
Drawing Frame	3,916,537	3,347,600	568,937	625,000	56,063	do	International Textile Machinery, Hyderabad
Tube Boiler Softing Plant	1,683,000	1,130,225	552,775	700,000	147,225	do	Olympia Textile International, Lahore
Comber With Lap Trolly	4,713,690 <b>545,846,086</b>	4,191,144 <b>401,567,772</b>	522,546 <b>144,278,314</b>	217,950 <b>126,391,431</b>	(304,596) (17,886,883)	do	Jeelani Textile Traders, Hyderabad
Heat, ventilation and air conditioning system Air conditioning unit	2,000,000 1,570,576	348,875 317,552	1,651,125 1,253,024	1,500,000 785,287	(151,125) (467,737)		Al-Razzaq Fibers (Pvt.) Limited(Third party) Nadeem Shahzad (Third party)
_	3,570,576	666,427	2,904,149	2,285,287	(618,862)		Nadoon onanzaa (rima party)
<u>Vehicles -Owned</u>							
Honda Civic	2,577,500	824,800	1,752,700	1,752,700	-	As per Company Policy	Mr. Shaukat Iqbal, Lahore
Honda Civic Toyota Altis	2,577,500 2,382,500	945,083 794,167	1,632,417 1,588,333	1,633,000 1,588,333	583	do do	Mr. Rahat Jamal , Lahore Mr. Abdul Sattar, Karachi (Chief Financial Officer)
Toyota Corolla Altas	2,227,000	647,315	1,579,685	1,607,400	27,715	do	Mr. Jahanzeb Tariq Baloch, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Honda Civic	2,382,500	820,639	1,561,861	1,561,861 1,505,104	-	do do	Mr. Ajmal Rasheed Khawaja, Karachi
Toyota Corolla		970 396		1,505,104			Mr. Liaguat Ali, Hydorabad
	2,475,500 1,882,000	970,396 401,493	1,505,104 1,480,507	1,480,520	- 13	do	Mr. Liaquat Ali, Hyderabad Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad
Suzuki Swift Auto	1,882,000 1,511,000	401,493 219,095	1,480,507 1,291,905	1,315,829	13 23,924	do do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang
Toyota Corolla Gli	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500	401,493 219,095 640,206	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294	1,315,829 1,240,294	13	do do do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167	13 23,924 - - -	do do do do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,880,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000	13 23,924	do do do do do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Altf Hussain Saga, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167	13 23,924 - - -	do do do do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 2,378,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490	13 23,924 - - -	do do do do do do do do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Althussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 2,378,000 1,527,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - -	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashir Altar, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Alf Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,805,500 1,463,000 2,378,000 1,527,000 1,724,500 2,320,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - - -	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Althussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 2,378,000 1,527,000 1,724,500 2,320,500 2,447,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,023,381	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - -	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashir Altar, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Alfi Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafteez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,805,500 1,463,000 2,378,000 1,527,000 1,724,500 2,320,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - - -	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Alth Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Armir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,872,7000 1,724,500 2,232,500 2,2447,500 1,250,000 1,770,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,259,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,029,683 1,020,833 985,814 988,451	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - - (126,066) - -		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashir Altar, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Alf Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Armir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Balg, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda City	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,463,000 1,880,5500 1,463,000 2,378,000 1,527,000 1,724,500 2,2447,500 1,250,000 1,770,500 1,970,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 645,022 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049 756,739	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,020,833 985,814 958,451	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 958,451 969,477	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - (126,066) - - 16,716	do	Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Atif Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Wulammad Bial, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Mujammad Biran Ali, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,872,7000 1,724,500 2,232,500 2,2447,500 1,250,000 1,770,500	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,259,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,029,683 1,020,833 985,814 988,451	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - - (126,066) - -		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashir Altar, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Alf Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Armir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Balg, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda City Suzuki Cultus Honda City Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Honda City Suzuki Cultus Honda City Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,802,378,000 2,378,000 1,724,500 2,320,500 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,709,500 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 644,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 784,686 1,012,049 756,739 311,107 1,283,889 331,250	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,020,833 985,814 958,451 952,761 938,893 922,611 918,750	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 969,477 1,000,000 922,611 918,750	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - (126,066) - - - 16,716 61,107		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Atif Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Hrshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Slial, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Wajaid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Wajaid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Honda City Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda City Suzuki Cultus Honda City Honda City Honda City Toyota Corolla Honda City Honda Civic	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,724,500 2,232,500 2,2447,500 1,250,000 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,260,000 1,270,500 1,270,500 1,270,500 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049 756,739 311,107 1,283,889	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,219,167 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,020,833 1,023,381 1,020,833 985,814 958,451 952,761 938,893 922,611	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 958,451 969,477 1,000,000 922,611	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - (126,066) - - 16,716 61,107		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Aif Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Tshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda City Suzuki Cultus Honda City Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gli Sold Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gli Sold Suzuki Cultus Sold Suzuki Cultus	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,724,500 2,378,000 1,724,500 2,2447,500 1,250,000 1,770,500 1,709,500 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 784,686 1,012,049 756,739 311,107 1,283,889 331,250 932,101 347,222 348,264	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 985,814 1,020,833 985,814 988,451 988,451 988,451 988,451 988,451 992,761 991,399 902,778 901,736	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 969,477 1,000,000 922,611 918,750 913,399 902,778 901,736	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - (126,066) - - - 16,716 61,107 - - -		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Alf Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Irshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Hrshad Hussain, Lahore Mr. Avir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Mayas Bin Inam, Faisalabad Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Ali Saeed, Lahore
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Honda City Toyota Grande Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Citic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda Citiy Suzuki Cultus Unda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gili Sold Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gili Sold Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Swift	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,2378,000 1,724,500 2,320,500 2,447,500 1,250,000 1,770,500 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,299,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049 756,739 311,107 1,283,889 331,250 932,101 347,222 348,264 561,736	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,023,	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 985,451 1,000,000 922,611 918,750 913,399 902,778 901,736 871,264	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - - (126,066) - - 16,716 61,107 - - -		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Aif Hussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Abeer Nawaz, Lahore Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Ali Saeed, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Intan, Lahore Mr. Aif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Ali Saeed, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Zahid, Faisalabad
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda City Suzuki Cultus Honda City Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Suzuki Cultus Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gli Sold Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Swift Suzuki Swift Honda City	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,865,500 1,865,500 1,865,500 1,880,500 1,880,500 1,878,000 1,274,500 2,320,500 2,447,500 1,270,500 1,770,500 1,250,000 2,206,500 1,250,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049 311,107 1,283,889 331,250 932,101 347,222 348,264 561,736 561,736 561,736	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,088,720 1,048,495 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,029,683 1,029,	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 969,477 1,000,000 922,611 918,750 913,399 902,778 901,736 871,264 871,264 871,264 871,264	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - (126,066) - - - 16,716 61,107 - - -		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Abdul Sami, Swabi Mr. Althussain Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Amir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Aber Nawaz, Lahore Mr. Aber Nawaz, Lahore Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Aif Saeed, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Zahid, Faisalabad Mr. Safdar Ali Dahar, Rawalpindi Mr. Sydd Khurram Badshah, Sheikhupura
Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Honda City Toyota Grande Honda City Toyota Grande Honda Citic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Corolla Honda City Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Honda Civic Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gili Sold Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Swift Honda City Honda Civic	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,774,500 1,774,500 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,250,000	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,299,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049 756,739 331,107 1,283,889 331,250 932,101 347,222 348,264 561,736 561,736 561,736 561,736	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,024,381 1,026,833 1,033,999 1,036,656 1,036,933 1,036,933 1,036,938 1,036,	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 897,315 1,020,833 985,814 958,451 969,477 1,000,000 922,611 918,750 913,399 902,778 901,736 871,264 871,264 871,264 871,264 872,192 838,943	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - (126,066) - - 16,716 61,107 - - - - 14,536		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altar, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Atif Usasin Saga, Lahore Mr. Shotall Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Armir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Aber Nawaz, Lahore Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Aif Sadad, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Zahid, Faisalabad Mr. Safdar Ali Dahar, Rawalpindi Mr. Syed Khurram Badshah, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Tayyab, Hyderabad
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Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Gli Sold Suzuki Swift Toyota Corolla Gli Toyota Corolla Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda City Toyota Grande Honda City Toyota Grande Honda City Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Toyota Gli Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gli Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Toyota Gli Sold Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Swift Honda Civic Honda Civic Honda City Suzuki Swift Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus	1,882,000 1,511,000 1,880,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,805,500 1,774,500 1,774,500 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,770,500 1,250,000 1,250,	401,493 219,095 640,206 577,760 243,833 684,502 649,980 369,325 1,302,510 468,280 676,004 1,290,817 1,424,119 229,167 784,686 1,012,049 756,739 311,107 1,283,889 331,250 347,222 348,264 1,317,057 825,238 601,232 514,876 1,473,437 776,563 399,666 347,586 407,363 448,052	1,480,507 1,291,905 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,195,998 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,088,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,023,381 1,024,815 988,451 992,711 918,750 913,399 902,778 901,736 871,264 871,264 871,264 8871,264 8871,264 8871,264 871,264	1,315,829 1,240,294 1,227,740 1,219,167 1,174,000 1,155,520 1,093,675 1,075,490 1,058,720 1,048,496 1,029,683 397,315 1,020,833 985,814 958,451 969,477 1,000,000 922,611 918,750 913,399 902,778 901,736 871,264	13 23,924 - - (21,998) - - (126,066) - - - (1,716 61,107 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Mr. Abdul Sattar, Faisalabad Mr. Kashif Altaf, Jhang Mr. Shoukat Iqbal, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Asif Aziz, Lahore Mr. Atif Usasin Saga, Lahore Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Sohail Bashir, Bhai phero Mr. Abdul Hafeez, Lahore Mr. Armir Manzoor, Islamabad Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Yousaf Shah, Mardan Mr. Hamayun Haroon, Bhai Phero Mr. Muhammad Awais Kamal, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Zulfiqar Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Bilal, Lahore Cantt Mr. Wajid Manzoor Baig, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Imran Ali, Lahore Mr. Sarang Khan, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Imran, Lahore Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Asif Maqbool, Khanewal Mr. Aif Saeed , Lahore Mr. Muhammad Zahid, Faisalabad Mr. Safdar Ali Dahar, Rawalpindi Mr. Syed Khurram Badshah, Sheikhupura Mr. Muhammad Tayyab, Hyderabad Mr. Muhammad Tayyab, Hyderabad Mr. Muhammad Zubair, Sheikhupura Mr. Riza Khan, Lahore Mr. Abdul Baseer Khan, Hyderabad Mr. Shoukat Ali, Bhai Phero Mr. Arshad, Faisalabad Mr. Usman Noor, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Ashfaq, Bhai Phero



	Cost	Accumulated	Net Book	Sale	Profit / (loss)	Mode of disposal	Portioulars of Puyers / Poletionship /if any)
	Cost	Depreciation	Value	Proceeds	Profit / (loss)	wode of disposal	Particulars of Buyers / Relationship (if any)
			Rupees				
Suzuki Swift	1,282,000	642,025	639,975	639,975	_	do	Mr. Abdul Waheed ,Karachi
Honda City	1,653,000	1,013,389	639,611	639,611	_	do	Mr. Raees Ahmed, Lahore
Suzuki Swift	1,282,000	658,435	623,565	623,565	-	do	Ms. Saria Zaheer, Lahore
Suzuki Wagon R	1,014,000	418,038	595,962	606,237	10,275	do	Mr. Sikandar Saleem, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	1,039,000	451,619	587,381	587,381	-	do	Mr. Kashif Nisar, Karachi
Suzuki Cultus	1,039,000	462,701	576,299	576,299	-	do	Mr. Asif Iqbal ,Rawalpindi
Suzuki Cultus	1,039,000	473,784	565,216	565,216	-	do	Mr. Inam UI Haq, Faisalabad
Suzuki Cultus	1,034,000	470,033	563,967	563,967	-	do	Mr. Shahbaz Ul Haq, Okara
Suzuki Wagon R	1,004,000	447,115	556,885	556,885	-	do do	Mr. Muhammad Hameed, Jamshoro
Suzuki Cultus Suzuki Cultus	1,039,000 1,039,000	484,867 494,102	554,133 544,898	554,133 554,133	9,235	do	Mr.Tariq Masood, Lahore Mr. Nauman Tariq, Rahimyar Khan
Suzuki Swift	1,418,000	883,571	534,429	534,429	9,233	do	Mr. Atif Saeed, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	1,039,000	515.898	523.102	523,102	_	do	Mr. Atif Javed, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	1,034,000	513,415	520,585	520,585	_	do	Mr. Shahzad Khalil, Islamabad
Suzuki Cultus	1,034,000	522,239	511,761	511,761	-	do	Mr. Muhammad Zaheer Ud Din, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	1,034,000	528,489	505,511	505,511	_	do	Mr. Zameer Mehdi, Lahore
Honda Civic	2,469,000	2,469,000	-	1,710,000	1,710,000	do	Umer Farooq (Employee)
Suzuki Cultus	1,044,000	1,044,000	-	815,000	815,000	do	Ahmed Islam (Employee)
Toyota Corolla Gli	2,172,000	108,600	2,063,400	2,197,000	133,600	Negotiation	Mr. Liagat Hayat, Kasur
Toyota Corolla	2,129,000	70,967	2,058,033	2,154,000	95,967	do	Mr. Dar Muhammad , Mastong
Honda Civic	2,637,000	733,672	1,903,328	2,550,000	646,672	do	Mr. Shehyar Khan, Lahore
Toyota Fortuner	5,005,500	3,191,596	1,813,904	3,400,000	1,586,096	do	Mr. Manzar Abbas Rizvi
Honda City	1,703,000	56,767	1,646,233	1,703,000	56,767	do	Mr. Mian Munawar Tahir, Lahore
Suzuki Swift	1,511,000	241,760	1,269,240	1,420,000	150,760	do	Mr. Khurrum Imtiaz, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	1,250,000	125,000	1,125,000	1,270,000	145,000	do	Mr. Sajjad Ahmad, Larkana
Suzuki Cultus Toyota Corolla Gli	1,034,000 1,869,500	502,570 1,365,128	531,430 504,372	600,000 1,400,000	68,570 895,628	do do	Mr. Khurram Imtiaz, Lahore Mr. Muhammad Shahzad, Lahore
Honda Civic	2,853,953	504,198	2,349,755	2,325,500	(24,255)	do	Mr. Fasial Naseem (Ex-Employee)
Honda Civic	2,817,000	563,400	2,253,600	2,253,600	(24,255)	do	Mr. Danish Adamjee (Ex-Employee)
Honda Civic Turbo	3,003,000	1,063,062	1,939,938	1,939,938	_	do	Mr. Sibtain Haji (Ex-Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,297,000	548,084	748,916	800,000	51,084	do	Khurram Imtiaz (Third Party)
Suzuki Cultus	1,039,000	511,465	527,535	528,274	739	do	Zain Ahmed (Employee)
Vehicles-Leased							
Toyota Grandee	2,822,000	282,200	2,539,800	2,700,000	160,200	Negotiation	Mr. Khurram Badshah (Executive Director)
Toyota Altis	2,172,000	418,110	1,753,890	1,791,900	38,010	do	Abid Chaudhary (Ex-Employee)
Toyota Altis	2,172,000	445,260	1,726,740	2,350,000	623,260	do	Sapphire Textile Mills Limited
Honda City	1,703,000	167,934	1,535,066	1,535,066	(447.040)	do do	Ali Daha (Ex-Employee)
Honda City Honda City	1,743,000	286,143 393,174	1,456,857 1,449,826	1,339,841	(117,016)	do	Gibran Ali (Ex-Employee) Muhammad Kashif (Employee)
Honda City	1,843,000 1,843,000	393,174	1,449,826	1,362,400 1,390,783	(87,426) (59,043)	do	Muhammad Ishfaq (Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,435,000	215,250	1,219,750	1,219,750	(55,045)	do	Mohsin Rehman (Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,435,000	215,250	1,219,750	1,219,750	_	do	Vinay Varasia (Ex-Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,375,000	421,667	953,333	866,666	(86,667)	do	Ahmad Burhan (Employee)
Suzuki Cultus	1,265,000	337,333	927,667	988,958	61,291	do	Jameel Rabbani (Ex-Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,327,000	424,640	902,360	946,910	44,550	do	Waseem Shahzad (Ex-Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,327,000	514,876	812,124	781,456	(30,668)	do	Omer Zia (Ex-Employee)
Suzuki Cultus	1,250,000	450,000	800,000	800,000	-	do	Hafiz Shahzad (Employee)
Suzuki Wagon-R	1,054,000	263,499	790,501	822,200	31,699	do	Ali Shah (Ex-Employee)
Suzuki Swift	1,327,000	546,724	780,276	780,276	-	do	Ghulam Mustafa (Employee)
Suzuki Swift Suzuki Swift	1,297,000 1,297,000	534,363 536,093	762,637 760,907	762,637 760,907	-	do do	Adeel Hafeez (Ex-Employee) Jamshaid Ahmad (Employee)
Suzuki Swiit Suzuki Cultus	1,124,000	448,851	675,149	675,149	- 1	do	Haroon Khadim (Employee)
Suzuki Wagon-R	1,034,000	394,299	639,701	639,701	[	do	Abdullah Umar Saleem (Employee)
Suzuki Cultus	1,094,000	475,525	618,475	618,475	[	do	Asif Rafique (Employee)
Suzuki Cultus	1,099,000	501,144	597,856	597,856		do	Omer Ismail (Employee)
Suzuki Wagon-R	1,024,000	432,356	591,644	591,644	-	do	Omar Igbal (Employee)
,	162,896,953	61,798,663	101,098,290	108,049,123	6,950,833	•	
Assets abandoned on vacating outlets	30,394,021	12,292,543	18,101,478	-	(18,101,478)		Written-off
Other assets having book value less than Rs.500,000	129,640,255	96,578,425	33,061,830	31,514,914	(1,546,916)		
2019	872,347,891	572,903,830	299,444,061	268,240,755	(31,203,306)		
2018							
2010	438,418,420	300,039,795	138,378,625	185,467,144	47,088,519		



7.8	Capital work-in-progress		Note	2019	2018
				(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Advance for land			84,500,000	<u>-</u>
	Land improvements			-	6,501,900
	Freehold land and building		7.8.1	435,749,570	435,749,570
	Civil works and buildings			154,608,429	2,329,582,529
	Plant and machinery			184,923,436	20,294,434,792
	Electric installations			44,904,336	-
	Computers			642,000	-
	Advance for vehicles			500,000	16,176,300
	Advances to contractors			-	1,413,494,631
	Un-allocated expenditure				3,877,992,225
			7.8.2	905,827,771	28,373,931,947
7.8.1	This represents land and building owned by SRL (Subsidiary Company) requiring lev	velling / construction.			
7.8.2	Movement of capital work-in-progress during the year is as follows:	30 June 2018	Additions during the year	Transferred to operating fixed assets	30 June 2019
	Particulars	-	( Ru	pees )	
	Advance for land	-	84,500,000	-	84,500,000
	Land improvements	6,501,900	-	(6,501,900)	-
	Freehold land & building	435,749,570	-	-	435,749,570

7.8.3 Additions to capital work in progress include borrowing cost amounting to Rs.419,125 (2018: Rs. Nil) and Rs.1,073,148,195 (2018: Rs. 768,990,005) at the borrowing rate of 2.50% (2018: Nil) and 6.84% (2018: 6.81%) per annum of the Holding Company and TBCL (subsidiary company) respectively.

2,329,582,529

20,294,434,792

16,176,300

1,413,494,631

3,877,992,225

28,373,931,947

1,823,448,358

44,904,336

24,365,370

1,366,157,153

7,762,540,460

Mata

642,000

(3,998,422,458)

(40,041,670)

(1,413,494,631)

(5,244,149,378)

(35,230,644,636)

4,418,523,243 (24,528,034,599)

154,608,429

184,923,436

44,904,336

642,000

500,000

905,827,771

2040

7.9 These spare parts and stand-by equipment are in the possession and control of SWPCL's (subsidiary company) O&M contractor, General Electric, for smooth and uninterrupted operation and maintenance of the Company's plant as per the terms of the O&M Agreement dated 13 October 2011 and as amended by Novation Agreement dated 29 June 2018. Previously, these were in the possession and control of former O&M contractor, HydroChina as per the terms of the O&M Agreement dated 12 December 2013. Upon completion of the term of the said agreement on 07 March 2018, HydroChina handed over the major spare parts and stand-by equipment to General Electric. As per the terms of the above mentioned O&M Agreement, General Electric will replenish and hand over these items to the Subsidiary Company on the expiry of the respective O&M Agreement i.e. eight years from the Taking-Over Date.

		Note	2019	2018
8	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Freehold land		31,750,000	31,750,000
8.1 8.2	This represents free-hold land of Holding Company situated at Raiwind Road, Lahore having an area of 5,000 squares Fair value of the investment property, based on the estimation was Rs.45 million (2018: Rs.45 million).	re yards.		
9	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Computer software	9.1	2,382,417	17,925,194
	Goodwill	9.2	455,540,310 457,922,727	455,540,310 473,465,504

Civil works and buildings

Plant and machinery

Electric installations

Advance for vehicles

Advances to contractors

Unallocated expenditure

Computers



9.1	Computer software	)		Note	2019	2018
	Not compile a viel	aa at 04 July 04	1140		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Net carrying value Net book value as a	-	J18		17,925,194	3,455,974
	Addition during the y				722,236	18,591,937
	Write-off	, oui		9.1.1	(8,969,460)	-
	Amortization during	the year		9.1.2	(7,295,553)	(4,122,717)
	Net book value as	at 30 June 2019	)		2,382,417	17,925,194
	Gross carrying val	ue as at 30 Jun	e 2019			
	Cost				35,369,773	43,616,997
	Accumulated amorti				(32,987,356)	(25,691,803)
	Net book value as	at 30 June 2019			2,382,417	17,925,194
	Amortization rate %	per annum			20 & 33.33	20 & 33.33
).1.1	This represents Aug	mented Reality I	Program for IOS and Android systems written-off during the year in the	e financial statements of SRL	(Subsidiary Company).	
).1.2	Amortization expens	se for the year ha	as been charged to other operating expenses.			
.2	Goodwill represents	excess of the a	mount paid by the Holding Company overfair value of net assets of TE	BCL (Subsidiary company) fo	or the purchase of the S	ubsidiary Compan
			rate cash generating unit of the Group and there is no indicator of its in		,	, ,
0	LONG TERM INVES	STMENTS		Note	2019	2018
	Related parties und	dar aquity math	and:		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Related parties und	uer equity metri	iou.			
	Associates		- listed	10.1	85,189,188	73,836,587
				40.0	4 450 040 000	005 044 400
			- unlisted	10.2	1,156,949,826	
			- unlisted	10.2	1,242,139,014	
	Other companies -	Fair value thro	- unlisted  ugh other comprehensive income	10.2	1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291
0.1	Other companies -		ugh other comprehensive income		1,242,139,014	985,211,469 1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347
0.1	Investments in ass	ociates - listed	ugh other comprehensive income		1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347
0.1	-	ociates - listed	ugh other comprehensive income		1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291
0.1	Investments in ass	ociates - listed	ugh other comprehensive income		1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086 2019	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018
0.1	No. of Share 2019	res 2018	ugh other comprehensive income  Name of Company		1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086 2019 ( Rupees )	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees )
0.1	No. of Share 2019	res 2018	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte	10.3	1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086 2019 ( Rupees )	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees )
	No. of Shar 2019 313,295	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte million (30 June 2018: Rs.49.999 million).	10.3	1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086 2019 ( Rupees )	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees )
	No. of Shar 2019 313,295	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte	10.3	1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086 2019 ( Rupees )	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees )
	No. of Shar 2019 313,295	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte million (30 June 2018: Rs.49.999 million).	10.3	1,242,139,014  4,150,418,072  5,392,557,086  2019 ( Rupees )  85,189,188	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees ) 73,836,587
	No. of Shar 2019 313,295  The movement in the	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte million (30 June 2018: Rs.49.999 million).	10.3	1,242,139,014  4,150,418,072  5,392,557,086  2019 (Rupees)  85,189,188  2019 (Rupees)	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,29 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees ) 73,836,587 2018 ( Rupees )
	No. of Shar 2019 313,295	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte million (30 June 2018: Rs.49.999 million).	10.3	1,242,139,014  4,150,418,072  5,392,557,086  2019 (Rupees)  85,189,188  2019 (Rupees)  8,461,851	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,29 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees ) 73,836,587 2018 ( Rupees ) 8,461,851
10.1	No. of Share 2019 313,295  The movement in the Cost Dividend received	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte million (30 June 2018: Rs.49.999 million).	10.3	1,242,139,014 4,150,418,072 5,392,557,086  2019 ( Rupees ) 85,189,188  2019 ( Rupees ) 8,461,851 (2,036,418)	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees ) 73,836,587 2018 ( Rupees ) 8,461,851 (469,943)
	No. of Shar 2019 313,295  The movement in the	res 2018 313,295	Name of Company  Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited (RCSM) Equity Interest Held 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) Fair value of the ordinary shares as at 24 June 2019 amounte million (30 June 2018: Rs.49.999 million).	10.3	1,242,139,014  4,150,418,072  5,392,557,086  2019 (Rupees)  85,189,188  2019 (Rupees)  8,461,851	1,059,048,056 5,820,529,291 6,879,577,347 2018 ( Rupees ) 73,836,587 2018 ( Rupees )

Investment in RCSM represents 313,295 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each representing 3.04% (2018: 3.04%) of RCSM's issued, subscribed and paid-up capital as at 30 june 2019. RCSM was incorporated on 13 June 1990 as a public limited company and its shares are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principal activity of RCSM is manufacturing and sale of yarn. RCSM is an associate of the Group due to common directorship.



#### 10.2 Investments in associates - unlisted

No. of S	hares		Note	2019	2018
2019	2018	_		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
4,234,500	4,234,500	Sapphire Power Generation Limited (SPGL) Equity Interest Held 26.43% (2018: 26.43%)	10.2.1	366,555,937	377,108,066
6,000,000	6,000,000	Sapphire Electric Company Limited (SECL) Equity Interest Held 1.42% (2018: 1.42%)	10.2.2	201,011,680	156,013,291
10,000	10,000	Sapphire Holding Limited (SHL) Equity Interest Held 0.05% (2018: 0.05%)	10.2.3	3,802,866	3,282,908
23,500,000	23,500,000	Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited (SDL) Equity Interest Held 21.36% (2018: 21.36%)	10.2.4	278,957,283	244,938,967
3,675	3,675	Foreign Company - Creadore A/S Denmark (Creadore A/S)	10.2.5	306,622,060	203,868,237
		Beneficial ownership: Sapphire Textile Mills Limited - 49% (2018: 49%) and Beirholm holding A/S Nordager 20, 6000 Kolding, Denmark- 51% (2018: 51%)			
			10.2.6	1,156,949,826	985,211,469

- 10.2.1 Investment in SPGL represents 4,234,500 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each representing 26.43% (2018: 26.43%) of SPGL's issued, subscribed and paid-up capital as at 30 June 2019. SPGL was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company and is principally engaged in the business of electric power generation and distribution.
- 10.2.2 Investment in SECL represents 6,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each representing 1.42% (2018: 1.42%) of SECL's issued, subscribed and paid-up capital as at 30 June 2019. SECL was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company and the principal activity of the company is to build, own, operate and maintain a combined cycle power station having a net capacity of 212 MW at Muridke, Sheikhupura. SECL is an associate of the Group due to common directorship.
- 10.2.3 Investment in SHL represents 10,000 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each representing 0.05% (2018: 0.05%) of SHL's issued, subscribed and paid-up capital as at 30 June 2019. SHL was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company and the main business of the Company is to invest in the shares of associated companies and other business. SHL is an associate of the Group due to common directorship.
- 10.2.4 Investment in SDL represents 23,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each representing 21.36% (2018: 21.36%) of SDL's issued, subscribed and paid-up capital as at 30 June 2019. SDL was incorporated as a private limited company and is principally engaged in production and sale of milk and milk products.
- 10.2.5 Investment in Creadore represents 3,675 fully paid ordinary shares of DKK1000 each representing 49% (2018: 49%) of Creadore's share capital as at 30 April 2019. Creadore is principally engaged in product development and marketing of textiles for the global hotel industry.
- 10.2.6 The movement in the value of equity investment is as follows:

	SPGL	SECL	SHL	SDL	Creadore A/S
2019	( Rupees )				
Cost	113,705,500	60,000,000	100,000	235,000,000	58,708,925
Dividend received	-		(17,500)	-	(35,796,949)
Accumulated profit	252,850,437	141,011,680	3,720,366	43,957,283	283,710,084
	366,555,937	201,011,680	3,802,866	278,957,283	306,622,060
2018					
Cost	113,705,500	60,000,000	100,000	235,000,000	58,708,925
Dividend received	-	(18,000,000)	-	•	-
Accumulated profit	263,402,566	114,013,291	3,182,908	9,938,967	145,159,312
	377,108,066	156,013,291	3,282,908	244,938,967	203,868,237



The summary of financial statements / reconciliation of the associates is as follows:

Non-current assets				30 June 2019			30 April 2019
Non-current assets		RCSML	SPGL				
Non-current assets   2,798,087,483   1,208,437,851   12,711,193,004   8,156,112,550   2,355,473,666   7.93,283,384   6,062,610,691   1,518,555,444   24,860,846,025   8,248,827,547   2,672,147,014   793,263,364   793,263,364   24,860,846,025   8,248,827,547   2,672,147,014   793,263,364   793,263,364   793,263,364   7,208,235,314   7,308,236,315   7,308,364   7,3	0 1014 4 65 115 11			F	Rupees		
Current assets   3,264,523,208   31,147,589   12,149,706,721   108,714,987   316,673,348   793,283,364   6,062,610,891   1,516,555,444   24,00,046,025   6,264,627,690   1,366,338,518   167,504,058   1,367,347   131,430,651   10,655,305,135   623,675,990   1,366,338,518   167,504,058   1,367,124,793   14,205,540,890   7,641,151,557   1,305,757,496   625,759,306   1,366,338,518   1,367,124,793   14,205,540,890   7,641,151,557   1,305,757,496   625,759,306   1,300,1111   1,300,1111   1,300,1111   1,300,111	Summarized Statement of Financial Position						
Current assets   3,264,523,208   31,147,589   12,149,706,721   108,714,987   316,673,348   793,283,364   6,062,610,891   1,516,555,444   24,00,046,025   6,264,627,690   1,366,338,518   167,504,058   1,367,347   131,430,651   10,655,305,135   623,675,990   1,366,338,518   167,504,058   1,367,124,793   14,205,540,890   7,641,151,557   1,305,757,496   625,759,306   1,366,338,518   1,367,124,793   14,205,540,890   7,641,151,557   1,305,757,496   625,759,306   1,300,1111   1,300,1111   1,300,1111   1,300,111	Non-current assets	2.798.087.483	1.208.437.851	12.711.139.304	8.156.112.550	2.355.473.666	
Non-current and current liabilities   3,264,075,377   131,430,651   10,655,305,135   623,675,990   1,366,389,518   167,504,058   Net assets   2,798,535,314   1,387,124,793   14,205,540,890   7,641,151,557   1,305,757,496   625,759,306   RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore   SH2,005,005,005,005,005,005,005,005,005,00							793,263,364
Net assets   2,798,535,314   1,387,124,793   14,295,540,890   7,641,151,557   1,305,757,496   625,759,306			1,518,555,444		8,264,827,547		
RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore	Non-current and current liabilities	3,264,075,377	131,430,651	10,655,305,135	623,675,990	1,366,389,518	167,504,058
RCSMIL   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore	Net assets	2,798,535,314	1,387,124,793	14,205,540,890	7,641,151,557	1,305,757,496	625,759,306
RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore   Rupear				30 June 2019			30 April 2019
Reconciliation to carrying amount   Section   Section		RCSML	SPGL	SECL	SHL	SDL	
Opening net assets         2,425,593,005         1,427,056,270         11,025,494,570         6,596,393,913         1,146,522,825         416,057,628           Profit / (loss) for the period         517,324,312         25,539,768         3,180,046,320         1,501,117,021         161,136,640         149,463,215           Other comprehensive (loss) / income         (69,993,791)         (60,365,222)         -         (434,342,868)         (1,351,758)         -           Other adjustments         (7,590,212)         (5,105,992)         -         13,146,486         (550,211)         133,293,463           Dividend paid during the year         (66,898,000)         -         -         (35,162,995)         -         (73,955,300)           Closing net assets         2,798,553,314         1,387,124,794         14,205,540,890         7,641,151,557         1,305,757,496         625,759,306           Group's share (%)         3.04%         26,43%         1,42%         0.05%         21,36%         49,00%           Carrying amount of investment         85,189,188         366,555,937         201,011,680         3,802,866         278,957,283         306,622,060           Revenue         5,379,009,395         93,065,004         14,872,883,864         36,868,689         1,088,576,356         1,226,221,810      <					Rupees		
Profit / (loss) for the period Other comprehensive (loss) / income         517,324,312 (60,385,282)         25,539,768 (60,385,282)         3,180,046,320 (434,342,888)         1,136,640 (13,647,758)         149,463,215 (60,385,282)         - (434,342,888)         1,136,640 (1550,211)         133,293,463 (550,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,603,215 (50,211)         149,603,215 (50,211)         149,	Reconciliation to carrying amount						
Profit / (loss) for the period Other comprehensive (loss) / income         517,324,312 (60,385,282)         25,539,768 (60,385,282)         3,180,046,320 (434,342,888)         1,136,640 (13,647,758)         149,463,215 (60,385,282)         - (434,342,888)         1,136,640 (1550,211)         133,293,463 (550,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,00,60 (50,211)         149,603,215 (50,211)         149,603,215 (50,211)         149,	Opening net assets	2.425.593.005	1.427.056.270	11.025.494.570	6.596.393.913	1.146.522.825	416.057.628
Other comprehensive (loss) / income         (69,893,791)         (60,365,252)         (434,342,868)         (1,351,758)         -           Other adjustments         (7,590,212)         (5,105,992)         -         13,146,486         (550,211)         133,293,463           Dividend paid during the year         (66,898,000)         -         -         (35,162,995)         -         (7,305,000)           Closing net assets         2,798,535,314         1,387,124,794         14,205,540,890         7,641,151,557         1,305,757,496         625,759,306           Group's share (%)         3,04%         26,43%         1,42%         0.05%         21,36%         49,00%           Carrying amount of investment         85,189,188         366,555,937         201,011,680         3,802,866         278,957,283         306,622,060           Revenue         5,379,009,395         93,065,004         14,872,883,864         36,868,689         1,088,576,356         1,226,221,810           Profit / (loss) after tax         550,889,260         36,629,274         3,180,578,910         1,560,535,943         202,222,259         191,299,790           Summarized Statement of Financial Position         Repeter         30, June 2018         30, June 2018         30, Ap	· · · · ·						
Other adjustments         (7,590,212) (5,105,992)         - 13,146,486 (550,211)         (550,211)         133,293,463 (73,050,00)           Closing net assets         2,798,535,314 (68,898,000)	Other comprehensive (loss) / income	(69,893,791)		•			
Closing net assets   Closing net asset   Closing n	Other adjustments			_			133,293,463
Group's share (%)         3.04%         26.43%         1.42%         0.05%         21.36%         49.00%           Carrying amount of investment         85,189,188         366,555,937         201,011,680         3,802,866         278,957,283         306,622,060           RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Rupees           Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss           Revenue         5,379,009,395         93,065,004         14,872,883,864         36,868,689         1,088,576,356         1,226,221,810           Profit / (loss) before tax         550,889,260         36,629,274         3,180,578,910         1,560,535,943         202,222,259         191,299,790           Profit / (loss) after tax         517,324,312         25,539,768         3,180,046,320         1,501,117,021         161,136,640         149,463,215           RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Rupees           Summarized Statement of Financial Position           Non current assets         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563         -	Dividend paid during the year				(35,162,995)		
Carrying amount of investment         85,189,188         366,555,937         201,011,680         3,802,866         278,957,283         306,622,060           RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss           Revenue         5,379,009,395         93,065,004         14,872,883,864         36,868,689         1,088,576,356         1,226,221,810           Profit / (loss) before tax         550,889,260         36,629,274         3,180,578,910         1,560,535,943         202,222,259         191,299,790           Profit / (loss) after tax         517,324,312         25,539,768         3,180,046,320         1,501,117,021         161,136,640         149,463,215           RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Summarized Statement of Financial Position         RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Non current assets         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563         -           Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,688,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936	Closing net assets	2,798,535,314	1,387,124,794	14,205,540,890	7,641,151,557	1,305,757,496	625,759,306
RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore   Rupees   Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss   Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss   Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss   S,379,009,395   93,065,004   14,872,883,864   36,868,689   1,088,576,356   1,226,221,810   Profit / (loss) before tax   S50,889,260   36,629,274   3,180,578,910   1,560,535,943   202,222,259   191,299,790   Profit / (loss) after tax   S17,324,312   25,539,768   3,180,046,320   1,501,117,021   161,136,640   149,463,215   RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore   Rupees   Summarized Statement of Financial Position   Rupees   Summarized Statement of Financial Position   Summarized Statement of Financial Position	Group's share (%)	3.04%	26.43%	1.42%	0.05%	21.36%	49.00%
Revenue   5,379,009,395   93,065,004   14,872,883,864   36,868,689   1,088,576,356   1,226,221,810	Carrying amount of investment	85,189,188	366,555,937	201,011,680	3,802,866	278,957,283	306,622,060
Revenue   5,379,009,395   93,065,004   14,872,883,864   36,868,689   1,088,576,356   1,226,221,810							
Revenue   5,379,009,395   93,065,004   14,872,883,864   36,868,689   1,088,576,356   1,226,221,810		RCSML					
Revenue         5,379,009,395         93,065,004         14,872,883,864         36,868,689         1,088,576,356         1,226,221,810           Profit / (loss) before tax         550,889,260         36,629,274         3,180,578,910         1,560,535,943         202,222,259         191,299,790           Profit / (loss) after tax         517,324,312         25,539,768         3,180,046,320         1,501,117,021         161,136,640         149,463,215           RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Rupees         Rupees         Rupees         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563	Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss			P	Rupees		
Profit / (loss) before tax         550,889,260         36,629,274         3,180,578,910         1,560,535,943         202,222,259         191,299,790           Profit / (loss) after tax         517,324,312         25,539,768         3,180,046,320         1,501,117,021         161,136,640         149,463,215           RCSML         SPGL         SECL              SHL              SDL              Creadore           Summarized Statement of Financial Position         Rupees           Non current assets         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563         -           Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,658,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936           Non-current and current liabilities         2,155,117,379         174,522,316         10,861,718,886         572,835,408         535,687,943         98,778,308	outilitatized outonicity of Front of 2000						
Profit / (loss) after tax    S17,324,312   25,539,768   3,180,046,320   1,501,117,021   161,136,640   149,463,215	Revenue	5,379,009,395	93,065,004	14,872,883,864	36,868,689	1,088,576,356	1,226,221,810
30 June 2018   30 April 2018   RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore	Profit / (loss) before tax	550,889,260	36,629,274	3,180,578,910	1,560,535,943	202,222,259	191,299,790
30 June 2018   30 April 2018   RCSML   SPGL   SECL   SHL   SDL   Creadore	Profit / (loss) after tax	517 324 312	25 539 768	3 180 046 320	1 501 117 021	161 136 640	149 463 215
RCSML         SPGL         SECL         SHL         SDL         Creadore           Summarized Statement of Financial Position           Non current assets         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563         -           Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,658,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936           Von-current and current liabilities         2,155,117,379         174,522,316         10,861,718,886         572,835,408         535,687,943         98,778,308	,		20,000,.00	0,100,010,020	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,
Summarized Statement of Financial Position           Non current assets         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563         -           Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,658,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936           4,580,710,384         1,601,578,586         21,887,213,456         7,169,229,321         1,682,210,768         514,835,936           Non-current and current liabilities         2,155,117,379         174,522,316         10,861,718,886         572,835,408         535,687,943         98,778,308							
Summarized Statement of Financial Position           Non current assets         2,188,080,153         1,201,076,071         13,228,925,615         7,053,129,858         1,340,435,563         -           Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,658,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936           4,580,710,384         1,601,578,586         21,887,213,456         7,169,229,321         1,682,210,768         514,835,936           Non-current and current liabilities         2,155,117,379         174,522,316         10,861,718,886         572,835,408         535,687,943         98,778,308		RCSML	SPGL			SDL	Creadore
Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,658,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936           4,580,710,384         1,601,578,586         21,887,213,456         7,169,229,321         1,682,210,768         514,835,936           Non-current and current liabilities         2,155,117,379         174,522,316         10,861,718,886         572,835,408         535,687,943         98,778,308	Summarized Statement of Financial Position				Rupees		
Current assets         2,392,630,231         400,502,515         8,658,287,841         116,099,463         341,775,205         514,835,936           4,580,710,384         1,601,578,586         21,887,213,456         7,169,229,321         1,682,210,768         514,835,936           Non-current and current liabilities         2,155,117,379         174,522,316         10,861,718,886         572,835,408         535,687,943         98,778,308							
4,580,710,384       1,601,578,586       21,887,213,456       7,169,229,321       1,682,210,768       514,835,936         Non-current and current liabilities       2,155,117,379       174,522,316       10,861,718,886       572,835,408       535,687,943       98,778,308	Non current assets						-
Non-current and current liabilities 2,155,117,379 174,522,316 10,861,718,886 572,835,408 535,687,943 98,778,308	Current assets						
		4,580,710,384	1,601,578,586	21,887,213,456	7,169,229,321	1,682,210,768	514,835,936
	Non-current and current liabilities	2,155,117,379	174,522,316	10,861,718,886	572,835,408	535,687,943	98,778,308
	Net assets				6,596,393,913		



			30 June 2018			30 April 2018
	RCSML	SPGL	SECL	SHL	SDL	Creadore
Reconciliation to carrying amount			R	upees		
Opening net assets	2,155,251,899	1,633,030,048	10,057,378,204	6,705,280,969	1,068,074,945	271,536,242
Profit / (loss) for the year	358,006,396	(124,930,292)	2,240,180,437	463,735,773	78,421,916	89,289,486
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	(70,633,114)	(80,809,892)	-	(556,322,928)	25,964	-
Other adjustments	(1,594,176)	(233,594)	-	(16,299,901)	-	55,231,900
Dividend paid during the year	(15,438,000)	-	(1,272,064,071)	-	-	-
Closing net assets	2,425,593,005	1,427,056,270	11,025,494,570	6,596,393,913	1,146,522,825	416,057,628
Group's share (percentage)	3.04%	26.43%	1.42%	0.05%	21.36%	49.00%
Carrying amount of investment	73,836,587	377,108,066	156,013,291	3,282,908	244,938,967	203,868,237
Summarized Statement of Profit or Loss						
Revenue	4,398,017,387	573,175,513	13,198,101,314	(23,887,270)	890,073,373	905,201,622
Profit / (loss) before tax	396,930,207	(111,434,538)	2,240,342,787	556,438,948	153,631,237	114,136,020
Profit / (loss) after tax	358,006,396	(124,930,292)	2,240,180,437	463,735,773	78,421,916	89,289,486

- 10.2.7 The share of profit or loss after acquisition is recognized based on financial statements as at 30 June 2019 except Creadore A/S, Denmark whose financial year ended on 30 April 2019.
- 10.3 Other companies Fair value through other comprehensive income

Number of	f Shares	Name of Company	Note	2019	2018
2019	2018			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
		Quoted - conventional			
4,061,840	4,061,840	MCB Bank Limited		217,880,150	217,880,150
		Fair value adjustment		490,707,838	585,429,947
				708,587,988	803,310,097
29,623,714	29,623,714	Habib Bank Limited		5,926,153,798	5,926,153,798
		Fair value adjustment		(2,570,971,950)	(995,582,840)
				3,355,181,848	4,930,570,958
		Unquoted			
7,055,985	7,055,985	Novelty Enterprises Private Limited	10.3.1	86,148,236	86,148,236
50,000	50,000	TCC Management Services Private Limited		500,000	500,000
				4,150,418,072	5,820,529,291

- 10.3.1 This represents 12.5% equity interest in Novelty Enterprises (Private) Limited, a privately held entity. The investee Company has not yet commenced its operations accordingly fair value of the investment cannot be determined. However, based on the latest available financial statements, the management is of the view that there are no indications of impairment and the carrying amount has been considered equal to the fair value.
- 10.3.2 The Holding Company has pledged 2.832 million (2018: 1.305 million) shares of MCB Bank Limited, 1 million (2018: 0.0284 million) shares of Engro Corporation Limited, 18.906 million (2018: 19.605 million) shares of Bank Al-Habib Limited, 21.177 million (2018: 24.427 million) shares of Habib Bank Limited and 0.06 million shares of Pakistan State Oil Limited with various financial institutions for arrangement of finance facilities.
- 10.3.3 The Holding Company has pledged 4.407 million (2018: 4.407 million) shares of Engro Corporation Limited, 9.200 million (2018: 6 million) shares of Bank Al-Habib Limited, 1.230 million (2018: 1.230 million) shares of MCB Bank Limited, 2.447 million shares of Habib Bank Limited and 30.183 million shares of K- Electric with Standard Chartered Bank as security for issuance of standby letter of credit amounting to US \$ 11.300 million (2018: US \$ 11.300 million) in favour of a financial institutions for contingency support in TBCL in accordance with Sponsors Support agreement.



		Note	2019	2018
11	LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Loan to employees	11.1	51,343,927	36,741,452
11.1	Loan to employees - unsecured (considered good)			
	Loans to employees	11.1.1	78,281,393	51,024,641
	Current portion of loans shown under current assets	16	(26,937,466)	(14,283,189)
			51,343,927	36,741,452

11.1.1 These represent interest free loans to employees as per Group's human resource policy. These loans are granted for various purposes and are recoverable in monthly instalments which vary from case to case.

12	LONG TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS	Note	2019	2018
			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Security deposits			
	WAPDA		85,830,588	86,038,576
	SNGPL		1,097,000	1,097,000
	PTCL		-	179,843
	Others	12.1	130,068,244	134,639,626
			216,995,832	221,955,045
	Lease deposit money	12.2	22,973,966	27,131,543
	Prepayments		15,093,755	-
			255,063,553	249,086,588

- 12.1 It includes an amount of Rs.36,000 (2018: Rs.36,000) deposit with Yousuf Agencies (Private) Limited related party by the Holding Company.
- 12.2 This represents payment made to Government of Sindh by TBCL (Subsidiary Company) for lease of land measuring 3,852 acres situated at Deh Kohistan 7/1 Tapo Jhampir, Taluka & District Thatta in the province of Sindh.

		Note	2019	2018
13	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Stores	13.1	444,606,233	319,891,330
	Spares - in hand		188,427,624	190,138,319
	Spares - in transit		71,764,713	59,489,932
			260,192,337	249,628,251
	Loose tools		547,686	150,872
			705,346,256	569,670,453
	Less: Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools	13.2	(65,469,942)	(55,806,634)
			639,876,314	513,863,819

13.1 This includes stores and spares amounting of Rs.111.051 million (2018: Rs.111.051 million) of SPWCL (Subsidiary Company) which are in the possession and control of the subsidiary companies' O & M contractor, General Electric, for smooth and uninterrupted operation and maintenance of the subsidiary companies' plant as per the terms of the O & M Agreement dated 13 October 2011 and as amended by Novation Agreement dated 29 June 2018. Previously, these were in the possession and control of former O & M contractor, HydroChina as per the terms of the O&M Agreement dated 12 December 2013. Upon completion of the term of the said agreement on 7 March 2018, HydroChina handed over the stores and spares to General Electric. As per the terms of the above mentioned O & M Agreement, General Electric will replenish and hand over these items to the subsidiary companies on the expiry of the respective O & M Agreement i.e. eight years from the Taking-Over Date.

This also includes spare parts and stand-by equipment of Rs.122.975 (2018: Nil) of TBCL (Subsidiary Company) which are in the possession and control of TBCL's (subsidiary company) O & M contractor, HydroChina, for smooth and uninterrupted operation and maintenance of the Company's plant as per the terms of the O & M Agreement dated 26 September 2016 amended through supplement Agreement dated 06 May 2017 for a period of two years from the taking over date. Furthermore, the TBCL has also signed LTOMA dated 26 September 2016 as amended through supplemental agreements dated 19 April 2017 for a term of eight years starting from the end of the above mentioned HydroChina's WP O&M Agreement, and these items will be handed over to the GE on expiry of HydroChina's WP O&M Agreements. As per the terms of the WP O&M Agreements, HydroChina and subsequently GE will replenish and hand over these items to the subsidiary company on the expiry of their respective Agreements.



		Note	2019	2018
13.2	Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Balance at the beginning of the year		55,806,634	52,298,823
	Provision made during the year - net Balance at the end of the year	37	9,663,308 65,469,942	3,507,811 55,806,634
			03,403,342	33,000,034
14	STOCK IN TRADE			
	Raw material - in hand	34.1	5,484,996,977	4,446,479,832
	Raw material - in transit		268,530,903 5,753,527,880	96,665,225 4,543,145,057
	W 11	•		
	Work in process Provision for the year	34 14.1	1,706,335,329 (1,200,000)	1,686,535,501 (61,825,350)
	1 TOVISION TO THE YEAR	1741	1,705,135,329	1,624,710,151
	Finished goods - manufactured	34	2,199,493,745	1,252,510,572
	Provision for obsolete stock	14.2	-	(5,872,188)
			2,199,493,745	1,246,638,384
	Finished goods - purchase for resale		48,250,271	56,254,103
	Provision for obsolete stock	14.3	48,250,271	(7,172,794) 49,081,309
			40,230,271	43,001,303
	Waste	34	30,796,400	15,184,808
			9,737,203,625	7,478,759,709
14.1	Provision for obsolete stock - (work-in-process)			
	Opening balance		61,825,350	-
	Add: Provision for the year Less: Reversal during the year		1,200,000 (61,825,350)	61,825,350
	Closing balance		1,200,000	61,825,350
14.2	Provision for obsolete stock - (Finished goods - manufactured)			
	Opening balance		5,872,188	-
	Add: Provision for the year			5,872,188
	Less: Reversal during the year Closing balance		(5,872,188)	5,872,188
14.3	Provision for obsolete stock - (Finished goods - purchase for resale)			0,072,100
14.3				
	Opening balance Add: Provision for the year		7,172,794	- 7,172,794
	Less: Reversal during the year		(7,172,794)	-
	Closing balance		<u> </u>	7,172,794
15	TRADE DEBTS			
	Considered good Foreign debts		547,412,695	1,156,637,120
	CPPA-G	15.1	4,123,958,073	1,663,413,729
	Other domestic debts	15.2 & 15.3	875,681,889	1,091,611,412
	Waste		24,324,356	29,733,386
	Others		16,405,701	24,962,816 3,966,358,463
	Considered doubtful		5,587,782,714 36,505,865	44,925,809
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss	15.6	(36,505,865)	(44,925,809)
			5,587,782,714	3,966,358,463

2010

103,921,447

181,325,074

1,286,370

2010



These include amount of Rs.1,775.38 million (2018: Rs.1,663.41 million) receivable from CPPA-G by SWPC (Subsidiary Company) and are considered good. These are secured by a guarantee from the Government of Pakistan under the Implementation Agreement and are in the normal course of business and interest free, however, a delayed payment markup at the rate of three months Karachi Inter-Bank Offered Rate ('KIBOR') plus 4.5% is charged in case the amounts are not paid within due dates. The rate of delayed payment markup charged during the year on outstanding amounts ranges from 10.66% to 12.42% (2018: 10.64% to 11.31%) per annum.

These also include amount of Rs.2,348.58 million (2018: Nil) receivable from CPPA-G by TBCL (Subsidiary Company) and are considered good. These are secured by a guarantee from the Government of Pakistan under the Implementation Agreement and are in the normal course of business and interest free, however, a delayed payment markup at the rate of three months Karachi Inter-Bank Offered Rate ('KIBOR') plus 2% is charged in case the amounts are not paid within due dates.

15.2 Domestic debts include amount of Rs.402,577,494 (2018: Rs.259,929,969) receivable against indirect export sales.

		2019	2018
15.3	Due from related parties- Domestic debts	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Diamond Fabrics Limited	1,547,426	3,588,017
	Sapphire Fibres Limited	•	12,065
	Reliance Cotton Mills Limited	468,180	-
	Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited	129,618,265	140,199,063
		131,633,871	143,799,145

- 15.4 The aging of trade debts receivable from related parties is within the range of 0-90 days as at reporting date.
- 15.5 Maximum amount due from related parties during the year, calculated by reference to month-end balances, was Rs.238,317,735 (2018: Rs.259,929,969).

		Note	2019	2018
15.6	Provision for expected credit loss		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Balance at the beginning of the year		44,925,809	44,925,809
	Written off during the year		(7,836,532)	-
	Recovered during the year		(583,412)	-
	Balance at the end of the year		36,505,865	44,925,809

## 16 LOANS AND ADVANCES

to suppliers

to contractors

## Advances

16.1

### - Unsecured-Considered good

to custom agents		-	917,366
		104,910,581	183,528,810
- Unsecured - considered doubtful		-	7,405,940
Provision for doubtful advance	16.1		(7,405,940)
Loans		104,910,581	183,528,810
Current portion of long term loans to employees	11.1	26,937,466	14,283,189
Short term loans to employees		5,857,269	19,403,441
		137,705,316	217,215,440
Provision for doubtful advance			
Balance at the beginning of the year		7,405,940	7,405,940
Written off during the year		(7,405,940)	-
Balance at the end of the year			7,405,940



	Note	2019	2018
17 TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Security deposits		4,134,140	4,994,901
Margin deposits with bank	17.1	5,327,900	4,347,900
Prepayments		49,314,926	45,093,580
		58,776,966	54,436,381

17.1 This represents cash margin deposited with a bank by SRNL (Subsidiary Company) on behalf of TBCL( Subsidiary Company) against issuance of letters of guarantee.

## 18 OTHER RECEIVABLES

Claims receivable			23,762,477
Deposits with High Court		19,430,291	-
Export rebate receivable		99,244,147	415,252,268
Receivable against sale of fixed assets		80,841,307	70,028,082
Dividend receivable			600,000
Unrealized gain on measurement of forward foreign currency contracts			17,651,047
Claims recoverable from NTDC against WPPF for pass through items	18.1	224,346,175	129,174,909
Receivables from CPPA-G	18.2	2,521,552,891	289,940,275
Rent receivable			120,000
Interest receivable		494,795	-
Receivables from project developers	18.3	•	107,838,889
Other receivables - considered good		272,635	-
		2,946,182,241	1,054,367,947

18.1 Under section 9.2(a) of the EPA, payments to Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) by SWPCL and TBCL (Subsidiary Companies) are recoverable from CPPA-G as a pass through item amounting to Rs. 119.348 million (2018: Rs.129.175 million) and 104,998 million (2018: Nil). Movement of WPPF for during the year is as follows:

		Note	2019 (Rupees)	2018 ( Rupees )
	Opening balance Accrued for the year Received during the year Closing balance	27.3	129,174,909 169,570,864 (74,399,598) 224,346,175	74,399,599 54,775,310 - 129,174,909
18.2	Receivables from CPPA-G by TBCL (Subsidiary Company)			
	Import duty Insurance Un-billed Price differential	18.2.1 18.2.2	290,368,399 118,659,022 2,112,525,470 2,521,552,891	289,940,275 - - 289,940,275

- 18.2.1 Under section 9.2(a) of the EPA with CPPA-G, Insurance payments are recoverable from CPPA-G as a pass through item.
- 18.2.2 These are accrued on the basis of difference between indexed tariff applied with NEPRA and Reference Tariff as approved by NEPRA through its tariff determination dated 13 May 2016 numbered NEPRA/TRF-343/TBCCPL-A-2015/6485-6487, NEPRA/TRF-344/TBCCPL-B-2015/6491-6493 and NEPRA/TRF-345/TBCCPL-C-2015/6497-6499 issued by NEPRA for the Project A, B and C respectively. The subsidiary company is expecting to get the tariff indexation adjustment approval from NEPRA soon.



		2019	2018
18.3	Receivables from project developers:	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Receivables from project developers	107,838,889	107,838,889
	Loss allowance for receivables from Project Developers	(107,838,889)	-
			107,838,889

These represent receivables from two Project Developers with whom the SRNL (Subsidiary Company) has signed separate agreements for joint investment in renewable energy and hydro power projects in Asia and Africa. Due to changes in the government policy and its impacts on the overall strategy of the Subsidiary Company in the current year, the Company has decided not to pursue any such projects outside Pakistan. Considering the aforementioned changes and the fact that the Project Developers have made efforts to identify suitable opportunities and thus spent considerable time and expense in this behalf, it is considered that the amounts are not recoverable and accordingly, have been fully impaired.

		Note	2019	2018
19	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Advance for Term Finance Certificates (TFCs)	19.1	50,000,000	-
	Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	19.2	3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742
			4.030.717.707	4.103.068.742

19.1 This represents the amount given to HBL for issuance of 500 TFCs having par value of Rs.100,000 and aggregate value of Rs.50,000,000. TFCs to be issued are rated, listed, unsecured, subordinated, perpetual, non-cumulative, contingent convertible, additional Tier-1, capital eligible and having green shoe option.

		Note	2019	2018
19.2	Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) comprises of:		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	19.2.1	53,443,295	-
	Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	19.2.2	3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742
			3,980,717,707	4,103,068,742

#### 19.2.1 Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Number of C	Certificates	Particulars	2019	2019	2018
			Cost	Carryin	g value
2019	2018		( Rupees )	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
602	-	Sales tax refund bonds	60,200,000	53,443,295	-

This represents bonds issued by FBR Refund Settlement Company Limited, in Central Depository System (CDS) against Refund Payment Orders (RPOs) issued in favor of the Holding Company under section 67A of the Sales Tax Act 1990. The bonds are issued in multiples of one hundred thousand rupees and carry simple profit of 10% per annum payable at the end of maturity period i.e. three years from the issuance of bonds. These bonds are freely transferable within CDS and the Company can sell / transfer the bonds to another person / bank / entity against any consideration or without any consideration. The Holding Company intends to sell / transfer the bonds whenevermarket has been established therefore, these have been classified as short-term.

# 19.2.2 Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

			Cost	Fair v	/alue
Number o	of Shares	Name of Company	( Rupees )	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
2019	2018				
28,105,846	28,105,846	Bank Al-Habib Limited	1,151,228,062	2,202,936,210	2,215,583,840
5,947,370	5,406,700	Engro Corporation (Pakistan) Limited	1,681,677,147	1,579,621,472	1,696,946,862
72,000	60,000	Pakistan State Oil Limited	11,286,649	12,213,360	19,098,600
30,183,000	30,183,000	K Electric Limited	260,805,385	132,503,370	171,439,440
			3,104,997,243	3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742
972,295	972,295	Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited	17,441,370	•	-
			3,122,438,613	3,927,274,412	4,103,068,742
			3,122,430,013	3,321,217,712	4,100,000

2019



		Note	2019	2018
20	TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Income tax		1,710,249,230	1,431,340,277
	Sales tax receivable		340,397,811	737,094,467
	Less: provision against doubtful sales tax refunds	20.1	(288,528,348)	(135,006,064)
			51,869,463	602,088,403
			1,762,118,693	2,033,428,680
20.1	Provision against doubtful sales tax refunds			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		135,006,064	135,006,064
	Provision made during the year	37	153,522,284	_
	Balance at the end of the year		288,528,348	135,006,064
21	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		109,063,508	242,149,601
	Bank balances			
	Local Currency			
	Current		1,352,472,739	360,151,785
	Saving	21.1	35,188,509	32,392,196
			1,387,661,248	392,543,981
	Foreign currency-current accounts USD	21.2	46 657 240	4 700 605
	EURO	21.2	16,657,349 720,648	1,799,625 546,489
	LUNO	21.3	17,377,997	2,346,114
			11,011,001	2,040,114
	Foreign currency-saving accounts(USD)			
	Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (SWPCL)	21.4	1,730,825,941	1,309,747,453
	Tricon Boston Consulting Corporation (Private) Limited (TBCL)	21.5	1,169,096,979	2,670,933,305
			2,899,922,920	3,980,680,758
			4,414,025,673	4,617,720,454

- 21.1 Balances with banks carry profit at the rate ranging from 8% to 12% (2018: 3.75% to 3.86%) per annum.
- **21.2** Cash at bank on USD account was US\$ 101,569 (2018: US \$ 14,824).
- **21.3** Cash at bank on EURO account was EURO 3,867 (2018: EURO 3,867).
- This includes the following balances as at 30 June 2019 held in various accounts, mentioned below, established and maintained by the subsidiary company in pursuance to the Finance Agreement dated 31 March 2014 entered into by the Company with OPIC and the Accounts Agreement dated 07 May 2014 entered into by the subsidiary company with OPIC and various branches of CitiBank, N.A.:

USD 9.570 million equivalent to Rs 1,569.49 million (2018: USD 9.786 million equivalent to Rs 1,188.028 million) in Debt Service Reserve account for repayment of long term finance and payment of interest accrued and other related costs thereon to OPIC; and

USD 0.984 million equivalent to Rs 161.34 million (2018: USD 1.003 million equivalent to Rs 121.719 million) in Dollar Maintenance Reserve account for payments against O & M Agreements as fully explained in note 32.8 to these financial statements.

Profit on balances on these accounts ranges from 1.75% to 1.48% (2018: 0.96% to 1.56%) per annum.

21.5 This represents balances as at 30 June 2019 held in various accounts, established and maintained by the Company pursuant to the Accounts Agreement dated 21 April 2017 entered into by the Company with various branches of Citibank, N.A.

Profit on balances on these accounts ranges from 1.44% to 1.90% (2018:0.70% to 1.22%) per annum.



No. of Share   Page	22	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID	-UP CAPITAL			
\$2,08,740   \$2,08,740   \$2,08,740   \$2,08,740   \$2,09,740   \$2,09,740   \$2,083,460   \$13,078,400   \$13,000,000		No. of Shares			2019	2018
13,876,000   13,876,000   138,764,000   2083,140   2		<b>2019</b> 2018			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
13,876,000   13,876,000   138,764,000   2083,140   2		<b>6,206,740</b> 6,206,740	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted for consideration paid in cash		62,067,400	62,067,400
22.1   The Holding Company has only one class of shares which carry no right to fixed income.						
Page		<b>20,083,140</b> 20,083,140			200,831,400	200,831,400
Page	22.1	The Holding Company has only one	class of shares which carry no right to fixed income.			
RESERVES	22.2			date.		
RESERVES				Note	2019	
Revenue reserves   23	23	RESERVES	•	Hote		
Revenue reserves   23		Canital reserves		23.1	(971 446 837)	852 305 392
		'				
Share Premium   156,202,200   156,202,200   156,202,200   156,202,200   156,202,200   156,202,200   156,202,200   156,202,200,000   156,000,					17,938,008,345	16,332,142,748
Fixed Assets Replacement Reserve	23.1	Composition of capital reserves is a	s follows:			
Unrealized loss on investments at fair value through OCI Unrealized gain on available for sale investments						
Unrealized gain on available for sale investments   23,441,00		· ·				65,000,000
Unrealized Gain on translation of foreign operation   17,004,1628   1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23.1.3	(1,281,758,979)	- 580 8// 100
Profession of forward foreign exchange contracts   17,804,164   17,804,164   18,007,146,837   18,003,003		-			88.768.725	
23.1.2         This reserve represents funds set aside for the purchase of fixed assets in the future.         Note         2019         2018           23.2         Composition of revenue reserves is as follows:         (Rupees)         (Rupees)         (Rupees)           23.2.1         Composition of revenue reserves is as follows:         23.2.1         1,330,000,000         1,330,000,000           Unappropriated profit         23.2.2         17579,455,182         14,149,837,356           23.2.1         This represents appropriation of profit in past years to meet future contingencies.         18,909,455,182         14,149,837,356           23.2.2         This represents the level of unrestricted funds available for general use and distribution among the shareholders.         18,909,455,182         15,479,837,356           24.1         Loans from banking companies - secured         24.1         12,599,295,936         13,342,895,403           Loans from International Finance Corporation Asian Development Bank, Islamic Development Bank and DEG         24.3         34,186,550,780         20,022,877,177           5 Rank Alfalah Limited         24.1.1         2,832,884,395         1,910,213,552         49,990,5000         499,990,5000         499,990,5000         499,990,5000         499,990,5000         499,990,5000         499,990,5000         24.1.2         499,990,5000         499,990,5000         24.1.2					(971,446,837)	852,305,392
Camposition of revenue reserves is as follows:   Rupees   (Rupees)   (Rupees)	23.1.2	This reserve represents funds set a	side for the purchase of fixed assets in the future.	e for distribution.		
Canceral reserves	00.0	0		Note		
Unappropriated profit   17,579,455,182   14,149,837,356   18,309,455,182   15,479,837,356	23.2	Composition of revenue reserves is	as follows:		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
18,909,455,182   15,479,837,356		General reserves		23.2.1	1,330,000,000	1,330,000,000
23.2.1   This represents appropriation of profit in past years to meet future contingencies. This represents the level of unrestricted funds available for general use and distribution among the shareholders.		Unappropriated profit		23.2.2		
23.2.2   This represents the level of unrestricted funds available for general use and distribution among the shareholders.	22.24	This represents appropriation of mo-	Et is another and to the state of the state		18,909,455,182	15,479,837,356
Loans from banking companies - secured   24.1   12,599,295,936   13,342,895,403   12,599,295,936   13,342,895,403   12,599,295,936   13,342,895,403   12,599,295,936   13,342,895,403   12,200,22,877,177   12,200,200,200,200,22,877,177   12,200,200,200,200,22,877,177   12,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,2						
Loans from Overseas Private Investment Corporation       24.2       8,982,814,594       7,781,684,357         Loans from International Finance Corporation, Asian Development Bank, Islamic Development Bank and DEG       24.3       34,186,550,780       20,022,877,177         55,768,661,310       41,147,456,937     Allied Bank Limited  Allied Bank Limited  Allied Bank Limited - Related Party  Bank Al Habib Limited  Faysal Bank Limited  Faysal Bank Limited  Faysal Bank Limited  Allied Bank Limited  Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank  United Bank Limited  United Bank Limited  Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       8,982,814,594       7,781,684,357       20,022,877,177       55,768,661,310       41,147,456,937         24.1       Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       24.1.1       2,832,884,395       1,910,213,552       49,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       309,937,500       342,000,000       342,000,000       124,634,000       14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14	24	LONG TERM FINANCING				
Loans from Overseas Private Investment Corporation       24.2       8,982,814,594       7,781,684,357         Loans from International Finance Corporation, Asian Development Bank, Islamic Development Bank and DEG       24.3       34,186,550,780       20,022,877,177         55,768,661,310       41,147,456,937     Allied Bank Limited  Allied Bank Limited  Allied Bank Limited - Related Party  Bank Al Habib Limited  Faysal Bank Limited  Faysal Bank Limited  Faysal Bank Limited  Allied Bank Limited  Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank  United Bank Limited  United Bank Limited  Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       8,982,814,594       7,781,684,357       20,022,877,177       55,768,661,310       41,147,456,937         24.1       Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       24.1.1       2,832,884,395       1,910,213,552       49,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       124,634,000       309,937,500       342,000,000       342,000,000       124,634,000       14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14,614,415,153       14		Loans from banking companies - se	cured	24.1	12.599.295.936	13.342.895.403
24.1 Loans from banking companies - secured         Allied Bank Limited       24.1.1       2,832,884,395       1,910,213,552         Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party       24.1.2       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       499,905,000       20,000,000       499,905,000		ŭ .				
Allied Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party Bank Al Habib Limited Faysal Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited United Bank Limited Li		Loans from International Finance Co	orporation, Asian Development Bank, Islamic Development Bank and DEG	24.3		
Allied Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party Bank Al Habib Limited 24.1.2 499,905,000 499,905,000 499,905,000 499,905,000 499,905,000 499,905,000 24.1.3 2,013,740,792 2,389,464,268 Faysal Bank Limited 24.1.4 95,006,000 124,634,000 Habib Bank Limited 24.1.5 7,821,197,334 8,359,728,333 Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank 24.1.6 309,937,500 342,000,000 United Bank Limited 24.1.7 1,170,626,000 14,743,297,021 14,614,415,153 Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities (2,144,001,085) (1,271,519,750)					55,768,661,310	41,147,456,937
Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party       24.1.2       499,905,000       499,905,000         Bank Al Habib Limited       24.1.3       2,013,740,792       2,389,464,268         Faysal Bank Limited       24.1.4       95,006,000       124,634,000         Habib Bank Limited       24.1.5       7,821,197,334       8,359,728,333         Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank       24.1.6       309,937,500       342,000,000         United Bank Limited       24.1.7       1,170,626,000       988,470,000         14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153         Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       (2,144,001,085)       (1,271,519,750)	24.1	Loans from banking companies -	secured			
Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party       24.1.2       499,905,000       499,905,000         Bank Al Habib Limited       24.1.3       2,013,740,792       2,389,464,268         Faysal Bank Limited       24.1.4       95,006,000       124,634,000         Habib Bank Limited       24.1.5       7,821,197,334       8,359,728,333         Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank       24.1.6       309,937,500       342,000,000         United Bank Limited       24.1.7       1,170,626,000       988,470,000         14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153         Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       (2,144,001,085)       (1,271,519,750)		Allied Bank Limited		24.1.1	2,832,884,395	1,910,213,552
Faysal Bank Limited       24.1.4       95,006,000       124,634,000         Habib Bank Limited       24.1.5       7,821,197,334       8,359,728,333         Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank       24.1.6       309,937,500       342,000,000         United Bank Limited       24.1.7       1,170,626,000       988,470,000         14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153         Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       (2,144,001,085)       (1,271,519,750)		Bank Alfalah Limited - Related Party	1	24.1.2	499,905,000	
Habib Bank Limited       24.1.5       7,821,197,334       8,359,728,333         Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank       24.1.6       309,937,500       342,000,000         United Bank Limited       24.1.7       1,170,626,000       988,470,000         14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153         Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       (2,144,001,085)       (1,271,519,750)						
Diminishing musharakah from Meezan Bank       24.1.6       309,937,500       342,000,000         United Bank Limited       24.1.7       1,170,626,000       988,470,000         14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153         Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       (2,144,001,085)       (1,271,519,750)		•				
United Bank Limited         24.1.7         1,170,626,000         988,470,000           14,743,297,021         14,614,415,153           Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities         (2,144,001,085)         (1,271,519,750)			ron Ponk			
14,743,297,021       14,614,415,153         Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities       (2,144,001,085)       (1,271,519,750)		•	an bank			
Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities (2,144,001,085) (1,271,519,750)		Smiles Dank Emilles		£7.1.1		
<b>12,599,295,936</b> 13,342,895,403		Less: Current portion shown under	current liabilities			
					12,599,295,936	13,342,895,403



- 24.1.1 These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.5% to 11.43% (2018: 2.50% to 6.85%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in quarterly instalments ranging from 16 to 32. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.2,659 million (2018: Rs.1,841 million) overspecific plant & machinery and pledge of shares of blue chip companies held by the Holding Company having market value of Rs.838.077 million (2018: Rs.848.489 million) as on reporting date.
- 24.1.2 These loans carry mark-up of 2.50% (2018: 2.50%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in quarterly instalments ranging from 16 to 32. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.588.240 (2018: Rs.509.435 million) over specific plant & machinery of the Holding Company.
- **24.1.3** For the Holding Company, these loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.50% to 11.13% (2018: 2.50% to 6.17%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in 32 quarterly instalments. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.328 million (2018: Rs.328 million) over specific plant & machinery and pledge of shares of blue chip companies held by the Holding Company having market value Rs.1,631.120 million (2018: Rs.2,602.425 million) as on reporting date.
  - SRL (Subsidiary Company) has obtained long term loan from Bank AL Habib Limited to meet its long term capital requirements. The repayment period of the loan is in arrears of quarterly equal installment of Rs. 25 Million over the next 3 years from the date of initiation. The markup rate is 3 months KIBOR + 2% per annum. The loan is secured against exclusive charge of Rs. 400 million over electrical equipment, furniture and fittings etc. of the Subsidiary Company.
- 24.1.4 These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.50% to 6.50% (2018: 2.50% to 6.50%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in 24 quarterly instalments. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.228.033 million (2018: Rs.202.700 million) over specific plant & machinery.
- 24.1.5 These loans carry mark-up ranging from 2.50% to 11.25% (2018: 2.50% to 6.73%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in quarterly instalments ranging from 4 to 32. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.8,544.773 million (2018: Rs.8,544.773 million) over specific plant & machinery and pledge of shares of blue chip companies held by the Holding Company having market value Rs.1,037.288 million (2018: Rs.1,712.653 million) as on reporting date.
- 24.1.6 SRL (Subsidiary Company) has obtained long term facility from Meezan Bank Limited in July 2016 for the purchase of land, building and its commercialization fee. The facility is for 10 years tenure including 2 years grace period after which principal is repayable in quarterly installments. The markup rate is 3 months KIBOR + 0.45% per annum. The facility is secured against first charge over the purchased land and building of the subsidiary company (SRL).
- 24.1.7 These loans carry mark-up at the rate of 2.50% (2018: 2.50%) obtained in different tranches and are repayable in 32 quarterly instalments. These loans are secured against exclusive hypothecation charge of Rs.1,425 million (2018: Rs.988.553 million) over specific plant & machinery of the Holding Company.

24.2	Loans from Overseas Private Investment Corporation	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Opening balance	9,031,048,357	8,330,732,574
	Receipt during the year	-	403,200,000
	Exchange loss	2,963,854,327	1,264,668,962
	Transaction cost	•	(18,385,560)
	Amortization of transaction cost	22,635,000	20,838,521
		12,017,537,684	10,001,054,497
	Repaid during the year	(1,409,681,875)	(970,006,140)
		10,607,855,809	9,031,048,357
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	(1,625,041,215)	(1,249,364,000)
		8,982,814,594	7,781,684,357

This represents long term finance facility of USD 95 million obtained from OPIC for the construction of the wind power project at Jhimpir in accordance with the Finance Agreement dated 31 March 2014. The Subsidiary Company has fully availed the loan facility during the previous year. The security for the loan includes all the current and future assets of the SWPCL (Subsidiary Company). It carries markup, payable quarterly, at the rate of three months London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ('LIBOR') plus 3.7% OPIC guarantee fee per annum. As of 30 June 2019, the principal amount is repayable in thirteen unequal semi annual installments ending on 10 October 2025 in accordance with the amortization schedule provided by OPIC.



24.3	Loans from International Finance Corporation, Asian Development Bank, Islamic Development Bank and DEG	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Opening balance	20,835,460,122	-
	Receipt during the year	7,799,500,800	18,764,589,570
	Transaction cost		(425,948,078)
	Amortization of transaction cost	38,914,836	17,790,920
	Exchange loss	9,827,101,440	2,479,027,710
		38,500,977,198	20,835,460,122
	Repaid during the period	(1,309,342,320)	-
		37,191,634,878	20,835,460,122
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	(3,005,084,098)	(812,582,945)
		34,186,550,780	20,022,877,177

This represents long term finance facility of USD 237.60 million (equivalent to Rs.28,893 million) obtained from IFC, ADB, IsDB and DEG for the construction of the projects at Jhimpir in accordance with the Facility Agreements. The security for the loan includes all the current and future assets of TBCL (Subsidiary Company). It carries markup, payable quarterly, at the rate of three months London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ('LIBOR') plus 4.5% fee per annum. The principal amount is repayable in nineteen unequal semi annual instalments ending on September 2028.

		Note	2019	2018
25	DEFERRED LIABILITIES		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Deferred taxation	25.1	166,538,710	184,475,791
	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity	25.2	272,908,701	225,857,306
			439,447,411	410,333,097
25.1	Deferred taxation			
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) as at year end comprises of temporary differences relating to:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation allowances		334,917,532	319,034,694
	Investment in associates		11,509,101	9,806,211
	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity		(18,044,723)	(17,887,673)
	Provision for stores, spares and loose tools		(4,328,873)	(4,419,830)
	Provision for leave encashment and bonus		(3,915,000)	(6,283,957)
	Minimum tax available for carry forward	25.1.2	(58,834,980)	(47,631,479)
	Minimum tax carried forward		(94,764,347)	(68,142,175)
			166,538,710	184,475,791

- 25.1.1 The temporary differences associated with investments in the Group's associate, for which a deferred tax liability has not been recognised in the periods presented, aggregate to Rs. 92.84 million (2018: Rs. 70.45 million). The Group has determined that the undistributed profits of its associates will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the Group has also no intention to sell the investments in its associate in the forseeable future. Hence, there are no income tax consequences attached to the payment of dividends in either 2019 or 2018 by the Group to its shareholders.
- 25.1.2 The aggregate unused tax losses and minimum tax credits available to SRL (subsidiary company) for set off against future taxable profit as at 30 June 2019 amount to Rs. 999.85 million and Rs. 103.29 million respectively. Of these, deferred tax assets on unused tax losses arising from depreciation and minimum tax credits amounting to Rs. 326.77 and Rs. 40.68 million respectively have been recognized.

Expiry of tax losses (excluding depreciation) and minimum tax credits for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized is as follows:

Tax Year	Nature	2019	2018
		Rupees	Rupees
2023	Business loss	12,081,851	55,124,156
2024	Business loss	660,998,102	621,661,440
2020	Minimum tax credit	3,625,664	3,625,664
2021	Minimum tax credit	13,211,118	-
2022	Minimum tax credit	17,140,632	-
2023	Minimum tax credit	28,631,627	28,614,321
	_	735,688,994	709,025,581



25.2	Staff retirement benefits			Note	2019	2018
	Movement in the net liability recognized in the statement of financial	nacition			Rupees	Rupees
	·	position				
	Opening net liability			0.04	225,857,306	204,111,474
	Expense for the year in profit and loss			25.2.1	109,967,518	91,728,805
	Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income			,	8,535,640	13,604,382
					344,360,464	309,444,661
	Benefits paid during the year				(71,451,763)	(83,132,355)
	Benefits due but not paid				•	(455,000)
	Closing net liability			•	272,908,701	225,857,306
					2019	2018
25.2.1	Expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss			•	Rupees	Rupees
	Current service cost				02 955 600	70 104 000
	Interest cost				92,855,690 17,111,828	79,184,022 12,544,783
	interest cost			,	109,967,518	91,728,805
	Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation			;	100,007,010	31,120,000
	·					
	Opening balance				225,857,306	204,111,474
	Current service cost				92,855,690	79,184,022
	Interest cost				17,111,828	12,544,783
	Actuarial loss				8,535,640	13,604,382
	Benefits paid				(71,451,763)	(83,132,355)
	Benefits due but not paid			,	•	(455,000)
				;	272,908,701	225,857,306
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
	Historical information			Rupees		-
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	272,908,701	225,857,306	204,111,474	250,766,027	272,019,736
	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(8,535,640)	(13,604,382)	7,398,992	9,965,376	(16,363,523)

<sup>-</sup> Expected gratuity expenses charged to profit and loss for the year ending 30 June 2020 works out to Rs.147,516,581

## General description

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for its eligible employees who attain the minimum qualifying period. Annual charge is made using the actuarial technique of Projected Unit Credit Method. Latest actuarial valuation was carried out on 30 June 2019.

# Principal actuarial assumptions

Following are a few important actuarial assumption used in the valuation:	2019	2018
	%	%
Discount rate	14.25	9.00
Expected rate of increase in salary	13.25	8.00
Average age of employees	31.6 years	31.2 years
Mortality rates (for death in service)	SLIC (2001-05)	SLIC (2001-05)

<sup>-</sup> The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 5 years.



## Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / decreased as a result of change in respective assumptions by 100 basis point.

	reporting period would have increased / decreased as a result of change in respective assumption	ns by 100 basis point.	Increase in assumptions	Decrease in assumptions
			Rupee	es in 000
	Discount rate		259,811	287,754
	Increase in future salaries		288,697	258,701
26	LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE		2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Present value of minimum lease payments		14,452,087	40,668,780
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities		(3,807,116)	(8,878,906)
			10,644,971	31,789,874
		Minimum lease payments	Finance cost for future periods	Principal outstanding
			2019	
	Not later than one year	5,532,562	Rupees2 1,725,446	3,807,116
	Later than one year but not later than five years	12,531,740		10,644,971
	Above five years	•		
		18,064,308	3,612,221	14,452,087
			2018	
			Rupees	
	Not later than one year	11,552,883	2,673,977	8,878,906
	Later than one year but not later than five years	35,848,674	4,058,800	31,789,874
	Above five years	-		-
		47,401,55	6,732,777	40,668,780
			2019	2018
	Salient features of the leases are as follows:		Rupees	Rupees
	Applicable Rate		1 Month KIBOR + 0.5%	1 Month KIBOR + 0.5%
	Discounting factor		8.43%-12.61%	5.07%-5.12%
	Period of lease		60 months/48 months	60 months
	Security deposits		15%	15%

SRL (Subsidiary Company) has entered into finance lease arrangements with Bank Al Habib Limited for leased vehicles. The liabilities under these arrangements are payable in monthly installments and above mentioned mark-up rates are used as discounting factor to determine the present value of minimum lease payments.

Residual value of the leased assets has already been paid at the inception of the lease in the form of security deposit. There are no financial restrictions imposed by lessor. Taxes, repairs, replacements and insurance costs are borne by the lessee.



TRADE AND OTHER PAYBLES         (Rupees)         (Rupees)           Creditors         27.1         1.654,108,744         4.117,067,181           Accrued fiebilities         27.2         2,462,971,599         2,146,704,690           Advances from customers         27.3         268,576,118         113,004,648           Workers' welfare fund         27.3         268,576,118         113,004,648           Workers' welfare fund         27.4         262,476,055         171,604,152           Lender fees and charges payable         65,537,913         15,727,063           Tax deducted at source         13,000,000         5,591,638           Provision against accumulating compensated absences         13,000,000         5,591,638           Payable to provident fund         7,288,404         7,277,759           Others         13,000,000         5,591,638           Payable to provident fund         17,499         281,201           Diamond Fabrics Limited         17,499         281,201           Amer Cotton Mills (Privale) Limited         17,499         281,201           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         4,494,200         119,992,298           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited			Note	2019	2018
Accrued liabilities	27	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Accrued liabilities		Creditors	27.1	1,654,108,744	4,117,067,181
Workers' profit participation fund   27.3   288.576,118   113,804,648   Workers' weiliner fund   344,498,651   287,939.361   173,804,648   287,939.361   173,804,648   287,939.361   173,804,648   287,939.361   173,804,648   287,939.361   173,804,648   287,7063   173,804,648   173,		Accrued liabilities	27.2		
Workers' welfare fund   346,498,561   287,938,361   Infrastructure fee   27.4   262,476,055   171,604,152   Lender fees and charges payable   65,537,913   15,727,063   73.00   10,707,147   8,1614,565   70,900   10,707,147   8,1614,565   70,900   10,707,147   8,1614,565   70,900   10,707,147   8,1614,565   70,900   72,884,04   72,707,59   72,9461,567   72,9461,56		Advances from customers			848,204,618
Infrastructure fee		Workers' profit participation fund	27.3	268,576,118	113,804,648
Lender fees and charges payable         65,537,913         15,727,063           Tax deducted at source         1,070,147         8,161,458           Provision against accumulating compensated absences         13,500,000         5,591,638           Payable to provident fund         7,248,404         7,270,799           Others         7,944,852         7,387,080           5,089,972,393         7,729,461,567           27.1         These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:         17,499         281,201           Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited         17,499         281,201           Diamond Fabrics Limited         1 <td></td> <td>Workers' welfare fund</td> <td></td> <td>346,498,561</td> <td>287,938,361</td>		Workers' welfare fund		346,498,561	287,938,361
Tax deducted at source   1,070,147   8,161,458   Provision against accumulating compensated absences   13,500,000   5,591,638   7,288,400   7,270,759   7,288,400   7,270,759   7,288,400   7,288,40		Infrastructure fee	27.4	262,476,055	171,604,152
Provision against accumulating compensated absences         13,500,000         5,591,638           Payable to provident fund         7,288,404         7,270,799           Others         7,348,522         7,387,000           27.1         These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:         sch89,972,333         7,729,461,567           27.1         These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:         11,499         281,201           Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited         17,499         281,201           Diamond Fabrics Limited         0         906,830           Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited         1,499,420         19,952,380           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:         2,7482,317         25,908,661           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:         2         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         3         9,005,254         59,029,338           Receivable from CPPA-G         18.1         169,570,864         54,775,310         47,951         47,951         47,951		Lender fees and charges payable		65,537,913	15,727,063
Payable to provident fund Others         7,288,404 7,270,759 7,387,000 7,944,852 7,387,000 7,		Tax deducted at source		1,070,147	8,161,458
Others         7,944,852 (5,089,972,393)         7,2367,080 (5,089,972,393)         7,729,461,567           27.1         These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:         417,499         281,201 (1,000		Provision against accumulating compensated absences		13,500,000	5,591,638
27.1         These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:           Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited         17,499         281,201           Diamond Fabrics Limited         -         906,830           Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited         -         2,389,600           Sapphire Fibres Limited         4,949,420         19,952,380           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:         7,482,317         25,908,661           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         -         6,322,962           27.3         Morkers' profit participation fund         -         13,804,648         89,197,910		Payable to provident fund		7,288,404	
Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited		Others		7,944,852	7,387,080
Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited 17,499 281,201 Diamond Fabrics Limited - 906,830 Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited - 2,389,600 Sapphire Fibres Limited 4,949,420 19,952,380 Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited 2,515,398 2,378,650 T,482,317 25,908,661  27.2 These balances include the following amount due to related party:  Sapphire Power Generation Limited - 6,322,962  27.3 Workers' profit participation fund  Balance at the beginning of the year 113,804,648 89,197,910 Allocation for the year 37 99,005,254 59,029,338 Receivable from CPPA-G 18.1 169,570,864 54,775,310 Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business 39 719,673 3,784,843 Less: Payments during the year (114,524,321) (92,982,753) Less: Payments during the year (114,524,321) (92,982,753)				5,089,972,393	7,729,461,567
Diamond Fabrics Limited         -         906,830           Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited         -         2,389,600           Sapphire Fibres Limited         4,949,420         19,952,380           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           T,482,317         25,908,661           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:         -         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         -         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         -         6,322,962           27.3         Morkers' profit participation fund         -         5,929,338           Balance at the beginning of the year         37         99,005,254         59,029,338           Receivable from CPPA-G         18.1         169,570,864         54,775,310           Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business         39         719,673         3,784,843           Less: Payments during the year	27.1	These balances include the following amounts due to related parties:			
Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited         2,389,600           Sapphire Fibres Limited         4,949,420         19,952,380           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:           Sapphire Power Generation Limited         -         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         -         6,322,962           Balance at the beginning of the year         113,804,648         89,197,910           Allocation for the year         37         99,005,254         59,029,338           Receivable from CPPA-G         18.1         169,570,864         54,775,310           Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business         39         719,673         3,784,843           Less: Payments during the year         269,295,791         117,589,491           Less: Payments during the year         (114,524,321)         (92,982,753)		Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited		17,499	281,201
Sapphire Fibres Limited         4,949,420         19,952,380           Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:         -         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         -         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         113,804,648         89,197,910           Allocation for the year         37         99,005,254         59,029,338           Receivable from CPPA-G         18.1         169,570,864         54,775,310           Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business         39         719,673         3,784,843           Less: Payments during the year         269,295,791         117,589,491           Less: Payments during the year         (114,524,321)         (92,982,753)		Diamond Fabrics Limited			906,830
Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited         2,515,398         2,378,650           27.2         These balances include the following amount due to related party:           Sapphire Power Generation Limited         -         6,322,962           27.3         Workers' profit participation fund         -         6,322,962           Balance at the beginning of the year         113,804,648         89,197,910           Allocation for the year         37         99,005,254         59,029,338           Receivable from CPPA-G         18.1         169,570,864         54,775,310           Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business         39         719,673         3,784,843           Less: Payments during the year         269,295,791         117,589,491           Less: Payments during the year         (114,524,321)         (92,982,753)		Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited			2,389,600
7,482,317       25,908,661         27.2       These balances include the following amount due to related party:       5,908,661         Sapphire Power Generation Limited       - 6,322,962         27.3       Workers' profit participation fund         Balance at the beginning of the year       113,804,648       89,197,910         Allocation for the year       37       99,005,254       59,029,338         Receivable from CPPA-G       18.1       169,570,864       54,775,310         Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business       39       719,673       3,784,843         Less: Payments during the year       269,295,791       117,589,491         Less: Payments during the year       (114,524,321)       (92,982,753)		Sapphire Fibres Limited		4,949,420	19,952,380
27.2 These balances include the following amount due to related party:         Sapphire Power Generation Limited       - 6,322,962         27.3 Workers' profit participation fund       - 113,804,648       89,197,910         Balance at the beginning of the year       37       99,005,254       59,029,338         Allocation for the year       37       99,005,254       59,029,338         Receivable from CPPA-G       18.1       169,570,864       54,775,310         Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business       39       719,673       3,784,843         269,295,791       117,589,491         Less: Payments during the year       (114,524,321)       (92,982,753)		Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited		2,515,398	2,378,650
Sapphire Power Generation Limited       - 6,322,962         27.3       Workers' profit participation fund         Balance at the beginning of the year       113,804,648       89,197,910         Allocation for the year       37       99,005,254       59,029,338         Receivable from CPPA-G       18.1       169,570,864       54,775,310         Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business       39       719,673       3,784,843         Less: Payments during the year       383,100,439       206,787,401         Less: Payments during the year       (114,524,321)       (92,982,753)				7,482,317	25,908,661
27.3 Workers' profit participation fund  Balance at the beginning of the year Allocation for the year Allocation for the year Receivable from CPPA-G Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business  269,295,791 117,589,491 114,524,321) 29,982,753	27.2	These balances include the following amount due to related party:			
Balance at the beginning of the year       113,804,648       89,197,910         Allocation for the year       37       99,005,254       59,029,338         Receivable from CPPA-G       18.1       169,570,864       54,775,310         Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business       39       719,673       3,784,843         269,295,791       117,589,491         Less: Payments during the year       (114,524,321)       (92,982,753)		Sapphire Power Generation Limited			6,322,962
Allocation for the year 37 99,005,254 59,029,338 Receivable from CPPA-G 18.1 169,570,864 54,775,310 Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business 39 719,673 3,784,843 269,295,791 117,589,491 383,100,439 206,787,401 Less: Payments during the year (114,524,321) (92,982,753)	27.3	Workers' profit participation fund			
Receivable from CPPA-G         18.1         169,570,864         54,775,310           Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business         39         719,673         3,784,843           Less: Payments during the year         269,295,791         117,589,491           114,524,321         (92,982,753)		Balance at the beginning of the year		113,804,648	89,197,910
Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business         39         719,673         3,784,843           269,295,791         117,589,491           383,100,439         206,787,401           Less: Payments during the year         (114,524,321)         (92,982,753)		Allocation for the year	37	99,005,254	59,029,338
269,295,791         117,589,491           383,100,439         206,787,401           Less: Payments during the year         (114,524,321)         (92,982,753)		Receivable from CPPA-G	18.1	169,570,864	54,775,310
383,100,439       206,787,401         Less: Payments during the year       (114,524,321)       (92,982,753)		Interest on funds utilized in the Group's business	39	719,673	3,784,843
Less: Payments during the year (114,524,321) (92,982,753)					117,589,491
				383,100,439	206,787,401
Balance at the end the year <u>268,576,118</u> 113,804,648					
		Balance at the end the year		268,576,118	113,804,648

27.4 It includes Rs.214,405,369 (2018: Rs.170,290,058) representing provision recognised against disputed infrastructure fee levied by the Government of Sindh through Sindh Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2001. The Holding Company has contested this issue in the Sindh High Court (the High Court). The High Court in its judgment dated 15 September 2008 partly accepted the appeal by declaring the levy and collection of infrastructure fee prior to 28 December 2006 as illegal and ultra vires and afterward as legal. The Holding Company filed an appeal in the Supreme Court against this judgement. Additionally, the Government of Sindh also filed appeal for the part of judgement decided against them.

The above appeals were disposed off in May 2011 with a joint statement of the parties that, during the pendency of the appeals, another law come into existence which was not subject matter in the appeal, therefore, the decision thereon be first obtained from the High Court before approaching the Supreme Court with the right to appeal. Accordingly, the petition was filed in the High Court in respect of the above view. During the pendency of this appeal an interim arrangement was agreed whereby bank guarantees furnished for consignments cleared upto 27 December 2006 were returned and bank guarantees were furnished for 50% of the levy for consignment released subsequent to 27 December 2006 while payment was made against the balance amount. Similar arrangement continued for the consignments released during the current year.

As at 30 June 2019, the Holding Company has provided bank guarantees aggregating Rs.214.823 million (2018: Rs.174.823 million) in favour of Excise and Taxation Department.



## 28 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

It includes advances received from Creadore A/S Denmark amounting Rs.45,117,361 (2018: Rs. 15,321,986)

29	ACCRUED INTEREST / MARK-UP	Note	2019	2018
		<del>-</del>	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Accrued interest / mark-up on secured:			
	- long term financing		358,597,542	237,441,131
	- short term borrowings		180,649,956	92,691,259
			539.247.498	330.132.390

29.1 Accrued mark-up includes an amount of Rs.9,637,049 (2018: Rs.7,992,059) due to Bank Alfalah Limited - related party.

## 30 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

Short term loans Running finance under mark-up arrangements Running Musharakah facility	30.1 30.1 30.2	5,009,967,750 3,312,693,610 297,736,782 8,620,398,142	5,100,000,000 2,908,899,448 285,132,918 8,294,032,366
Bank overdrafts Loan from related parties	30.3	237,843,000 8,858,241,142	840,035 - 8,294,872,401

30.1 Aggregate facilities amounting to Rs.15,662 million (2018: Rs.15,080 million) were available to the Group from banking companies. These are secured against hypothecation charge on stock in trade, book debts, export bills under collection and pledge of shares. These carry mark up ranging 2.15% to 13.30% (2018: 2.15% to 7.42%) on local currency loans per annum payable monthly / quarterly. These facilities are renewable on various expiry dates. Short term borrowing includes amounting Rs.813.804 million (2018: Rs.694.849 million) due to Bank Alfalah Limited (related party).

Facilities available for opening letters of credit and guarantees aggregate to Rs.10,537.550 million (2018: Rs.8,330.865 million) out of which the amount remained unutilised at the year-end was Rs.6,625.350 million (2018: Rs.3,408.531 million). These facilities are secured against lien on shipping documents, hypothecation charge on current assets of the Group, cash margins and pledge of shares.

- 30.2 Running Musharakah facility available from commercial bank aggregates to Rs 300 million (2018: Rs 300 million) at profit rate of 1 month KIBOR plus 0.15% and 0.25% (2018: 3 month KIBOR plus 0.05% and 0.15%) per annum. The amount utilized as at 30 June 2019, for Musharakah was Rs. 297.7 million (2018: Rs 285 million). The facilities are secured against pari passu charge on the current assets of SRL (subsidiary company) with 10% risk margin, and lien on import documents. The mark-up rate charged during the year on the outstanding balance ranges from 7.18% to 13.05% (2018: 6.19% to 6.65%) per annum.
- 30.3 It includes loans received from related parties, which are interest free, unsecured and payable by the entity on demand. Details of the parties are as follows:

		2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Loan from Directors and their spouses	148,140,000	
	Loan from major shareholders	19,443,000	-
	Loan from associated companies	70,260,000	
		237,843,000	-
		2019	2018
31	PROVISION FOR TAXATION	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Balance at the beginning of the year	480,944,706	382,037,656
	Provision for the year	448,688,960	337,416,161
		929,633,666	719,453,817
	Less: Advance tax adjusted during the year against completed assessments	(253,571,720)	(238,509,111)
		676,061,946	480,944,706
32	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		
	Contingencies		
32.1	Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Group	624,093,587	610,003,587



- 32.2 Post dated Cheques have been issued to Collector of Customs as an indemnity to adequately discharge the liabilities for taxes and duties leviable on imports. As at 30 June 2019 the value of these cheques amounted to Rs.720.484 million (2018: Rs.578.991 million).
- 32.3 A commercial bank has issued a guarantee amounting Rs.45 million in favour of excise and taxation department of Government of Sindh on behalf of Sapphire Wind Power Company Limited (subsidiary company) against charge of Rs.60 million on fixed assets of the Company.
- 32.4 Irrevocableletter of credit of USD 1.17 million equivalent to Rs 192.47 million (2018: USD 3.9 million equivalent to Rs 474.240 million) in favour of CitiBank, N.A. as per the terms of the Finance Agreement dated 31 March 2014.
- 32.5 Also refer to content of note 10.3.2 and 10.3.3.

32.6	Commitments	Note	2019	2018
			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Commitments in respect of confirmed letter of credit	32.6.1	1,441,047,702	1,730,736,025
	Commitments in respect of capital expenditure	32.6.2	128,731,342	378,946,437
			1,569,779,044	2,109,682,462
32.6.1	Confirmed letter of credit in respect of:			
	- plant and machinery		297,630,174	1,066,038,792
	- raw material		1,092,206,126	599,235,302
	- stores and spares		51,211,402	65,461,931
			1,441,047,702	1,730,736,025

- 32.6.2 This includes commitments for payments to be made for to various construction companies for the construction and extension on existing building at multiple plants of the Holding Company.
- 32.7 SWPCL (Subsidiary Company) has an agreement with General Electric International Inc. ('General Electric') for the Operations and Maintenance ('O & M') of the wind power plant for a period of eight years from the Taking-Over Date i.e. 07 March 2018 as per terms of the O & M Agreement dated 13 October 2011 and as amended by Novation Agreement dated 29 June 2018. Under the terms of above mentioned O & M Agreement, the Company is required to pay a monthly fixed O & M fee which shall be adjusted annually to account for the effect of inflation on the basis of indexation mechanism mentioned in the O & M Agreement.
- 32.8 The amount of future payments under non-cancellable operating leases of SWPCL (Subsidiary Company) and the period in which these payments will become due are as follows:

		2010
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Later than one year but not later than five years  Later than five years	7,340,025 59.014.795	8,640,025 61,758,795
and that the joins	66,354,820	70,398,820

This represents rentals to AEDB for a 20 years lease of 1,372 acres of land, situated in Jhimpir, District Thatta on which the wind power plant is installed. The aforementioned land has been allocated to the company by AEDB out of the total land leased for a period of thirty years from Government of Pakistan ('GoP') for Wind Power Generation Projects under the Master Lease Deed dated 13 February 2008. The subsidiary company, in order to gain access to the land for conducting feasibility/other associated studies, had signed an Agreement to Lease with AEDB dated 21 September 2008. However, the formal site sub-lease agreement was signed on 11 March 2014. The term of site sub-lease has commenced from this date and will end with the term of the EPA.

32.9 The amount of future payments by TBCL (Subsidiary Company) under lease agreement with Government of Sindh in respect of land and the period in which these payments will become due are as follows:

	2019	2018
	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
Later than one year but not later than five years	11,556,000	7,704,000
Later than five years	79,259,225	83,111,225
	90,815,225	90,815,225

- 32.10 TBCL (Subsidiary Company) has three Warranty Period Operations & Maintenance Agreements (WP O&M Agreement) with Hydrochina International Engineering Company Limited ('HydroChina') for the Operations and Maintenance of the wind power plants (Project A, B and C) for a period of two years from the taking-over date. As per terms of the WP O&M Agreements dated 26 September 2016 as amended by Supplemental Agreement dated 06 May 2017, the Subsidiary Company is required to pay a monthly fixed fee which shall be adjusted annually to account for the effect of inflation on the basis of indexation mechanism mentioned in the WP O&M Agreements.
- 32.11 TBCL (Subsidiary Company) has also signed three Long Term Operations & Maintenance Agreement ("LTOMA") for a term of eight years starting from the end of the above mentioned HydroChina's WP O&M Agreements, with General Electric International Inc. ("GE"). As per terms of the LTOMA, the Subsidiary Company is required to pay a monthly fixed fee which shall be adjusted annually to account for the effect of inflation on the basis of indexation mechanism mentioned in the LTOMA.

2018

2010



# 33 NET TURNOVER

			Export	Export Sales Local Sales		Total		
		Note	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	<u>-</u>		(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Yarn	33.2	13,255,163,103	9,471,685,784	1,427,028,111	3,233,972,878	14,682,191,214	12,705,658,662
	Fabric	33.3	10,842,110,781	7,230,285,519	455,019,418	1,565,612,474	11,297,130,199	8,795,897,993
	Clothing items		9,310,842	7,924,417	10,497,133,111	6,935,944,214	10,506,443,953	6,943,868,631
	Home textile products		5,183,496,486	4,406,382,128	219,485,459	174,612,090	5,402,981,945	4,580,994,218
	Raw material			-	29,873,566	167,293,148	29,873,566	167,293,148
	Accessories			-	318,470,085	412,065,351	318,470,085	412,065,351
	Waste	33.4	179,230,548	196,986,230	260,379,471	209,492,012	439,610,019	406,478,242
	Processing income			-	146,025,628	120,346,431	146,025,628	120,346,431
	Power Generation			-	10,755,034,731	2,904,920,608	10,755,034,731	2,904,920,608
			29,469,311,760	21,313,264,078	24,108,449,580	15,724,259,206	53,577,761,340	37,037,523,284
	Export rebate and duty drawback						160,828,378	530,178,001
	Less: sales tax						(1,388,225,573)	(765,059,178)
	Less: Discounts to customers						(2,708,747,108)	(1,422,079,336)
						_	49,641,617,037	35,380,562,771
33.1	Revenue is recognized at point in	time as per	the terms and condit	tions of underlying co	ontracts with custome	ers.		
		·				_	2019	2018
33.2	Export sales - Yarn						(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Direct export						4,676,488,556	5,462,045,092
	In-direct export					_	8,578,674,547	4,009,640,692
						_	13,255,163,103	9,471,685,784
33.3	Export sales - Fabric							
	Direct export						8,059,404,814	6,262,731,478
	In-direct export					_	2,782,705,967	967,554,041
						_	10,842,110,781	7,230,285,519

<sup>33.4</sup> Export waste sales represent comber noil sales.

<sup>33.5</sup> Exchange gain due to currency rate fluctuations relating to export sales amounting to Rs.77.652 million (2018: loss of Rs.28.849 million) has been included in export sales.



Packi Store: Salari Fuel, Other Repai Vehici Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce	material consumed			2018
Packi Store: Salari Fuel, Other Repai Vehici Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce	material consumed		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Store: Salari Fuel, Other Repai Vehic Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clost	material conduttieu	34.1	20,354,059,634	17,212,736,572
Salari Fuel, Other Repai Vehic Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clost	ing material consumed		518,321,259	472,220,608
Salari Fuel, Other Repai Vehic Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clost	s and spares consumed		918,861,102	836,920,422
Other Repai Vehici Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clost	ies, wages and benefits	34.2	4,062,945,352	3,366,066,861
Repai Vehici Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce	power and water		2,251,281,973	2,172,225,230
Vehici Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	r manufacturing expenses	34.3	3,647,161,320	2,727,255,729
Trave Site n Insura Rent, Fees Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clost	ir and maintenance		1,013,762,303	325,913,094
Site m Insura Rent, Fees Comm Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	le running expenses		55,301,751	36,398,134
Insura Rent, Fees Comm Printin Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	elling and conveyance		85,248,245	58,495,449
Rent, Fees Comm Printii Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	nanagement expenses		28,185,492	14,825,104
Rent, Fees Comm Printii Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	ance expenses		61,717,142	54,518,518
Comn Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	rates and taxes		47,312,599	58,530,597
Printir Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	and subscription		7,867,846	8,878,974
Legal Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	munication expenses		31,986,744	25,786,471
Secur Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	ng and stationery		4,156,644	4,931,250
Depre Misce Work Ope Clos	and professional charges		1,012,448	2,516,035
Misce Work Ope Clos	rity		6,008,140	2,909,249
Work Ope Clos Cost	eciation	7.6	3,226,085,387	1,668,457,533
Ope Clos <b>Cost</b>	ellaneous expenses		37,378,133	5,388,079
Ope Clos <b>Cost</b>		-	36,358,653,514	29,054,973,909
Clos	in process	_		
Cost	ening stock		1,624,710,151	921,557,555
	sing stock	14 & 34.4	(1,705,135,329)	(1,624,710,151)
			(80,425,178)	(703,152,596)
	of goods manufactured		36,278,228,336	28,351,821,313
Finisi	hed goods	_		
Оре	ening stock		1,261,823,192	1,245,471,130
Clos	sing stock	14 & 34.5	(2,230,290,145)	(1,261,823,192)
			(968,466,953)	(16,352,062)
Cost	of goods sold - manufactured		35,309,761,383	28,335,469,251
Cost	of raw material sold	34.6	45,247,572	192,126,793
Cost	of sales - purchased for resale		437,523,132	328,949,967
		-	35,792,532,087	28,856,546,011
34.1 Raw i	material consumed	•		
Open	ing balance		4,446,479,832	4,103,498,965
Purch			21,392,576,779	17,555,717,439
		•	25,839,056,611	21,659,216,404
Closin	ng stock	14	(5,484,996,977)	(4,446,479,832)
		-	20,354,059,634	17,212,736,572

<sup>34.2</sup> Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs.109,967,518 (2018: Rs.88,856,272) in respect of post employment benefits - gratuity and Rs.46,103,168 (2018: Rs.30,861,747) in respect of provident fund contribution.



35

34.3	Other manufacturing expenses	2019	2018
		( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Cotton dyeing, bleaching and bale pressing charges	179,369,514	166,818,944
	Yarn dyeing and bleaching charges	47,647,855	34,505,720
	Fabric dyeing, bleaching, knitting and processing charges	3,006,434,469	2,244,049,156
	Weaving and yarn doubling charges	48,831,353	73,440,836
	Designing Cost	5,749,522	84,176,011
	Stitching, spinning and other charges	90,614,042	50,974,728
	Embroidery charges	268,514,565	73,290,334
		3,647,161,320	2,727,255,729

- 34.4 This includes net charge / (reversal) for provision of write down of work in process amounting to Rs. (60,625,350) (2018: charge of Rs.61,825,350)
- 34.5 This includes (reversal) / provision for write down of own manufactured finished goods amounting to Rs. (5,872,188) (2018: charge of Rs.5,872,188)
- 34.6 It includes salaries, wages and benefits, insurance and finance cost amounting Rs.400,421 (2018: Rs.1,221,371), Rs.800,842 (2018: Rs.2,442,743) and Rs.4,004,210 (2018: Rs.8,549,601) respectively.

(2010. 1\3.0,043,001) respectively.	N-4-	0040	2040
DISTRIBUTION COST	Note	2019 ( Rupees )	2018 ( Rupees )
On survey to also			
On export sales		45.44.44	44 544 007
Export development surcharge		45,441,414	41,541,227
Insurance		7,313,037	4,979,842
Commission		254,905,801	256,771,709
Ocean freight and forwarding		380,184,579	371,767,472
On local sales		687,844,831	675,060,250
Inland freight and handling		161,465,893	105,167,065
Commission		53,010,756	41,052,315
Commission		214,476,649	146,219,380
Other distribution cost		,,,,,	,,
Salaries and benefits	35.1	455,294,307	346,851,243
Rent and utilities		486,795,946	368,510,900
Communication		27,049,362	21,311,320
Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		96,938,830	74,358,398
Repair and maintenance		255,831,983	207,969,023
Fees and subscription		10,578,633	4,580,890
Samples and advertising		342,265,518	302,263,381
Packing material		54,937,953	63,316,501
Exhibition expenses		10,822,151	22,691,168
Designer charges		-	366,521,130
Retail outlet expenses		55,498,048	45,435,133
Legal and professional charges		1,096,153	3,228,060
Depreciation	7.6	148,818,386	112,774,756
Computer, printing and stationery		8,994,396	7,420,722
Insurance		393,916	-
Others		185,493	10,592,587
		1,955,501,075	1,957,825,212
		2,857,822,555	2,779,104,842

35.1 Salaries and benefits include Rs.16,310,878 (2018: Rs.11,506,517) in respect of provident fund contribution.



		Note	2019	2018
			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
36	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Directors' remuneration		45,600,000	31,200,000
	Directors' meeting fee		2,100,000	2,050,000
	Salaries and benefits	36.1	379,103,531	434,886,583
	Rent, rates and utilities		49,137,021	33,996,456
	Communication		18,776,983	15,123,345
	Printing and stationery		10,994,632	9,543,045
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		58,145,749	65,504,678
	Motor vehicle expenses		21,068,478	17,355,175
	Repair and maintenance		34,783,471	35,175,732
	Insurance expense		5,816,367	4,952,202
	Legal and professional charges		38,352,088	57,169,45°
	Fees and subscription		35,205,963	31,293,32
	Computer expenses		8,202,979	12,050,628
	Advertisement		136,630	1,131,43
	Depreciation	7.6	77,451,221	55,676,02
	Others		10,864,766	8,504,010
			795,739,879	815,612,092
36.1 37	Salaries and benefits include Rs.12,370,357 (2018: Rs.13,916,707) in respect of p  OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	provident fund contribution.		
		27.2	00 005 054	50,000,000
	Workers' profit participation fund	27.3	99,005,254	59,029,338
	Workers' welfare fund	27.4	60,122,623	39,770,240
	Auditors' remuneration	37.1	7,391,244	6,890,13
	Donations	37.2	14,167,030	10,112,485
	Amortization of intangible assets	9.1	7,295,553	4,122,71
	Provision for stores, spares and loose tools	13.2	9,663,308	3,507,81
	Balance written off during the year		16,545,891	-
	* *		452 522 204	_
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable	20.1	153,522,284	
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable Impairment of receivable	18.3	107,838,889	-
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable Impairment of receivable Loss on sale of fixed assets	18.3 7.7	107,838,889 31,203,306	-
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable Impairment of receivable Loss on sale of fixed assets Loss on write-off of intangible assets	18.3	107,838,889	- - -
	Provision against doubtful sales tax refundable Impairment of receivable Loss on sale of fixed assets	18.3 7.7	107,838,889 31,203,306	55,160 123,487,888



			Note	2019	2018
37.1	Auditors' remuneration			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Audit fee			4,682,400	4,115,400
	Half yearly review fee			423,000	423,000
	Code of corporate governance review fee			85,850	85,850
	Other certification / services			1,560,900	1,945,917
	Taxation Services			300,000	-
	Out of pocket expenses			339,094	319,970
				7,391,244	6,890,137
	A.F Ferguson & Company				
	Audit fee			1,152,000	1,000,000
	Other assurance services			508,400	669,000
	Taxation services			300,000	-
	Out of pocket expenses			177,229	199,435
	EVE IDI I			2,137,629	1,868,435
	EY Ford Rhodes				
	Audit fee			2,468,000	835,000
	Half yearly review fee			423,000	-
	CCG			85,850	-
	Other certification			105,000	-
	Out of pocket expenses			61,865	56,785
	Shinewing Hameed Chaudhri & Company			3,143,715	891,785
	Audit fee			32,400	32,400
	Deloitte Yousuf Adil				
	Audit fee			1,030,000	630,000
	Other assurance services			947,500	970,000
	Out of pocket			100,000	50,000
	·			2,077,500	1,650,000
	Mushtaq & Company				
	Audit fee				1,618,000
	Half yearly review				423,000
	Code of corporate governance				85,850
	Other certification charges				306,917
	Out of pocket expenses				13,750
					2,447,517
37.2	Donation to following organisations are greater	than 10% of total donation (Rs.1,416,703) of the gr	oup.		·
	N. 1. (0. 1. (2. 1941) ( 7. 5. 1	THE DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT		4 500 000	4 000 000
	Network of Organisations Working for People w	ith Disabilities Pakistan (NOWPDP)	a= a 4	1,500,000	1,000,000
	Abdullah Foundation		37.2.1	2,300,000	
37.2.1	Following Directors of the Company have interest	est in Abdullah Foundation (donee).		3,800,000	1,000,000
	Name of director	Interest in donee	Nar	Name and address of donee	
	Mr. Mohammad Abdullah	Director			
	Mr. Shahid Abdullah	Director			
	Mr. Nadeem Abdullah			ion, 312, Cotton Exchan	ne Building I I
	Mr. Amer Abdullah			undrigar Road, Karachi.	ye Dunumy,i.i.
		Director	Cn	ununyai Nodu, Naideni.	
	Mr. Yousuf Abdullah	Director			
	Mr. Shayan Abdullah	Director			



38	OTHER INCOME	Note	2019	2018
			(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Income from financial assets			
	Dividend income		397,379,333	428,732,815
	Gain on sale of investments		-	45,941,094
	Exchange gain on foreign currency accounts		3,541,393	1,077,885
	Interest income on saving account and bonds		125,618,084	13,973,582
			526,538,810	489,725,376
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment - net		-	47,088,519
	Credit balance written-back		6,883,216	1,240,625
	Scrap sales [Net of sales tax aggregating Rs.9.783 million (2018: Rs.5.708 million)]		51,626,400	48,321,835
			58,509,616	96,650,979
39	FINANCE COST		585,048,426	586,376,355
			<del></del>	, ,
	Interest / mark-up on :			
	- short term finances		938,195,032	488,335,964
	- long term loans		3,663,698,501	1,292,194,982
	- Workers' Profit Participation Fund	27.3	719,673	3,784,843
	- finance lease		2,590,689	1,946,888
			4,605,203,895	1,786,262,677
	Bank charges, commission and others charges		267,592,498	189,922,288
	Amortization of loan transaction cost		54,692,808	20,838,521
	Lender's fees and charges		42,626,164	31,371,412
	Exchange loss on foreign currency loans			1,469,231
			4,970,115,365	2,029,864,129
40	TAXATION			
	Current tax			
	- for the year		466,594,556	337,511,322
	- prior year		(17,905,596)	(46,892)
			448,688,960	337,464,430
	Deferred tax		(17,372,704)	53,830,286
			431,316,256	391,294,716

There is no relationship between tax expense and accounting profit, since the Holding Company's profits are subject to tax under the Final Tax Regime for the current year, SRL's (subsidiary company) current tax represents minimum tax under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and for the subsidiary companies (TBCL and SWPCL), income taxes are exempt as explained in Note 6.13. Accordingly, no numerical reconciliation has been presented.

- 40.1 The Finance Act, 2017 has amended Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and introduced tax on every public company at the rate of 7.5%, for the year ended June 30, 2017, of its accounting profit before tax for the year. However, this tax shall not apply in case the Company distribute 40% of the accounting profit through cash dividend within six months of the end of the said year. The Holding Company filed a Constitutional Petition (CP) before the Honorable Sindh High Court (SHC), Sindh on July 28, 2017 challenging the vires of amended Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, and SHC accepted the CP and granted stay against the newly amended section 5A. In case the SHC's decision is not in favour of the Holding Company; the Holding Company will either be required to declare amount of dividend or it will be liable to pay additional tax at the rate of 7.5% of its profit before tax for the financial year ended June 30, 2017. As at reporting date no charge has been recorded in this respect.
- **40.2** The Board of Directors of the Holding Company has proposed a dividend amounting to Rs.522.162 million in their meeting held on 26 September 2019 for the financial and tax year 2019 which meets the prescribed minimum dividend requirement as referred above. Therefore, the Holding Company believes that it would not be liable to pay tax on its undistributed reserves as of 30 June 2019.



41	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		2019	2018
	Profit after taxation for the year attributable to equityholders of the parent	Rupees	3,760,432,789	789,801,433
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number	20,083,140	20,083,140
	Earnings per share - basic and diluted	Rupees	187.24	39.33
42	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	Note	2019	(Restated) 2018
-	0.00.000		( Rupees )	( Rupees )
	Profit before taxation and share of profit of associates		5,294,730,735	1,362,324,164
	Adjustments for non-cash items:  Depreciation on operating fixed assets		3,452,354,994	1,836,908,310
	Gain on sale of investments		7 005 550	(45,941,094)
	Amortization of intangible assets Interest income		7,295,553	4,122,717
	Loss / (gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment		(125,618,084) 31,203,306	(13,973,582) (47,088,519)
	Loss on write-off of Intangible assets		8,969,460	(47,000,319)
	Dividend income		(397,379,333)	(428,732,815)
	Provision for gratuity		109,967,518	91,728,805
	(Reversal)/Provision of provision of stocks		(73,670,332)	74,870,332
	Amortization of transaction cost		54,692,808	20,838,521
	Provision for stores, spares and loose tools		9,663,308	3,507,811
	Credit balance written back		(6,883,216)	(1,240,625)
	Balance written off during the year		16,545,891	-
	Impairment of receivable		107,838,889	-
	Exchange differences			55,160
	Finance cost		4,915,422,557 8,110,403,319	2,007,556,377 3,502,611,398
	Operating cash flow before changes in working capital		13,405,134,054	4,864,935,562
	Changes in working capital			
	(Increase) / Decrease in current assets			
	Stores, spare and loose tools		(135,675,803)	(151,671,703)
	Stock-in-trade		(2,184,773,584)	(925,804,134)
	Trade debts		(1,645,223,262)	(1,250,581,438)
	Loans and advances		86,916,064	(65,012,469)
	Trade deposits and short term prepayments		(4,340,585)	5,730,905
	Other receivables		(2,017,409,435)	(687,783,141)
	Increase in current liabilities		(5,900,506,605)	(3,075,121,980)
	Trade and other payables		(2,632,605,958)	3,317,916,570
	Contract liabilities		850,602,812	-
			5,722,624,303	5,107,730,152
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
43				
43	Bank overdrafts			(840,035)
43	Bank overdrafts Cash and bank balances	21	- 4,414,025,673	(840,035) 4,617,720,454



#### 44 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The related parties comprise of associated companies (due to common directorship), subsidiaries, directors and key management personnel. The remuneration of key management personnel is disclosed in note 48. The Group in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

	Relationship with the Company	Nature of transactions	2019	2018
			( Rupees )	(Rupees)
(i)	Associates	Sales of yarn/fabric/processing/stores	2,024,157,587	1,682,722,816
		Purchase of yarn/fabric/processing/stores/rent/fixed assets	358,482,018	579,806,538
		Purchase of electricity / steam	10,886,678	185,673,211
		Expenses charged to the Company	44,785,484	40,661,316
		Expenses charged by the Company	8,683,181	6,348,750
		Markup charged by the Company	44,800,008	51,687,622
		Dividend paid	209,971,634	99,000,001
		Dividend received	32,501,100	18,474,652
		Loans obtained net	189,215,131	156,770,929
(ii)	Others	Contribution to provident fund	74,784,403	56,284,971
		Loan from directors and related parties	167,583,000	-
		Sale of vehicles to key management personnel	4,569,482	-

44.1 The related parties with whom the Group had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place are following:

Company Name	Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of shareholding
Creadore A/S	Associated Company	49%
Sapphire Power Generation Limited	Associated Company	26.43%
Sapphire Dairies (Private) Limited	Associated Company	21.36%
Reliance Cotton Spinning Mills Limited	Common directorship	3.04%
Sapphire Electric Company Limited	Common directorship	1.42%
Sapphire Holding Limited	Common directorship	0.05%
Sapphire Fibres Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Yousuf Agencies (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Sapphire Finishing Mills Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Diamond Fabrics Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Amer Cotton Mills (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Four Strength (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Bank Alfalah Limited	Investor in a subsidiary of the Group	N/A
Amer Tex (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Galaxy Agencies (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Nadeem Enterprises (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Neelum Textile Mills (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Sapphire Agencies (Private) Limited	Common directorship	N/A
Green Field Enterprises (Private) Limited	Subsidiary of an associated Group	N/A



### 45 SEGMENT ANALYSIS

#### 45.1 SEGMENT RESULTS

OLOMENT NEODLIO						
			Processing,			
	Spinning	Weaving	printing, Home	Power	Elimination of inter	Total
	Opining	vicaving	Textile and	Generation	segment transaction	Total
			Textile Retail			
				- Rupees		
For the year ended 30 June 2018						
Net turnover	19,608,053,545	12,903,643,914	14,838,423,013	9,548,078,730	(7,256,582,165)	49,641,617,037
Cost of sales	(17,552,744,021)	(10,718,036,734)	(11,364,812,697)	(3,413,520,800)	7,256,582,165	(35,792,532,087)
Gross Profit	2,055,309,524	2,185,607,180	3,473,610,316	6,134,557,930		13,849,084,950
Distribution cost	(371,752,061)		(2,046,517,769)	597,566	-	(2,857,822,555)
Administrative expenses	(248,163,598)	(104,641,636)	(279,187,716)	(163,746,929)		(795,739,879)
	(619,915,659)	(544,791,927)	(2,325,705,485)	(163,149,363)		(3,653,562,434)
Profit before taxation and unallocated						
income and expenses	1,435,393,865	1,640,815,253	1,147,904,831	5,971,408,567		10,195,522,516
Depreciation	564,441,305	258,418,689	507,440,779	2,122,054,221		3,452,354,994
For the year ended 30 June 2018						
Net turnover	16,714,642,741	10,231,570,712	11,164,066,685	2,510,988,607	(5,240,705,974)	35,380,562,771
Cost of sales	(15,315,455,894)	(8,727,750,009)	(9,100,052,268)	(953,993,814)	5,240,705,974	(28,856,546,011)
Gross Profit	1,399,186,847	1,503,820,703	2,064,014,417	1,556,994,793	- 0,240,100,314	6,524,016,760
Distribution cost	(377,797,545)		(2,047,060,776)	1,000,004,700	-	(2,779,104,842)
Administrative expenses	(222,410,358)	(112,132,716)	(334,854,428)	(146,214,590)	_	(815,612,092)
Autilinionative expenses	(600,207,903)	(466,379,237)	(2,381,915,204)	(146,214,590)	-	(3,594,716,934)
Profit before taxation and unallocated						
income and expenses	798,978,944	1,037,441,466	(317,900,787)	1,410,780,203	-	2,929,299,826
·						
Depreciation	523,414,937	223,539,013	486,542,680	604,048,394	-	1,837,545,024
Reconciliation of operating results with pro	fit after tax is as foll	ows:			2019	2018
					(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Total results for reportable segments					10,195,522,516	2,929,299,826
Other operating expenses					(515,724,842)	(123,487,888)
Other income					585,048,426	586,376,355
Finance cost					(4,970,115,365)	(2,029,864,129)
Share of profit of associated companies					175,894,211	70,330,585
Profit before taxation					5,470,624,946	1,432,654,749
Taxation					(431,316,256)	(391,294,716)
Profit for the year					5,039,308,690	1,041,360,033
•					.,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,



45.2	SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
		Spinning	Weaving	Processing, printing, Home Textile and Textile Retail	Power Generation	Total
				Rupees		
	As at 30 June 2019			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	Segment assets	11,820,053,480	4,594,319,755	10,011,348,139	62,309,278,158	88,734,999,532
	Segment Liabilities	20,631,414,203	2,626,065,688	6,264,377,710	48,031,280,061	77,553,137,662
	As at 30 June 2018					
	Segment assets (Restated)	10,281,873,413	5,211,651,310	8,249,556,698	45,034,663,490	68,777,744,911
	Segment Liabilities	19,952,179,577	2,311,737,080	5,622,178,903	32,814,077,509	60,700,173,069
					2019	(Restated) 2018
	Reconciliation of segment assets and liabilities with total ass	sets and liabilities i	n the balance shee	t is as follows:	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
	Total for reportable segments assets Unallocated assets Total assets as per statement of financial position				88,734,999,532 14,621,248,455	68,777,744,911 14,569,799,218
	rotal assets as per statement of infancial position				103,356,247,987	83,347,544,129
	Total for reportable segments liabilities Unallocated liabilities				77,553,137,662 1,459,470,792	60,700,173,069 1,068,473,023
	Total liabilities as per statement of financial position				79,012,608,454	61,768,646,092
46	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES				2019	2018
	Number of employees at year end				10,038	9,193
	Average number of employees				9,762	8,899
47	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION				2019 ( Buress )	2018 (Pupper)
	Spinning				(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	Total number of spindles installed				139,433	136,689
	Average number of spindles worked Total number of rotors installed				138,424	135,210
	Average number of rotors installed				3,120 -	3,120
	Number of shifts worked per day				3	3
	Total days worked				365	365
	Installed capacity after conversion into 20/s lbs.				119,255,126	116,402,443
	Actual production after conversion into 20/s lbs				98,423,297	94,254,079
	Weaving					
	Total number of looms installed  Average number of looms worked				360 360	371 349
	Number of shifts worked per day				300	3
	Total days worked				365	365
	Installed capacity(at 50 picks/inch of fabric square meters)				145,980,990	134,694,682
	Actual production(at 50 picks/inch of fabric square meters)				142,630,979	133,169,328

**Un-Audited** 

Audited



_	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Finishing and Printing		
Production capacity meters	43,200,000	38,400,000
Actual production meters	38,986,791	35,983,431

#### **Home Textile Product**

The capacity of this unit is undeterminable due to multi product involving varying processes of manufacturing and run length of order lots.

#### **Power Generation**

Installed capacity (MWh)	520,216	143,384
Actual energy delivered (MWh)	487,460	140,344

#### 47.1 Reason for low production

Under utilization of available capacity for spinning and finishing and printing is mainly due to normal maintenance / temporarily shut down and changes in production Pattern.

#### 48 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Execut	ves	Director		Chief Executive	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Remuneration	568,015,005	562,509,634	12,600,000	7,200,000	33,000,000	24,000,000
Bonus	112,110,761	112,509,169		-	-	-
Medical	5,995,629	5,913,644		-	-	-
Contribution to provident fund	23,210,263	21,173,202		-		-
Leave encashment and other benefits	41,785,410	28,439,944		-	-	-
	751,117,068	730,545,593	12,600,000	7,200,000	33,000,000	24,000,000
Number of persons	134	116	1	1	1	1

- 48.1 In addition, some of the above persons have been provided with the company maintained cars.
- **48.2** Meeting fee of Rs.2.10 million (2018: Rs.2.05 million) has been paid to independent non-executive director. No other remuneration has been paid to non-executive directors of the Company.
- 48.3 The Chief Executive and Executive Director were also provided with the telephones at residence.

## 49 PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURES 2019 2018 ( Rupees ) ( Rupees )

49.1 The following information is based on the financial statements of the Funds of the various companies of the group as at 30 June 2019.

Size of the fund - Total assets	340,238,899	276,769,290
Cost of investments made	321,321,305	248,453,969
Fair value of investments	332,729,181	269,328,053
Percentage of Investments made	97.79%	97.31%

**49.2** The break-up of fair value of investments is as follows:

	2019	2018	2019	2018
	( Percentage )	( Percentage )	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
National Saving Schemes	94.20%	98.66%	313,416,097	265,722,889
Loan to members	0.17%	0.22%	576,857	581,864
Bank Balance - saving	5.63%	1.12%	18,736,227	3,023,300
	100%	100%	332,729,181	269,328,053

49.3 The investments out of provident fund have made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the rules formulated for this purpose.

2010

2010



#### 50 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

Liquidity risk

Market risk

The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

#### 50.1 Credit risk

50.1.2

#### 50.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the trade debts, loans and advances, trade deposits, other receivables, other financial assets and cash and bank balances. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 21,281 million (2018: Rs.19,442 million), financial assets which are subject to credit risk aggregate to Rs.13,121 million (2018: Rs.9,290 million). The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2019	2018
	( Rupees )	(Rupees)
Long term deposits	239,969,798	249,086,588
Trade debts	5,587,782,714	3,966,358,463
Loan to employees	78,281,393	51,024,641
Trade deposits	9,462,040	9,342,801
Other receivables	2,846,938,094	639,115,679
Short term investments	53,443,295	-
Bank balances	4,304,962,165	4,375,570,853
	13,120,839,499	9,290,499,025
The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the reporting date by geographical region is as follows:		
Domestic	5,040,370,019	2,809,721,343
Export	547,412,695_	1,156,637,120
	5,587,782,714	3,966,358,463

The majority of export debts of the Group are situated in Asia, Europe and North America.

50.1.3 Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Groups's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating scorecard and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables and contract assets are regularly monitored and all exports are covered by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance obtained from reputable banks.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type and customer type). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written-off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets disclosed above. The Group does not hold collateral as security. The letters of credit for export sales are considered integral part of export trade receivables and there is no past history of default in case of export debtors, so the expected credit loss rate for the export trade receivables is insignificant, hence gross amount equals to net carrying amount. However, for local trade receivables the Group evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to them as low, as its customers mostly deal in advances and their demand is order based.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's local trade receivables assets using a provision matrix:

Not due	1-30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	181-360 days	361 days or more
-			Rupees			
As at 30 June 2019						
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default 2,827,723	,084 1,168,148,3	30 494,303,82	3 374,100,313	129,014,382	30,844,936	52,740,965
Expected credit loss 6,787,	347 10,401,10	1 3,476,282	1,612,100	154,273	2,561,278	11,512,983



Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Group's finance department in accordance with the Group's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Group's Board of Directors on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the Group's Finance Committee. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through a counterparty's potential failure to make payments. The Group deals with banks having credit ratings in the top categories therefore, considers these as low risk and does not expect credit loss to arise on the balances. Following are the credit ratings of banks with which balances are held or credit lines available:

Name of bank	Rating Agency	Rating		
		Short term	Long term	
MCB Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
National Bank of Pakistan	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
Meezan Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AA+	
United Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA	
Habib Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA	
Citibank N.A.	Moody's	P-1	Aa3	
Faysal Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA	
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+	
Bank Al-Habib Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+	
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1	AA	
Allied Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
Samba Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1	AA	
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	Moody's	P-1	A1	
Bank Alfalah Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+	
The Bank of Punjab	PACRA	A1+	AA	
Soneri Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA-	
Citibank N.A. London	Moody's	P-1	A1	

#### 50.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credits facilities. The Group's treasury department maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credits lines.

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

			2019		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cashflow	Up to 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	5 years and above
			Rupees		
Long term financing	62,542,787,708	66,510,464,186	7,900,605,454	27,077,935,779	31,531,922,953
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	14,452,087	18,064,308	5,532,562	12,531,746	
Trade and other payables	4,211,351,512	4,211,351,512	4,211,351,512		-
Accrued interest / mark-up	539,247,498	539,247,498	539,247,498		-
Unclaimed dividend	1,795,457	1,795,457	1,795,457		-
Short term borrowings	8,858,241,142	9,000,860,883	9,000,860,883		
	76,167,875,404	80,281,783,844	21,659,393,366	27,090,467,525	31,531,922,953
			2018		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flow	Up to 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	5 years and above
			Rupees		
Long term financing	44,480,923,632	49,278,037,932	4,004,901,940	25,738,307,090	19,534,828,902
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	40,668,780	47,401,557	11,552,883	35,848,674	-
Trade and other payables	7,147,952,948	7,147,952,948	7,147,952,948	-	-
Accrued interest / mark-up	330,132,390	330,132,390	330,132,390	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	1,309,519	1,309,519	1,309,519	-	-
Short term borrowings	8,294,032,366	8,368,355,554	8,368,355,554	-	
	60,295,019,635	65,173,189,900	19,864,205,234	25,774,155,764	19,534,828,902



50.2.1 The contractual cash flow relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark-up / interest rates effective at the respective year-end. The rates of mark-up / interest have been disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements.

#### 50.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments

#### 50.3.1 Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on import of raw materials, stores & spares parts and export of goods mainly denominated in US Dollar, Euro, Japanese Yen and Swiss Frank. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk for US Dollar, Euro, Japanese Yen and Swiss Frank is as follows:

				2019			
	Rupees	US\$	EURO	JPY	CHF	AED	GBP
Trade debts	(547,412,695)	(2,741,522)	(524,779)				
Bank balances	(2,926,225,471)	(17,784,209)	(3,867)				
Long term finance - secured	47,799,490,687	290,574,411			•		
Creditors	348,559,400	2,125,362.20			•		
	44,325,852,521	270,048,680	(528,646)			•	•
Outstanding letters of credit	1,055,047,702	4,028,853	1,216,360	14,604,000	48,900	2,955,600	9,000
Forward exchange contracts			•	<u> </u>	-	•	
Net Exposures	45,380,900,223	274,077,533	687,714	14,604,000	48,900	2,955,600	9,000
				2018			
	Rupees	US\$	EURO	JPY	CHF	AED	GBP
Trade debts	(1,156,637,093)	(8,380,344)	(985,377)	-	-	-	-
Bank balances	(3,982,930,757)	(32,803,824)	(3,867)	-	-	-	-
		( , , , , , , , , ,	(-,)				
Long term finance - secured	29,866,508,479	245,612,734	-	-	-	-	-
Long term finance - secured Creditors and accrued liabilities	,	,	-	-		-	- 24,480
	29,866,508,479	245,612,734	(989,244)	- - -	- - -	- - -	24,480 24,480
	29,866,508,479 2,365,982,357	245,612,734 19,425,000	- -	- - -	284,493	- - -	
Creditors and accrued liabilities	29,866,508,479 2,365,982,357 27,092,922,986	245,612,734 19,425,000 223,853,566	(989,244)	- - - -	284,493 -	- - -	

The following significant exchange rates have been applies as at reporting date:

2019 2018 164 / 164.5 121.4 / 121.6 186.37 / 186.99 141.33 / 141.57

US \$ to Rupees (Buying/Selling)
Euro to Rupees (Buying/Selling)

#### Sensitivity analysis

A 20 percent (2018: 10 percent) strengthening of the Rupees against US Dollar and Euro at June 30, would have increase / (decrease) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particulars interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2018.



	Equity	Profit or loss
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
As at 30 June 2019		
EW (* 110 D. II	0.000.740.000	0 000 740 000
Effect in US Dollar Effect in Euro	8,989,743,098	8,989,743,098
Ellect III Euro	25,633,852	25,633,852
As at 30 June 2018		
Effect in US Dollar	2,717,582,291	2,717,582,291
Effect in Euro	(13,980,985)	(13,980,985)

20 percent (2018: 10 percent) weakening of the Rupees against the above currency at 30 June would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variable remain constant.

#### 50.3.2 Interest rate risk

At the reporting date, the profit, interest and mark-up rate profile of the Group's significant financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

	Effective rate		Carrying Amount	
	<b>2019</b> 2018		2019	2018
	(Percentage)	(Percentage)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial liabilities				
Long term financing	2.5% to 6.5%	2.5% to 6.5%	4,535,248,994	3,506,932,975
Short term borrowings	2.15% to 3%	2.15% to 2.50%	2,100,000,000	1,800,000,000
Variable rate instruments				
Financial liabilities				
Long term financing				
- foreign currency loan	6.84% to 7.90%	5.26% to 6.83%	47,799,490,687	29,866,508,479
- local currency loan	6.47% to 13.43%	6.10% to 6.85%	10,208,048,027	11,107,482,178
Short term borrowings - local currency loan	6.46% to 14.05%	6.19% to 7.42%	6,520,398,142	6,494,032,366

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit & loss. Therefore, a change in mark-up / interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit & loss account.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in mark-up / interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) profit for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2018.

	Profit and lo	ss 100 bps
	Increase	(Decrease)
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
As at 30 June 2019		
Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments	645,279,369	(645,279,369)
		, , , , ,
As at 30 June 2018		
Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments	474,680,230	(474,680,230)
The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and liabilities of the Group.		



#### 50.3.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). Other price risk arises from the Group's investment in ordinary shares of listed Companies. To manage its price risk arising from aforesaid investments, the group diversify its portfolio and continuously monitor developments in equity markets. In addition the Group actively monitors the key factors that affect stock price movement.

A 10% increase / decrease in share prices of listed companies at the reporting date would have increased / decreased the Group's unrealized gain on investments at FVOCI as follows:

	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Effect on equity	799,104,425	983,694,980
Effect on investments	799,104,425	983,694,980

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on equity / investments of the Group.

#### 50.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

50.5	Financial instruments by Category	2019	2018
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
	FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Loans and receivables		
	Long term deposits	239,969,798	249,086,588
	Trade debts	5,587,782,714	3,966,358,463
	Loan to employees	78,281,393	51,024,641
	Trade deposits Other receivables	9,462,040	9,342,801
	Other receivables  Cash and bank balances	2,846,938,094	639,115,679
	Cash and Dank Dalances	4,414,025,673 13,176,459,712	4,617,720,454 9,532,648,626
		13,170,439,712	9,332,040,020
	Debt instruments at fair value through OCI		
	Sales tax refund bonds	53,443,295_	
	Equity instruments at fair value through OCI		
	Quoted equity shares	7,991,044,248	9,836,949,797
	Unquoted equity shares	86,648,236	86,648,236
		8,077,692,484	9,923,598,033
	Total current	16,776,020,893	9,223,194,596
	Total non current	4,531,574,598	10,233,052,063
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
	At amortized cost		
	Trade and other payables	4,211,351,512	7,147,952,948
	Accrued Interest / mark-up	539,247,498	330,132,390
	Unclaimed dividend	1,795,457	1,309,519
	Secured bank loan	55,768,661,310	41,147,456,937
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	10,644,971	31,789,874
	Bank overdrafts	•	840,035
	Other current loans	237,843,000	-
	Short term borrowings	<u>15,398,331,656</u>	11,636,377,967
		76,167,875,404	60,295,859,670
	Total current	20,388,569,123	19,116,612,859
	Total non current	55,779,306,281	41,179,246,811



#### 50.6 Fair value hierarchy

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair value.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1. Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for identical instrument.

Level 2. Inputs other than quoted price included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3. Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The main level of inputs used by the Group for its financial assets are derived and evaluated as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
As at 30 June 2019			
Assets carried at fair value			
Debt instruments at fair value through OCI		53,443,295	
Equity instruments at fair value through OCI	7,991,044,248		86,648,236
	7,991,044,248	53,443,295	86,648,236
As at 30 June 2018			
Assets carried at fair value			
Equity instruments at fair value through OCI	9,836,949,797	-	86,648,236
Cashflow hedge at fair value through OCI	-	17,651,047	-
-	9,836,949,797	17,651,047	86,648,236

#### 50.7 Capital risk management

The Group's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group manages its capital risk monitoring its debts levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectations of the shareholders. Debt is calculated as total borrowings ('long term loans' and 'Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease' as shown in the statement of financial position). Total capital comprises shareholders' equity as shown in the balance sheet under 'share capital and reserves'.

	2019	2018
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Total borrowings	62,557,239,795	44,521,592,412
Less: Cash and bank balances	4,414,025,673	4,617,720,454
Net debt	58,143,214,122	39,903,871,958
Total equity	18,138,839,745	16,532,974,148
Total capital	76,282,053,867	56,436,846,106
	2019	2018
	(Percentage)	(Percentage)
Gearing ratio	76.22	70.71

#### 51 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged/reclassified, whenever necessary for better presentation. However, no significant reclassification has been made during the year.

#### 52 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

The board of directors of Holding Company in its meeting held on 26 September 2019 proposed cash dividend of Rs. 26 (2018: Rs.16) per ordinary share of Rs.10 each which is subject to approval by shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and has not been recognised in these consolidated financial statements. The board of directors of Holding Company has also approved 8% right shares (8 shares for every 100 shares) at Rs.400 per share (2018: Nil).

#### 53 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 26 September 2019.

Nadeem Abdullah	Abdul Sattar	Mohammad Abdullah
Chief Executive	Chief Financial Officer	Director





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## Form of Proxy

## **Sapphire Textile Mills Limited**

I/we _							
Folio N	No			of			
a mem	nber(s) of	Sapphire Textile Mills Limited and a ho	old	er of	Ordinary Shares,		
do her	eby appo	int					
of							
or failir	ng him/he	er					
of							
to act	t on my. October,	apphire Textile Mills Limited, vide Regis /our behalf at 51st Annual General 2019 at 03:45 p.m. at Trading Hall, C ournment thereof.	M	leeting of the Company to be he	ld on Friday the		
		day of2019			REVENUE STAMP OF		
		uld agree with the specimen signature regi	ste	ered with the Company)	RS.5/-		
NOTIC	CF.						
1.		oxy shall be valid unless it is duly stamped v	wit	h a revenue stamp of Rs.5/-			
2.	In the	case of Bank or Company, the proxy form rized person.			al and signed by its		
3.		r of attorney or other authority (if any) under of attorney must be deposited along with			ertified copy of that		
4.		orm of proxy duly completed must be deposite before the time of holding the meeting.	pos	sited at the Registered Office of the C	company atleast 48		
5.	In case	e of CDC account holder:					
	i)	i) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.					
	ii)	Attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.					
	iii)	The proxy shall produce his original CN	1IC	or original passport at the time of meet	ing.		
	iv)	In case of corporate entity, the board signature of the proxy holder shall be proxy form to the company.					
Witne	ss:						
Name	е			Name			
Addre	ess			Address			
NIC I	No.		]	NIC No.			

# فارم برائے قائم مقام مستبادل سفائر ٹیکسٹائل ملزلم پیٹر

			میں/ہم
			·
-	م/متبادلمقرر کرتا ہوں/ کرتے ہیں۔	ملزلمیٹڈ کے مبر ہونے کے ناطےاپنا/اپنے مندرجہ ذیل قائم مقام	سفائر ٹیکسٹائل
	·		نام(جناب/
		,	ر بی <b>ن</b> :
		موجودگی میں جناب/محترمه	پ اوراُن کی غیر
			: <b>:</b> -
روز جمعه 25 اکتوبر2019 ءکو	۔ بٹنگ میں شرکت کریں گے جو بر	 ) غیرموجودگی میں قائم مقام/متبادلِ نمپنی کی سالانہ جنزل می	چہ میری/ ہماری
		:3 بچشام، ٹریڈنگ ہال،کاٹن <sup>کیسیجی</sup> ج بلڈنگ،آئی آئی چ	
ر پوینیو ٹکٹ 📗	•	بر مورخه 2019 کود تنخط ہوئے	
یا پنج رویے			شيئر ہولڈر۔
	شریک ہونے والے کاID نمبر		میسر ہولدر۔ شیئر ہولڈر کا
	سرىيە، بوت دائے 100 . اورسب ا كاؤنٹ نمبر		
	اور خب ۵ و ختی کر	C	اور/یا DC
-6	نچ (5 0)روپیکا محصول ٹکٹ نہ لگایا جائے	ا۔ کوئی بھی پراکسی اس وقت تک درست نہیں تھجی جائے گی جب تک اس پر پا	نوٹس : ا
		پ ۱۔ بینک یا نمپنی کی صورت میں ریا سی فارم پر authorized person کے ڈ	
	اس کی تصدیق شدہ کا پی جمع کرنی ہوگی۔	س۔ پاورآف اٹرنی یادیگر authority کی صورت میں پرائسی فارم کے ساتھ ا	,
	کرانا ہوگا۔	۸۔ وستخط شدہ پراکسی فارم کم از کم 48 گھٹے پہلے کمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس میں جمع	,
		سى ڈى يى ا كاؤنٹ ہولڈر كى صورت ميں	
	CNI نمبرفارم پرموجود ہونا چاہئے۔	(i) پراکسی فارم پردوافراد تصدیق کریں گے اور ان کےنام، پتے اور C	
-4	کا پی اور پراکسی پیش کیاجائے فارم کےساتھ	Beneficial owners (ii) کی CNIC یا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ ک	
		(iii) پراکسی میٹنگ کےوقت اپنااصل CNIC مایا سپورٹ پیش کرے نبیب سیار	
R		(iv) کارپوریٹ اینٹیٹی کی صورت میں، پرائسی فارم کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر	
	بہلے فراہم نہیں کیا گیا ہو)۔	بمعہ پراکسی ہولڈر کے دستخط بھی جمع کروائے جائیں گے (جب تک میہ	
	(2) رستخط:	(1) دستخط:	کواہان: (
	٠٠٠٠ (١٤)	· D ) (1,	,
		·( '	
است یا کم	— ·≈;	پیخن CNIC یا یاسپورٹ نمبر	
إسپيورځ نمبر	FICNIC	UNIC يا شپورگ بر	